World News Deaver is convicted of lying

Mr Michael Deaver, former Mr Michael Deaver, former White House aide, was convicted of committing perjury while denying charges of improperly using his influence as a highly-paid Washington lobbyist.

Mr Deaver, 49, was found guilty on three charges of lying under oath to a grand jury and a congressional committee investigating his activities. He was gating his activities. He was acquitted on two charges but still faces a maximum 15 years in prison and a \$22,000 fine.

Kampuchean aid

Kampuchean resistance leader Prince Norodom Sihanouk said Prince Norodom Sihanouk said the US was planning to strengthen his rebel forces fight-ing the Vietnamese-backed gov-ernment in Phnom Penh.

MEPs vote to sue The European Parliament voted to take member states to the

European Court of Justice for-failing to set an EC draft budget-for 1988. Page 3

Mafia trial sentence Judges in Palermo, Sicily, passed 19 life sentences and more than

a namena a Simulata S

A constant

 $\mathcal{S}_2 \simeq \mathcal{A}_2$

2000 Per 12

Wills Man

2.30

3,000 years of imprisonment for most of the 450 people accused of Mafia crimes at the conclusion of the historic "maxi-trial." Page 18

Kenya-Uganda truce

Kenya and Uganda began moves

to normalise relations after two days of border clashes left at

least four people dead. Page 4

Steel quota split A divided European Commission has weakened its position on ending steel output quotas less than a week before a ministerial meeting is to try to make a final

tions around the world.

Nigeria debt hitch

A London-based accountant acting for creditors in rescheduling negotiations on \$3.25bn of Nigerian trade debts, has refused to endorse a controversial restructuring plan. Page 6

temporary administrator after the resignation of its chairman over allegations of illegal exports to Iran. Page 3

was shut by a strike over the handling of chemicals at a hearby dock. Management at the state-owned factory said lost out put may be worth \$170m.

meets today to consider the BA bid and the competing recapitalisation package which includes a partial offer by Scandinavian Afrikaes System.

Ship subsidies to stay The EC executive commission. is to continue allowing shipyards subsidies. Member states may pay up to 28 per cent of produc-tion costs.

Sin replaces Li

Ronald Li stepped down as chairtwo terms at the post. The new chief is Charles Sin, a lawyer.

Romanian food pledge Romanians have been promised higher food rations next year by changed. Page 2

That's entertainment

Business Summary MK plans

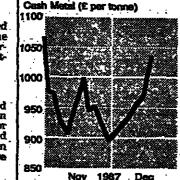
to consider \$437m offer under oath from RTZ

MK ELECTRIC, UK electrical accessories company which has turned down two takeover bids recently, abandoned hopes of remaining independent and rec-ommended an increased cash offer of \$262.8m (\$437m), from RTZ, UK industrial and mining conglomerate, Page 19

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM, heavily indebted Oklahoma oilgroup, announced a package to cut costs by \$150-200m a year which would include shedding jobs. Page 19

ALUMINIUM prices continued to rise on the London Metal Exchange, underplaned by news that Spain's biggest aluminium





plant had closed down because of a strike. Continued demand for cash metal raised the back-wardation, or premium for cash metal over three-month metal, to \$50.50 a tonne. Page 28

WALL STREET: The Dow Jones industrial average closed at 1974.47, up 32.99. Page 40

LONDON: Overcoming a dull

DOLLAR closed in New York at DM1.6285; FFR5.5185; SFr1.3250; DM1.6305 (DM1.6310); FFr5.5275 (unchanged); SFr1.3285 (SFr1.3280); Y127.30 (Y127.55).

STERLING closed in New York at \$1.8350. It closed in London at Arms head appointed

France's biggest explosives maker, Societe Nationale de Poudres et Explosives, named a Poudres et Explosives et Explosiv

tors gave British Airways its first firm stake in the rival airline by selling 6.3 per cent of BCal's shares to Lazard Brothers, the Spanish plant shut Section (\$366m) cash takeover Spain's biggest aluminium plant was shut by a strike over the handling of chemicals at a bid and the competing recapital-

> IRVING BANK, New York-based banking group, said its board has rejected a revised takeover offer by the Bank of New York as

EASTERN AIRLINES, struggling Texas Air subsidiary is weighing up the sale of assets to help solve its growing financial and labour problems. Page 19

man of Hong Kong's stock NCB, US computer and business exchange after the maximum machine manufacturer, expects to report record earnings and sales in 1988. Page 19

MR CARL ICAHN, US takeover specialist who has played a lead-ing role in settling the dispute higher food rations next year by between Texaco and Pennzoll, President Ceausescu, but present US oil groups, demanded that economic policies will not be several large Texaco sharehold-changed Page 2 the crippled and bankrupt oil company. Page 19

Japanese businesses entertained ICL, UK computer company, is

Roh set to win as S Korea polls close

MR ROH TAE WOO, the ruling party candidate, appeared to be heading for victory yesterday in South Korea's first presidential election for 16 years.

Despite a vigorous campaign by the two main opposition candidates, Mr Kim Dae Jung and Mr Kim Young Sam, it appeared that they may have paid the price of splitting the opposition vote. Each had refused to stand down in favour of the other.

With about 40 per cent of the

party candidate, appeared to be heading for victory yesterday in South Korea's first presidential election for 16 years.

Despite a vigorous campaign by the two main opposition candidates, Mr Kim Dae Jung and Mr Kim Young Sam, it appeared the price of splitting the opposition down in favour of the other.

With about 40 per cent of the votes counted, Mr Roh had secured 39.6 per cent of the votes counted, Mr Roh had secured 39.6 per cent of the votes. Mr Kim Young Sam 25.8 per cent, Mr Kim Dae Jung 22.9 per cent, Mr Kim Dae Jung 22.9 per cent and a fourth candidate, Mr Kim Jong Pil, 7.9 per cent.

The high turnout — 89.1 per

suffered a collapse in support in his home region of Kyongsang province, which includes the industrial city of Pusan.

Mr Kim Dae Jung's regional support in Cholla province, by contrast, was exceptionally

strong.

Early returns suggest he won more than 90 per cent support in and around his home regional capital of Kwangju where more

than 200 people were killed in an uprising against the present government in 1980.

Mr Kim's strong showing in Seoul, which accounts for about a quarter of the total votes, reflects the large number of Cholla immigrants in the city,

Israel puts

on show of



Opposition supporters yesterday showing papers and other items they claim were used to make fake ballot forms in the

EC claims victory in battle to force aid cuts in W Germany

THE European Commission has the more unfair by the country's which are sensitive to any ero-

Mr Martin Bangemann, the West German Economics Minister, has agreed to make substantial cuts in regional aid from next January. The proportion of the country's population in assisted areas would be reduced from 45 per cent to 38 per cent, leaving it more in line with the European Community average.

Brussels had attacked West German federal for lifting economic activity through tax cuts.

Brussels had attacked West German federal and sometimes heated for lifting economic activity through tax cuts.

Mr Peter Sutherland, European Competition rules by giving the benerous federal and sometimes heated of repeated and sometimes heated for lifting economic activity through tax cuts.

Mr Peter Sutherly wanter the longer term

THE European Commission has claimed an important victory in a year-long fight against the more unfair by the country's amount of regional and industrial aid distributed by the West or national regional aid trial aid distributed by the West varies from 20 per cent in Denmark, the EC's richest country in terms of gross domestic product of investment schemes recently announced by West German Economics Minister. has agreed to make substan-

Moscow sets condition meeting is to try to make a final decision on ending controls. Page 3 Soviet defence 'intact' Soviet armed forces chief-of-staff 100 index ended the day 19.8 Sergei Akhromeyev said defence capacity remained intact despite Moscow's agreement to destroy missiles under the life treaty our again yesterlay and share missiles under the life treaty of the fourth the European Community said from Tuesday to 22,819.42. Volument it was prepared to scrap dozens of national import quotas to boost efforts by the trade body of the trade trade

the US Secretary of State, said in London yesterday. However, Mr Shultz indicated

at a press conference that Moscow's willingness to agree to punitive measures against Iran for failing to respect the UN Security Council's cessefire call in the Gulf war was linked to the possible establishment of a UN county force to relies any arms. naval force to police any arms embargo. The Secretary of State was in London to brief Mrs Mar-garet Thatcher, the British Prime Minister, and Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Foreign Secretary, on the results of last week's US-Soviet summit in Washington.

Yesterday's disclosure by Mr.

As a first step, officials expect the Security Council to meet before Christmas to discuss the drafting of an arms embargo res-olution. The Soviet Union, this month's chairman of the Security Council, is expected to propose the creation of some form of UN naval force, an idea which has so far been rejected by the US and some other Western states.

One possibility which may be discussed is the use of UN-flagged ships simply to stop and search vessels plying the Gulf for arms destined for Iran. This idea, pose the creation of some form

"Maybe we are beginning to involvement and decrease ours,' see some progress," Mr Shuitz he said.

It was not clear whether Moscow was making the adoption of an arms embargo entirely conditional on the establishmen of a UN naval force, or what precise form such a force should

Mr Marlin Fitzwater, the White it was made clear in London, is it was made clear in London, is potentially more acceptable than ington yesterday that the focus should first be on enforcing the UN ceasefire resolution and the control of the Gulf with a UN force.

force in Gaza strip By Andrew Whitley in Jerusala THE ISPAELI ARMY put on

a major show of force yes-terday in the occupied Gaza Strip, where disturbances continued for an eighth successive day amid a rising chorus of international protest at the tactics of the security forces.

security lorces.
Two tanks paraded con-spicuously through the main street of Gaza City, while elite infantry soldiers lined main roads in the nar-

row coastal region.

Meanwhile, the US,
Britain, France, West Germany and a number of other many and a number of other countries expressed serious concern at the continuing violence. Calling for restraint on both sides, the White House said: "The continuing (Israeli) occupation is exacting a heavy price on the 1.5m Palestinians in the territories and on Israel as well."

well."
The British Foreign Office The British Foreign Office said it deplored the vio-lence and called on Israeli troops to behave more humanely. It also announced that Mr David Mellor, Minister of State at the Foreign Office, is to visit the occupied territories and Israel in early January, a trip which will certainly be used to underline the depth of British concern.

However, in a radio inter-Washington, Mr view from Washington, Mr Yitzhak Rabin, the Israeli Defence Minister, warned Palestinians there would be be "more injuries and dam-age" if they did not respect public order.

According to the first offi-cial casualty toll, released by the army yesterday, 12 Palestinians have been killed and 48 wounded since

A handful of Israeli sol-Continued on Page 18

Tokyo SE offers membership to 16 foreign firms

THE Tokyo Stock Exchange has offered membership to 16 foreign securities firms, including four from Britain, after strong pressure from overseas govern-

The UK firms to gain member-ship, which will cost from Ylbn to Y1.2bn (\$7.8m to \$9.4m), are the subsidiaries of the merchant banks Kleinwort Benson, Schrod-ers, Baring Brothers and County NatWest. They will become members on February 16, and will be able to start trading on

will be able to start trading on May 23.

Two other British firms, James Capel and Barclays de Zoete Wedd, a subsidiary of Barclays Bank, had their applications turned down. The securities affiliates of Chase Manhattan Bank of the US and Credit Lyonnais of France were also refused membership. membership.
Only a few hours after the

decision in Tokyo was announced, the Bank of England announced, the Bank of England called in the directors of the UK subsidiaries of two of the big four Japanese securities houses, Yamaichi and Nikko. The Bank indicated that banking licences would be granted to both firms, probably by the end of the year. Yamaichi and Nikko both applied for licences in mid-June after being given encouragement by the UK authorities. The other large Japanese securities houses, Nomura and Daiwa, were given banking licences last year, about eight weeks after applying,

eight weeks after applying, whereas Yamaichi and Nikko have been kept waiting for six months while the iss exchange membership was

Yamaichi to engage in foreign exchange dealing and currency swaps as part of a more general banking service both to existing

Japan's move followed a threat. by the British Government in

JAPANESE Premier Noboru Takeshita said his government would never again become a military power after fears surfaced this week among leaders of six South-East Asian Nations meeting

East Asian Nations meeting in Manila. There was no intention of reviving the old Japan, Mr Takeshita said.

All the Asean countries at the summit - Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, the Philippines, Brunei and Singapore - were occupied or controlled by Japan during the Second World War. Page 4

April to withdraw licences from Japanese financial firms in London unless the Tokyo exchange

- the world's largest stock market in terms of capitalisation admitted more British members. At the moment, only six of the 92 member firms on the Tokyo exchange are foreign-owned. They were admitted in January

ast year.

The British and other foreign governments are likely to maintain their pressure on the Japanese authorities to force the Tokyo exchange to admit more opening members. overseas members.

However, the exchange claims that it has no room on its trading floor, and Mr Michio Takeuchi, the exchange's president, yester-day held out little prospect for

further memberships.

"I cannot say that there is no possibility in the future", but it would depend on world stock market movements and the progress of the exchange's computer

xchange membership was isation programme, he said.

By Peter Bulfield, chief execute added that the results of the selection were very reasontive of Yamaichi's UK subsidiary, able." The decisions had been said that the licence would allow based on the size of the firms, their financial condition and their experience in Japan. The four foreign firms that were refused membership had been

Continued on Page 18 Warrants booming, Page 21

SEAGRAM, the Canadian-based spirits company, has acquired control of Martell, the second largest French cognac house, in which Grand Metropolitan, the UK-based drinks and hotel group

clients with meals, gifts or re-organising the top managerounds of golf to the tune of ment of International Computers Y10.8bn (\$84m) a day in 1986, India Manufacture (ICIM), its said the national tax agency.

Bombay-based offshoot. Page 22

has a near 20 per cent stake, in a FFr1.4hn (\$258m) deal.

under 20 per cent.

It is understood that Grand
Metropolitan, which took an initial 10 per cent stake in Martell

200 (255m) was in July for \$30m (\$55m) was

a distribution agreement with Martell which had particular importance for it in the Far East. City of London analysts yesterday were unclear as to how the deal with Seagram would affect this arrangement. Grand Metropolitan said: "We believe the international distribution agreement is sound and working well.

However, we do not know the intention of Seagram and Mar-Martell said in a statement yes-terday that the Martell family had agreed to sell a 41 per cent stake to Seagram. This would give the Canadian group, which already owns a stake in the

cognac house, a majority control of Martell. Seagram was also offering to acquire all other outstanding Martell shares at FFr2,500 a share putting a value of about FFr3.5bn on the entire company, a Martell official said.

The deal, which still hinges on Monnin champagne. Mr Rene Firino Martell, the

The deal comes after a year of intense activity in the international drinks market with sev-eral major acquisitions and new joint agreements including

Lex, Page 18

Seagram buys Martell control

Seagram appears to have out-manuerized Grand Metropolitan, which had announced yesterday that it had taken its stake in the family-controlled Martell to just

teil to over 20 per cent. Grand Metropolitan had struck

seeking French government approval to take its stake in Mar-

French Government approval, will expand the Canadian group's already sizeable presence on the French wine and spirits market and add a prestige French brand in addition to its

Seagram, estimated to be the second largest drinks company in the world after Grand Metropolitan's IDV, has either wholly owned or joint-owned distribuon businesses in 23 countries. Martell would not comment on why the family had decided to sell its stake to Seagram except sell its stake to Seagram except to say that the price was interesting. There was speculation in London that Martell might have decided to accept the Seagram offer because it was worried by Grand Metropolitan's intentions towards the Cognac house.

Martell, which exports about 19 per cent of France's cognac.

has seen its business hit by the decline in the US dollar and a series of unhappy diversifications. The company had for some time been at the centre of takeover speculation on the takeover speculation on the French bourse.

-CONTENTS

Technology Unit Trusts

Companies. America ... Companies Oversess ...

World Trade .

7-11 24-27 options relal Futures .



JARUZELSKI SHAKEN BY THE VOTE IN

POLAND

One of the most remarkable things about last mouth's referendum is that it was held at all, Page 16

chairman and main shareholder of the cognac house, said the deal with Seagram was designed to help the development of Martell especially on export markets. ent: Persi and Coke battle it out Manage

Manfred Woerner: First German to hold

Nato's top position ... Editorial comment: Compensation for injury; warning on world economy Economic viewpoint: Digging a hole in Lex: Third World debt; English China Clay; MK Electric 12

Gary Hart: Returns to the campaign trail

Technology: UK wallpapers go up with a

OUR 100% EQUITIES PHILOSOPHY.

NOW AVAILABLE IN AN AUTHORISED EXEMPT UNIT TRUST.

Geoffrey Morley & Partners' tried and tested investment philosophy of concentrating on equities, and managing them actively, has already led many large pension funds to transfer their business to us.

Now, with the launch of the Geoffrey Morley Exempt Unit Trust, this same expertise can work for smaller UK pension funds, approved charities and others with exempt

In keeping with the group philosophy, which we can explain and demonstrate in detail, the fund will invest only in equities.

As well as UK equities, overseas equities will be chosen to spread the

risk, diversify the portfolio and benefit from currency movements.

And when the managers cannot find the right equities to meet their stringent value requirements, they will build up liquidity until things

able, with 4% initially and 0.5% annually thereafter. The Trustee is National Westminster Bank plc. In short, this really is the oppor-

The charges are eminently reason-

tunity for every fund to start enjoying the benefits of Geoffrey Morley's investment expertise. So find out more. Send the

coupon, or contact Brian Shearing on

TO: SRIAN SHEARING, GEOFFREY MORLEY UNIT MANAGERS LIMITED, 16 SOUTHAMPTON PLACE, LONDON WICH 2ALL Please send me fall details of the geoffrey morley exempt unit trust.

Geoffrey Morley UNIT MANAGERS LIMITED

Polish hardliners fail to wrest initiative from pragmatists

THE pragmatic wing of Poland's opened the way to a hardline reputation as a liberal in the Communist party continues to counter-attack at Wednesday's eyes of conservative party members.

Rakowski admitted that, within eyes of the people. He held office the party, barriers to change as deputy premier in 1981 and bers.

Rakowski admitted that, within eyes of the people. He held office the party, barriers to change as deputy premier in 1981 and bers. face of hardline doubts about . In the event, however, hardli-

majority for the Government's members voted against the proceed as to how far he wants to economic and general reform motion to the polithuro of Mr go with political reforms. In his plans and this could have Mczyslaw Rakowski, who has a speech to the plenum, Mr

General Wojciech Jaruzelski's ners found themselves crowded policies, judging by the results of off the agenda which was filled this week's central committee meeting.

The meeting followed last month's referendum which folled to residue and which their names down to speak. Only 18 central committee. failed to produce an absolute 18 out of 210 central committee

Changes at the top of the propaganda department and appointments to head the ideological section and the party's journal, Nowe Drog, also confirmed the reformist direction. But it would also appear that Gen Jaruzelksi remains unde-

lectual challenge posed by the in the past as a social democrat.

opposition as well as by the cli
The party apparatus sti mate of change throughout the

French presidency and more than one British television per-

sonality has been hired into the anonymity of backbench politics.

the party, barriers to change as deputy premier in 1981 and were to be explained by fears that "we would weaken or even lose power".

Jaruzelski's image in the West

ne also called for more courand shows that the Kremlin of age and innovative thought Mr Mikhail Gorbachev is ready inside the party to face the intellectual challenge. The party apparatus still remains the force with which Communist bloc.

Mr Rakowski's reputation as a Nor is there any firm evidence liberal is much tarnished in the that hints of an accommodation

vate sector, backed by a tax policy which would encourage ment, remain on paper as a policy aim. An application by the Warsaw-based Economic Society, an independent group which wants to support private the aim of having "all business, has run up against offiin the hands of society"

with the moderate opposition, or cial opposition. Also, a new changes in the electoral law for monthly newspaper, Konfrontalocal elections next year, amount to a real liberalisation.

Pormal recognition of the private sector, hacked by a tax real

Meanwhile, Sprawy Ei Ludzie, the Wrocław hardline weekly, in its latest issue criticises support for the private sector as oppor-tunist and says it runs counter to the aim of having "all ownership

In recent years the non-woven sector, which produces high-tech textiles generally for use in industry and medicine, has become one of the most buoyant in the textile industry. But the latest report from Edana, the European Non-Wovens Association, suggests that its growth could slow unless it expands into new markets.

Last year non-woven produc-tion in Western Europe increased by 7.4 per cent in volume. Yet production is concentrated in the coverstock area, which embraces non-wovens for use in babies' nappies and sanitary pro-tection products. More than 25 per cent of all Western European production is in this area and

has detected that companies are already increasing exports and diversifying into areas such as agriculture and the car industry in order to counter these prob-

It is convinced that these developments must continue in order to secure the future of the

The industry is still dominated by companies in Western Europe, the US and Japan. Yet in recent years new hon-woven sectors have emerged within the developing textile markets of the

The report into the non-too-

Agnelli Ceausescu promises more food next year

agenda will be the situation of the German minority which numbers around 200,000 and

who were originally concen-trated around Brasov in Transyl-

Over the past decade, the West

wish to leave Romania. Between 11,000 and 13,000 eth-

Mr Marce Dinu, the Romanian

in Romania but for ordinary Romanians as well.

Several groups in West Ger-

vania, central Romania.

man minority.

By JUDY DEMPSEY IN VIENNA

ROMANIANS have been prom- In spite of this, Mr Ceausescu ised higher food rations next said the country was progressing year by President Nicolae Ceausescu, but present economic poliary workers democracy. cies will not be changed.

Mr Ceausescu was winding up ference drew to a close, Mr Hans the national conference of the Dietrich Genscher, the West Ger-Romanian Communist Party man Foreign Minster, arrived in which has been meeting in which has been meeting in Bucharest for the past two days against a background of growing discontent among workers and students about deteriorating eco-nomic conditions and poor food

No mention of the recent 'unrest in Brasov of Timisoara was mentioned in any of the published reports in the tightly controlled media, but Mr Ceausescu made reference yesterday to the complexity of the inter-

German Government has been attempting to ease the emigra: tion flow and reduce the delays of those ethnic Germans who He added, however, that "won-derful prospects lay ahead but strong intensification of efforts strong intensification was still required.

nic Germans leave each year but not before Bonn has, in many of the cases, paid up to DM8,000(£2,760) per person to help and speed up their emigra-Ist his speech, frequently interrapted by rhythmic clapping and chanting from the 4,000 delegates, Mr Ceausescu said more cattle would be slaughtered next year to meet domestic needs and the rearing of sheep and pigs would be increased to satisfy the Last week, the West German Bundestag debated the economic and social situation in Romania as well as the plight of the Ger-

Over the past several years, the bulk of mest products along with fertilisers and other agricultural produce, have been ear-marked for the export market as part of Mr Ceausescu's sin-gle-minded drive to pay off the country's hard currency debts.

ambassador to Bonn, tried unsuccessfully to prevent the debate from taking place. The discussions in the Bundestag clearly indicate the growing concern from among West German politicians and pressure groups with the deteriorating situation not only for the ethnic Germans in Romania but for ordinary Outside Bucharest, the capital, for instance, bread is rationed to 300 grams per day and oil and augar to half a kilogram per

The export drive, along with many have sharp cuts in imports have been food parcel the main contributing factors to the recent spate of disturbances. many have already organised food parcels to be sent to the ethnic Germans during the win-

Prize for Sir Isaiah

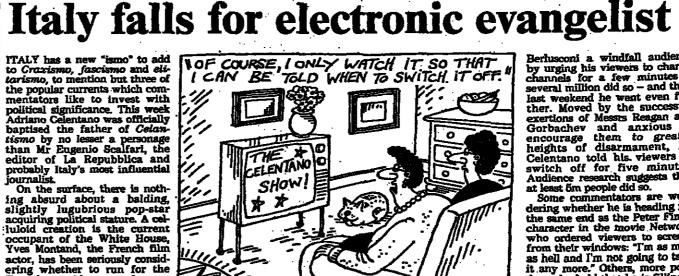
FIAT said yesterday that Sir Isaiah Berlin, the War-den of All Souls and internationally renowned profes-sor of philosophy, is to be Meanwhile, as the party conthe first recipient of the \$200,000 Senator Giovanni Agnelli International Prize. man Foreign Minster, arrived in Romania for a 24-hour visit in which he will have talks with Mr Named after the company's founder, the prize is to One of the main items on the

be given every two years for "contributions to reflec-tion on the ethical dimen-sion in industrially advanced societies".

The Turin group believes it to be the first such award aimed at stimulating thought and debate on ethical issues and problems brought about by scientific and technological change. Dr Cesere Annibaldi, the head of Fiat's external rela-

tions department, said yes-terday that the choice of Sir Isaiah was "emblematic" in that he had spent a lifetime thinking and writing about the role of values in society According to Dr Marcello Pacini, director of the Giov-anni Agnelli Foundation, anni Agnelli Foundation, there are 15,000 prizes awarded around the world for a wide variety of cul-tural achievements. Flat had chosen an ethical focus because of the need to strengthen "a culture of responsibilities".

Born in Russia in 1909, Sir Isalah emigrated with his family to Britain in 1920. He is the author of some classical historical and philosphical works including a biography of Kari Marx and "Two Concepts of Liberty", in which he redefined the classic distinction between "positive" and "negative" liberties.



John Wyles reports on a television personality phenomenon

sonality has been hured into the anonymity of backbench politics. Yet there is something odd about Mr Celentano fathering an "ismo." He is a man of rambling physique, modest intelligence and discreet talent who in September was put in charge of Fantastico, the variety flagship of Rai Uno, the first channel of the state television service.

Fantastico must be one of the few programmes of its type in Europe which is still broadcast live. This, indeed, is one of its attractions, offering viewers the possibilities of thrills and spills which these days are edited out of the normal nearly tailored videotaped transmission. Mr Celentano was seized by the spotting in his genius for bringing the unpredictable and the dangerous to live television. At first, he seemed a disaster.

At first, he seemed a disaster. His Sentember debut was so had.

Fippo Baudo, Mr Celantano's plug on him and no one has carefully coiffured and immaculately dentured, predecessor at the former dand immaculately dentured, predecessor at the state of the state of the more of the Bertusconi private TV empire for the scripted show. Steadily, other transmission, has emission to the scripted show. Steadily, other transmission is tally dentured, predecessor at the steady steady to the scripted show. Steadily, other transmission has emerged as italized the steady selectronic evangelist - its flagellant of the flickering at the series of the flickering the transmission team, by selectronic evangelist - its flagellant of the flickering the transmission team, brites the levision team, brites the viewers the predecion of the role of presenter-personal transmission, has emission to the series, Mr Celentano was seized by the product of his opin in the series, Mr Celentano was seized by the spoil their votes is a

by urging his viewers to change channels for a few minutes — several million did so — and then several mullion old so – and then last weekend he went even further. Moved by the successful exertions of Messrs Reagan and Gorbachev and anxious to encourage them to greater heights of disarmament, Mr. Calentage told his minutes.

switch off for five minutes.
Audience research suggests that
at least 5m people did so.
Some commentators are wondering whether he is heading for the same end as the Peter Finch character in the movie Network who ordered viewers to scream from their windows: "I'm as mad as hell and I'm not going to take it any more. Others, more pon-derously, hold that he is filling a void created by a political class in which no one any longer places confidence and trust.

Mr Scalfari believes he has

can be used not only as a vehicle so personal influence, but also as a source of control. His audience is becoming accustomed to responding to his instructions and may indeed, be tuning in to participate in a piece of mass the street in a piece o The political implications are at least interesting and at worst sinister, if such powers of audi-

ence control were to be abused. At the moment, the dangers are remote since Italian politicians, almost without exception, are hopeless television performers.
But if Italians can be led by the nose by the likes of Mr Celentano, there is obviously day evening.

At first, he seemed a disaster. Simple credos are simply and Since then, Mr Celentano has his september debut was so bad not always grammatically become manifestly excited by that everybody held fast to their expressed ("his gerunds drive me the publicity he can arouse and conviction that Rai had suffered mad," wrote one critic). But no the influence to be exercised one or two may soon be turning an irreplaceable loss when Mr director of Rai has pulled the over a live audience. He gave

Industrial textiles urged to diversify

BOI

By Alice Revethorn

THE INDUSTRIAL textile, or non-woven, industry of Western Europe must nurture new export markets and diversity into new product areas in order to sustain ts growth, according to a news-

most of the increases in capacity have been directed towards it. The markets for nappies and san-pro in Western Europe are intensely competitive and consumer demand is static. Eduna

Mr Scalfari believes he has become a sort of guru' which, if true, says little for Italian tastes in gurus. Rather more to the point is that Mr Celentano is demonstrating how television can be used not only at a validate.

[ittle

llest

order to manufacture a new gen-eration of textiles for industrial

Far East in countries such as South Korea and Taiwan.

vens industry in Western Europe is published by EDANA, Avenue des Certsiers 51, 1040 Brussels, Belgium.

Introducing A Different Kind Of Computer Company Who Need No Introduction

The company: Businessland. The largest wholly-owned microcomputer dealer operation in the world.

Internationally, Businessland sales revenues have reached £500m per annum within 5 years. A phenomenal growth without equal in the industry.

So what makes Businessland different?

The first important difference is that the Businessland expertise is across multi-vendor products. So, if your objective is cost-effective business automation, now you can talk to someone objective about it.

We offer the total solution, from stand-alone PC workstations including IBM, Compaq and compatibles, to local area networking, via Token Ring and Ethernet. We also provide PC to mini/ mainframe connection and beyond.

In addition, we provide consultancy, software, training, support and service. All from Businessland.

Last year we installed 2400 local area networks and 21000 nodes, plus 23000 PC to mainframe connections, proving the success of Businessland's different approach.

Another welcome difference is that the people at Businessland are all experienced computer professionals who make it their business to know your business, to give you the total solution you require.

Businessland. The word is spreading. There are 10 established locations throughout the UK, and over 100 worldwide.

Call Mary Morgan now on 01-579 3003 and she'll introduce you to your nearest Businessland office.



A Different Kind of Computer Company.

as the legend in Bangkok writen in the Authors Wing?

> The foundation of The Oriental Bangkok was a two storey mansion. A hotel where Sometset Maugham, Joseph Conrad and noted dignitaries have stayed. Here, nearly a century ago, they found a quality of service that left them undistracted. Unhindered. Did they write the legend?

Certainly they influenced it. And savoured the beginnings of what would become known as the finest hotel in the world. The Authors' Wing is now just. a small part of the hotel, but still a large part of the legend. Because, when it comes excellence in service, we wrote the book.

MANDARIN ORIENTAL THE WORLD'S FINEST HOTELS

Businessland (UK) Limited Head Office, Craven House, 40 Uxbridge Road, Ealing W5 2BS Telephone No (01) 579 3003

Bonn warns that Chirac ploy Eurofighter costs must fall

WEST GERMANY will be unable to go ahead with the planned costs had to be limited. The request is simed at industry and craft (Efa) unless the aerospace industry keeps costs down, Mr be ready under some conditions manifester has warned.

Underlining the source finant.

Underlining the severe finan-cial squeeze facing the Defence Ministry budget, Mr Woerner told the Financial Times in an interview that economies on the Efa would have to be made 'in a much greater fashion than in the past so that the costs do not rise further. Otherwise it will not be possible to pay for it, at least in

The fighter, planned by Britain West Germany, Italy and Spain, has run into considerable opposition both from politicians and military staffs in Bonn recently. This is a principal reason why the four nations have yet to make a definite decision.

yet to make a definite decision on passing from the project definition phase to full development. Total cost of developing and producing 800 EFAs by the four countries has been put at about DM60bn(\$20bn). West Germany is due to put up a third of the money. A Bonn government decision on whether to proceed with the aircraft, originally expected in November, would now be taken in the pext few now be taken "in the next few-months," Mr Worner said. The minister said he faced the task of winning approval for the

Mr Woerner, who is leaving the ministry next summer to become Nato secretary general, stressed that he wanted Efa to so stressed that he wanted Efa to go ahead. But he spoke openly about "alternatives" if it did not. Although he declined to spell these out, they are believed to include purchasing an upgraded F18 fighter from McDonnell Douglas of the US, producing a fighter in collaboration with the US, or working on an aircraft with France.

with France. "As one of the fathers of Efa, I want to see it built," said Mr Woerner. "But I do not rule out alternatives for one reason - so that nobody thinks he can blackmail us with prices. We have a number of alternatives - at least

Mr Woerner underlined that he was trying to win more govern-ment finance to boost defence spending in coming years. He is unsatisfied with the annual expenditure rise of only about 25 per cent in nominal terms which has so far been held out up-until the beginning of the 1990s.

Interview, Page 16.

Little growth seen for West German economy

BY DAVID MARSH IN BONN

inced that a construction of the construction to a construction to a construction of the construction of t

d pape de la company de la com

7 is still der 25 in To

5 Ind land a merged with

5 201 Taras

والإخاصات

iNumes by 🗈

Limiter, al.

expected to grow by only 0.75 per cent next year compared with 1.5 per cent in 1987, with activity likely to stagnate of the share market crash are throughout the year. This gloomy forecast was published the stagnate of the ldw says. This is partly the largest than many had expected, the ldw says. This is partly the largest than many had expected, the ldw says. This is partly the largest than many had expected, the ldw says. This is partly yesterday by the Institut der because the financial market tur-Deutschen Wirtschaft (idW), the bulence coincided with an eco-economic research institute close nomic recovery which was to the Confederation of German

wake of the worldwide collapse offers room for an economic pol-of share prices. offers room for an economic pol-icy based on stimulating invest-

of share prices. icy ba
The institute foresees a rise in ment.

FINANCIAL TIMES

greater than many had expec-ted," the IdW says. This is partly because the financial market tur-bulence coincided with an ecoalready starting to fade because of lack of capital investment Industry.

The forecast, which is appreciably more pessimistic than those made up to now by the Government, is in line with the generally subdued hopes of much of West Germany's On the positive side, the continuate of price restraint of the model of the collarse of the continuate of price restraint offers now for an economic polynomic po

the institute foresees a rise in members of the institute foresees a rise in the manufacture of the workforce against 8.8 per economists associated with the cent in 1987. Four years of gradual employment growth in West Germany will come to an end in 1988, it says, with the average

Administrator for explosives group

FRANCE'S national explosives manufacturer, Societe Nationale explosives manufacturer, Societe Nationale de Poudres et Explosives (SNPE), yesterday named a temporary administrator after resignation of its chairman following allegations of illegal exports to Iran, George Graham reports.

Mr Michel Herchin heads the company until a replacement is named for Mr Guy-Jean Bernardy. Mr Jean Faure remains managing director.

The French Defence Ministry, which supervises SNPE, indi-The French Defence Ministry, which supervises SNPE, indicated there were doubts about the destinations of some of the company's exports. The affair intersects with an inquiry into the Luchaire armaments company, also accused of supplying arms to Iran.

The Communists have fiercely opposed the proposals to turn Renault into an ordinary company since they have always regarded the company as a symbol of French state industry and a stronghold of the pro-Communist CGT trade union.

on Renault foiled by Mitterrand

the future of the French car group Renault yesterday follow-ing President Francois Mitterrand's opposition to a special ses-sion of Parliament next month to debate the Government's con-troversial bill changing the com-

The state-owned car group has fallen victim to a new crisis in political "cohabitation" between the Socialist Mr Mitterrand and Mr Jacques Chirac, the Conservative Prime Minister.

Mr Chirac decided on Tuesday to postpone the parliamentary debate on Renault in the face of fierce obstruction from the Communist party which had tabled 3,500 ammendments to the government's bill. He indicated that he intended

THE EUROPEAN Parliament agree a key package of long-term but the cases will not be heard yesterday voted overwhelmingly financial reforms, including cuts until well after the emergency to take member states to the in agricultural spending and a summit called for mid-February in agricultural spending and a summit called for mid-February made major concessions on the European Court of Justice for higher legal ceiling for the EC's through the state character to sweet the size of the EC's structure. He indicated that he intended to push through the legislation during an extraordinary session of Parliament next month, since the bill was unlikely to be approved before the end of the approved before the end of the current ordinary parliamentary session, the last before next spring's presidential election.

Mr Mitterrand emphasised yesterday, however, that under the constitution it was not up to the Government but to the President of the presi

constitution it was not up to the Government, but to the President, to decide whether an and 16 abstentions, is the latest extraordinary session should be twist to the Community's bud-

The Renault legislation, therefore, appears to have been Copenhagen summit failed to shelved indefinitely. It was désigned to change Renault's privileged status as a state-owned regie into an ordinary state controlled company. The plan also involved a major restructuring of the group's balance sheet, with the Government writing off FFr12bn (\$1.2bn)

With undisguised irritation, the Elysee issued a tense state-ment during the Government's weekly cabinet meeting yesterday spelling out the constitu-tional position on this issue. It also added that the Government could have resorted to several procedural devices to speed the passage of the Renault bill through Parliament before the end of the current session.

Mr Chirac decided this weel

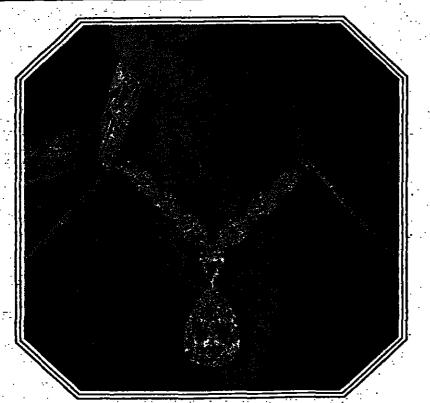
not to turn the bill into a confilence motion to short-circuit the debate in the National Assembly and frustrate the Communist party's efforts to block it.

Mr Alain Madelin, the Industry Minister and principal architect of the bill, claimed yesterday that Renault had become a polit-

Mr Madelin negotiated the restructuring package with the European Commission. He said European Commission. He said Renault now faced a delicate situation since Brussels had forbidden the Government to advance further subsidies. The Commission is also investigating some FF18bn worth of state grants advanced to Renzult during the past few years.

Although Renault is expected to make a profit of more than FFr3bn this year after several years of heavy losses, its balance sheet is still burdened by about FFr50bn worth of debts.

The shelving of the Rensult bill is likely to exacerbate ten sions not only between right and left but also within Mr Chirac's own parliamentary majority as the presidential election camthe presidential election cam-paign gathers steam, However, the Communists were jubilant yesterday after their unexpected success in sabotaging the Gov-ernment's proposals.



WISHING YOU A BLUE WHITE CHRISTMAS FROM THE MOST FABULOUS COLLECTION OF JEWELS IN THE WORLD CAPTURE HER HEART THIS CHEISTMAS WITH A RAKE GEM

OR A PETT BROW PROM OUR BOUTTOUE COLLECTION

Commission weakens steel stance

getary crisis, which deepened earlier this month when the

limit is well below what is

limit is well below what is needed to pay for EC policies in 1988, the Copenhagen impasse made inevitable the subsequent failure of the Budget Council to set a draft budget - something which it was required to do by October 5 under the Rome

The latest legal challenge by the Parliament follows a similar initiative last week against the

hilled as the last chance to avert

Both Mr Poul Schlueter, the

Danish Prime Minister and president of the European Council, and Mr Jacques Delors, the Commission president, gave MEPs a gloomy assessment of the Copenhagen collecter.

But in summing up the debate Mr Delors – whose ill-fated com-promise proposals submitted to heads of governments on the last

hagen collapse.

Council by the Commission - day of the summit inspired the

A DIVIDED European Commission has significantly weakened to roughly 10m tonnes of the EC's fix position on ending steel output quotas. The move comes less than a week before a ministerial meeting is to try to make a final decision on when to end the product of a prop for EC steel prices for the past seven years.

The new position, agreed by 13 of the 17 Commissioners at their weekly meeting, means that Brussels is from hot rolled coil plants. Those would have to come from big integrated prowells weekly meeting, means that Brussels is prepared to consider weekly meeting, means that Brussels is prepared to consider deciding quotas for hot rolled coil for three years. This is a marked change from earlier proposals for an unconditional end to quotas for that product, the biggest single component of EC steen by some in Brussels as a

rejected the idea that he had made major concessions on the

cereals aspect of the farm pro-posals, the size of the EC's struc-tural funds, or the new system of

Mr Schlueter commented that if the Community's lack of

Moscow's Vice Foreign Minister, briefs Chinese officials in Peking on the recent superpower summit. A Chinese Foreign Ministry official said the Kremlin had asked for the meeting to brief the Chinese directly, an unprecedented diplomatic event. It is the latest in a string of indications that both Moscow and Peking – but the former in particular – want to improve their frosty relations. A Western diplomat called the meeting a diplomat called the meeting a protocol coup for Moscow.

China has insisted that the MEPs back court action on budget delay

Soviet Union must remove three obstacles to better relations: the Soviet-backed occupation of Kampuchea by Vietnam, the concentration of Soviet troops on the Sino-Soviet border, and the Soviet occupation of Afghanis-

Moscow to

brief China

on summit By Robin Pauley, Asia Editor

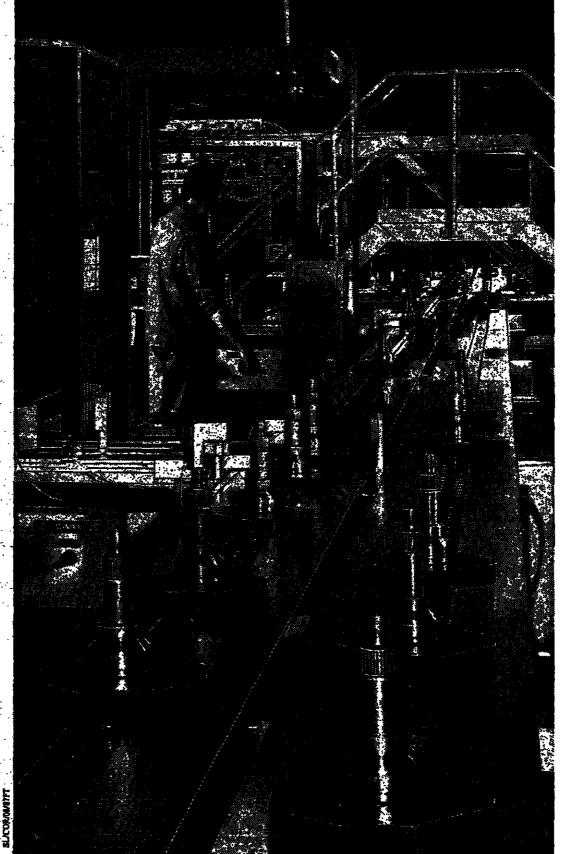
SINO-SOVIET relations will advance significantly next week when Mr Igor Rogachev, Moscow's Vice Foreign Minister,

Mr Edward Rowny, one of President Ronald Reagan's advisers and a regular visitor to China, has already discussed the outcome of the summit and the agreement to scrap intermediate-range nuclear weapons in meetings with Chinese officials if the Community's lack of resolve" developed into "a kind of paralysis – and this is a real fear although all of us hope that it will not be the case – I take a gloomy view of the possibility not only of Community development but also of holding on to what has already been achieved." earlier this week.

China has publicly welcomed the missile agreement, which meets its longstanding demand that the Soviet Union scrap Asian-based intermediate-ra missiles along with weapons in Europe.

SIEMENS

We're helping Hardy Spicer achieve world beating performance right down the line



Hardy Spicer Ltd. are boosting of constant velocity joints, by introducing innovative new technology, with the help of Siemens production control equipment on their automated lines.

Programmable conveyors carry parts through progressive machine operations, using loop conveyors, gantries and pick-

and-place robots. Siemens have supplied the controls and drives for the handling devices and service and maintenance.

machines, and operate 24 hour site-based Siemens is one of the world's largest and most innovative electrical and

electronics companies, with a clear commitment to providing a consistently high standard of service to our customers particularly in

 Medical Engineering Factory Automation

Communication and Information

 Electronic Components Telecommunication Networks

in the UK alone we employ around 3000 people in five manufacturing plants, research and development, engineering, service and other customer related

For further information on Siemens send for our new booklet 'Siemens in the UK.'

Siemens Limited, Siemens House Eaton Bank, Congleton Cheshire, CW12 1PH



SINUMERIK*: Metal cutting machine

Innovation Technology Quality Siemens

China calls for HK debate on constitution

BY DAVID DODWELL IN HONG KONG

The contract was a contract of the contract of

CHINA is inviting a five-month public debate in Hong Kong next summer on its proposals for a the Hong Kong administration is new constitution in the territory close to publishing a white paper after 1997. Debate will follow publication in May of a first reforms through elections in active role this summer in lobby-draft of the constitution, called 1988. the basic law.

demands for urgent government intervention in the stock market.

The impetus for this pressure arises from October's stock mar-

ket crash which has aggravated a

growing recession in the coun-

groups and economists - includ-ing some who are strong sup-porters of Mr Douglas's economic policies - have called for urgent

than 50 per cent since its peak

last September.
The New Zealand stock market

than any other. Tuesday was the

first time in eight days that the market index recorded a rise. The long-running slide reflects

immediate steps to reduce high interest rates and the high value

of the strong New Zealand dol-lar, both of which are hitting

situation and the slow-down in

It decided, mainly at the urging of Mr Douglas, to hold fast to its tight monetary policy. Mr Douglas argues that while

New Zealand to preserve 'a sense

business activity.

to steer political

The Government has attracted The plan to consult Hong Kong people was unveiled yesterday in Guangzhou, the capital of Guangdong province adjoining Hong Kong, by Ji Pengfei, chairman of the basic law drafting committee.

The format for the debate has yet to be announced, but it is advocates fierce criticism from advocates of western-style democracy, who claim the opinion-gathering exercise fogged - perhaps deliberately - the critical issue of whether direct elections should be introduced next year.

Peking has vehemently

referring has venemently the format for the dentage has venemently yet to be announced, but it is opposed hasty political reform likely to be modelled on the public opinion-gathering exercise mounted over the past summer by the Hong Kong government past summer's debate that after publication of a green almost 80 per cent of the Hong Noting that China is unlikely exodus of professionals

cate balance between preserving confidence and introducing mea-sures which would "indirectly ball out poor business decisions,"

he says.

Instead of loosening its poli-

cies, the Government needs to show determination and consis-

tency, declares Mr Douglas. He is confident that the long-standing

high interest rates, one of the major causes of criticism, will

have fallen a few points, but they remain extremely high.

High interest rates and the

strong New Zealand dollar are having an adverse effect on

forecast a steep increase in unemployment in the early part

of next year.

Retailers are facing a bleak

Christmas sales period with even

down, manufacturing orders have fallen off and, since the

stock market crash, more white-collar workers are joining the dole queues.

At the same time, the banks

MR ROGER Douglas, New Zeal- of vision" as it enters new eco-

and's Minister of Finance, has nomic circumstances. The Gov-rejected widespread and growing ernment must maintain a deli-

action over the past week to fall much more rapidly than was restore business confidence shaken by a drop in the New Zealand stock market of more Cver the past few weeks rates

The New Zealand stock market
has fallen faster and further
then are other Transfer and further
then are other Transfer and further

The long-running stide reneward a growing loss of business confidence throughout the whole dence throughout the whole ment, local unemployment and business activity. Recent surveys a steep increase in

exporters and manufacturers.

On Monday, the cabinet deliberated on the current economic ment in new plants has slowed

moves to loosen monetary policy are flush with funds, much of may help in the short-term, they would also bring uncertainty into the market place.

There is a need, he says, for this diverted from the stock market, so that with the high interest rates being charged, few people are willing or able to take out

Dai Hayward in Wellington on the Government's refusal to loosen its monetary policy

Market slide worries New Zealand

with reforms to be proposed by

The fact that Peking took an views on reform must raise ques public responses to its own proposals for reform.

Peking's proposals have already come under fire from Mr Martin Lee, a Hong Kong barris-ter and an outspoken member of

confidence the Government cent.

announced a few weeks ago it.

was working on an economic package for introduction early next year. This will include cuts in business and personal taxa-

tion.
The Government will also take

steps to further reduce Govern-ment debt and spending, particu-larly in the welfare area.

reform and further efforts to reduce foreign debt. The pack-

ages are expected to include what, for New Zealand, will be

revolutionary steps affecting welfare benefits.

welfare benefits.

A major aim will be to increase
the gap between the amount of
unemployment benefit paid to
those on the dole and the

take-home pay of the lower paid.

At present, many people receive more by drawing a combination of welfare benefits than they

Lower taxes for the lower-paid

would be one way to discourage this. New Zealand's taxation

rates will also be reduced to encourage greater productivity

The announcement that these

moves were in the pipeline have not been sufficient to stop the

slide in business confidence. Mr Paul Collins, chief executive of

Brierly Investments, is one of the most recent businessmen to call

He suggests that because the

stock market crash has reduced inflation forecasts and speeded up the predicted fall in inflation levels, it would now be safe for

the Government to relax mone-tary policy so interest rates could

for Government intervention.

would receive by working.

and over-time earnings.

Other moves will involve tariff

paper on political reform. This Kong population wanted any to support direct elections for debate ended in September, and political reform to "converge" any more than 25 per cent of the any more than 25 per cent of the seats in the territory's post 1997 existature. Mr Lee commented: "one-quarter democracy is no

> He said dwindling public confitions over how neutral a role it dence in the prospects for reform will take next summer as it seeks after 1997 had led to increasing public responses to its own property of the prospects for reform that was in part endorsed on Tuesday this week by Xu Jiatun, China's top diplomat in Hong Kong.

Xu called on local people to reconsider plans to emigrate -

The Federation of Labour and Trade Unions also wants action

to prevent a further increase in unemployment.

Union leaders have, however, warned the Government against giving a helping hand to financial entrepreneurs. Their policies are partly responsible, say the unions, for the restructuring of Nov. Zealand, industry, which

New Zealand's industry which results in large-scale staff reduc-

Whatever moves the Government introduces in its economic

package, it is unlikely to include

steps to re-introduce control over the exchange rate.

Farmers, exporters, manafac

turers, economists and the oppo-sition are all criticising the Gov-

ernment for allowing the value of the New Zealand dollar to

The first step taken by the

Labour Government in 1984

within hours of coming into

office, was to devalue the New Zealand dollar by 20 per cent.

Later, the currency was allowed to float.

A major objective of the deval-uation was to help exporters and the agricultural industries which initially happened, but the steady rise of the value of the New Zealand dollar – particu-larly against the Australian dol-lar – wiped out most of the

Many large companies have pointed out it is now more prof-itable for them to invest and set up operations off-shore, than to

advantage.

A major objective of the deval-

remain exceptionally strong.



Nine die in fresh wave of Tamil violence

TAMIL rebels have unleashed new wave of violence in east Sri Lanka in which nine people have been killed, Reuter reports from Colombo.

The five, including a school Tamil faction, were taken out from one house and shot on the

landmine on the same day as an Indian military patrol passed through Thirukkovil district, killing one soldier and wounding

police station at Eravur on Monday night with mortars, rocket-propelled grenades and auto-matic weapons, injuring six Indian soldiers and one Sri Lankan policeman

Police said they recovered weapons, police uniforms and more than 5kg of gunpowder on up operations off-shore, than to try and compete on export markets with locally-made products.

Tuesday at a university campus there a banned Marxist group is believed to be active.

Ji Pengfei - active role

At Kalawanchikuddy in east-ern Batticalos district, members of the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam separatist group shot dead five civilians on Monday, police said.

principal who supported a rival

The Tigers also exploded

Up to 35,000 Indian soldiers have been in the island's north-ern and eastern provinces to implement a July peace accord aimed at ending a four-year-old Tamil separatist war.

The rebels followed up the Thirukkovil ambush by firing on troops and took cover from houses as they dodged return fire. Three civilians died in the crossfire, police said.

Nearly 100 Tigers attacked the

Each country blames the other for the shooting, which erupted at the main crossing, Busia, at midday on Monday and spread along 50 km of

Takeshita stills Iraq makes fresh raids fears of Tokyo on Gulf defence build-up shipping IRAQ yesterday reported a fresh series of raids on shipping in the Gulf and regional shippers said several crewmen were wounded aboard a Cypriot bulk carrier. Reuter reports

BY RICHARD GOURLAY IN MANH

THE NEWLY elected Prime Minister of Japan; Mr Noboru Takshita, yesterday said his government would never again become bulk carrier, Reuter reports from Bahrain. a military power after fears surfaced this week among leaders of six South-East Asian Nations

The concern has been sparked

The concern has been sparked by a rise in Japanese defence spending slightly above a limit of I per cent of gross national product, which the ruling Liberal Democratic Party has adhered to since the war, and the increasing share of the budget it is taking. Mr Lee Koan Yew, the Prime Minister of Singapore, has been one of the more vocal Asean leaders to voice concern about the build up of Tokyo's defence spending. He is also concerned that one day Japan might leave

that one day Japan might leave the US defense umbrella and go it alone, a diplomat said.

Asean leaders raised the ques-

Shippers said at least one reach-made Exocet missile mashed into the 27,244 meeting in Manila.

There is no intention of reviving the old Japan, Mr. Takeshita said after the Assan summit. All tonne bulk carrier Mimi M in the northern Gulf at mid-night on Tuesday. A fire aboard was extinguished and the vessel sailed under its own power to the Ira-nian port of Bushehr. the Asean countries - Thalland, Malaysia, Indonesia, the Philippines, Brunei and Singapore -were occupied or controlled by Japan during the Second World

The military in Baghdad said Iraqi sircraft had also hit two more vessels off Iran's northern Gulf coast yesterday. It said all air-craft returned safely.

The latest Iraqi strikes the latest fragi strates came as Iran stepped up its attack on Gulf shipping, bitting its second tanker in two days and forcing ships to queue for interrogation on entering the waterway.

Truce called in Uganda clashes tion of the Japanese military's increasing share of the budget in massings with Mr Tak-

KENYA and Uganda began increasing share of the budget in private meetings with Mr Takmoves to normalise relations eshits during the summit which yesterday after two days of border classes which left at mats said. least four people dead and On Tuesday, Mr Takeshita told displaced thousands ,Reuter the summit, in his first foreign reports from Nairobi.

speech since taking office, how important his country's rejection The guns fell abruptly important his country's rejection silent about two hours after of the path to military power is nightfall on Tuesday when both countries issued state. Asean. He referred to the "keen to the ments calling for an end to the clashes. The border remained closed.

Mr Charles Katangi, Ugan-da's high commissioner in Nairobi, said he was seeking an appointment with the the Kenyan authorities to pre his government's demands for normalising relations.

He said Kenya was making similar moves in Kampala. President Yoweri Maseveni has also appealed to the Organisation of African Unity to intercede. Japan takes soft line on currency intervention BY OUR MANELA CORRESPONDENT

MR Noburo Takeshita, the Japa- ordination between major cur-

mese Prime Minister, yesterday rency countries. He did not call appeared to rule out unilateral for a new meeting of the industrialised group of seven countries, despite the yen's rise to record levels against the dollar, when he said only God could took advantage of their visit to the result to gift the resist to tell' how far the dollar would the summit to sign the 14th yen package of aid with the Philipfall or his own currency rise. package of aid with the Philip-Japan's new Prime Minister pines. It covers Y50bn for proj-

Takeshita - careful words

sense of self-criticism of every

Japanese on the deplorable his-

tory of the last war. He said a \$2bn fund for the

encouragement of private sector joint venture investments in Asean which he announced on

Tuesday was designed to contrib-ute to regional stability. Since Japan started to feel the

effect of competition from newly industrialised countries and the

strong yen on the heavy industrial base on which its post war

growth has been based, there has been some increase in pressure from industrialists to boost

defence spending.
This pressure is to some extent

checked by the constitutional ban on developing the potential

for war, a ban on exports of arms and to a lesser extent, the

strongly anti-militaristic feeling of ordinary Japanese.

said there should be close international co-operation on monetary and fiscal policies and over two years and is an increase
repeated the need for policy coover the 13th package of Y25bn.



WE CAN WORK IT OUT

Unequalled professional efficiency. That's what makes these two revolutionary calculators with their matching printer the most precious gift that you can give or receive. The Business Consultant is like no other business calculator. The screen guides you step by step, in plain English,

through its host of sophisticated business functions. You can enter your own formula in plain English, too. No programming knowledge is needed.

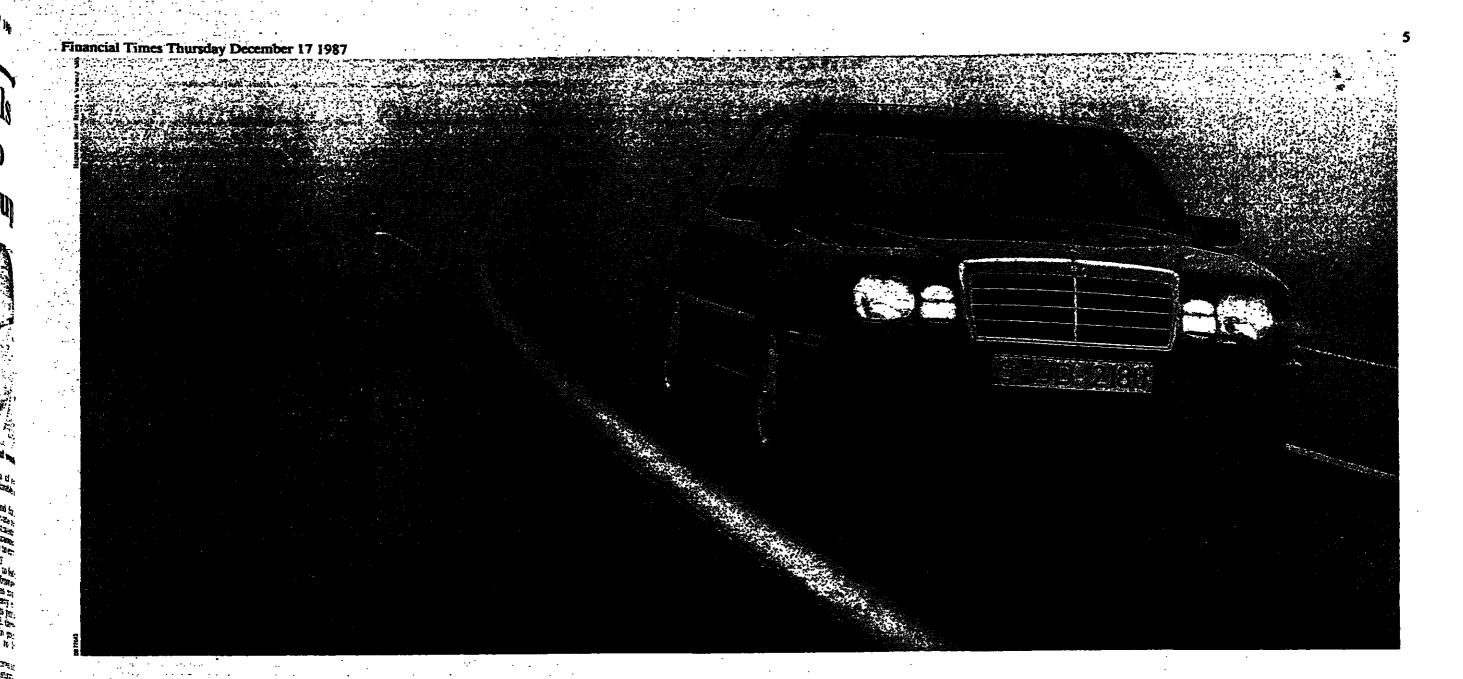
The HP-28C is the revolution in scientific calculators. It's the first to do symbolic algebra and symbolic calculus, plus it will accept your own personal formulas.

Both calculators are at their best with our wonderful optional printer. It has no wires or cables. It operates by infrared beam. Our HP-12C is now the

standard for financial professionals with more built-in financial functions than any other calculator.

Call Chris Hewson on (0734) 696622 for details of your nearest dealer. You'll thank yourself all year long.

FOR BUSINESS



Tardstick Safety.

Since they built their first cars, Mercedes-Benz have been setting the standards for safety.

iggest til

. 163 maria . wall 2005

المستويد المارة المستويد المارة المستويد

> Their success can be measured by the number of safety features that were first developed by the company and then adopted by other manufacturers, such

as the impact-absorbing crumple zones and anti-lock braking.

Today Mercedes-Benz are still at the forefront of automotive safety, with, for example, the electronically-controlled seat belt tensioner and the air bag, not only for the driver, but for the front seat

passenger as well. Every year the safety engineers redouble their efforts, and the results of their research and testing are incorporated into the production models.

Thus, the uncompromising Mercedes-Benz approach will always be the yardstick for safety.



MR MICHAEL DEAVER, a former top White House aide and friend of President Reagan, was convicted yesterday of commit-ting perjury while denying charges of improperly using his influence as a highly-paid Washington lobbyist.

Mr Deaver, 49, was found guilty on three charges of lying under oath to a grand jury and a

congressional committee investi-gating his activities. He was gating his activities. He was acquitted on two charges but still faces a maximum 15 years in prison and a \$22,000 fine. Mr Deaver was one of Mr

Reagan's closest aides as deputy White House chief of staff before leaving in May 1985 to form a Washington lobbying firm. Within months he was collecting six-figure retainers from clients including the South Korean and Canadian governments, Rock-well International, Boeing and the Phillip Morris tobacco com

During his trial, a succession of senior Reagan Administration officials, past and present, including the US Secretary of State, Mr George Shultz, and President Reagan's former national security adviser, Rear Admiral John Poindexter, testi
the government had been exempted for the covernment of the covernment had been exempted for the covernment of the cov

fied on his behalf. After 27 hours deliberation, a night.

The cornerstones of the beefed federal jury of seven women and five men reached a verdict convicting Mr Deaver of violating the Ethics in Government Act. It is the first time the Ethics Law which prohibits former top officials from lobbying government for at least one year - has been used against a White House offi-

Mr Deaver, a confidant of the Reagans for more than 20 years including the time when Mr Reagan was governor of Califor-nia, smiled sadly to his wife in the Washington courtroom when the verdict was announced. Sentencing is expected in February.

Mr Deaver's last hope of a reprieve may rest with a legal challenge to the constitutionality of the Ethics Law, which pro-vides for a federal panel of judges to appoint an independent prosecutor to investigate serious crimes by senior federal

Post-crash complacency likely to crowd out warnings of economic crisis postponed by determined intervention. He report and mend their ways - but by the Japanese and European central not even Bergsten regards this as a banks in defence of their own competitiveness, Wall Street economists see a "They might look at it, but they strong possibility of a secondary crash, starting this time in the bond market. "The business economists are forecasting a recession, the Federal Reserve" That view is one of the main targets some three years now and the disaster are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The problem for are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. The public finds it are unging that it was a bad idea in the has not happened. Th

THE TROUBLE with your report is that it reads just like a Louvre communique with numbers," said an experienced American reporter confronted with the proposals on the world adjust-ment problem released by the Wash-ington-based institute for international

Anthony Harris in Washington assesses the

ingum-nased institute for international Economics.

The business economists are foresting any serious anything? Even you say that the US economy is in good shape at the US economy is ingood shape at the US economy is ingood shape at the international lies in Wall moment. Do you think any US political attention lies in Wall can glection year?

The main hope of attracting any serious political attention lies in Wall and the bond market is then let them off the hook. Everyone of the IE report. The familiar night was arguing that the crash would mark of the work of them one political stention lies in Wall can be point to be understands prefared it moment suggests that the economy is the political attention lies in Wall can be point to be understands prefared in the work of them one of them of the book for one. The familiar night was arguing that the crash would mark of the bar food of the one of them of the bar food of them one of t

Nicaragua

anti-inflation

BY DAVID GARDNER IN MEDICO CITY

THE MEXICAN Government has unveiled the full details of itsan-ti-inflation measures. The packthe government had been examining over the past fort-

up anti-inflation policy are fiscal adjustment, voluntary wage and price controls and cheaper imports in addition to Monday's imports. In addition to Monday's 22 per cent devaluation and Tuesday's halving of import tariffs, the package, a tripartite accord between government, unions and the private sector, contains budget cuts, big public sector price rises, and a new system of price and wage indexation

President Miguel de la Madrid, President Miguel de la Madrid, announcing the plan on Tuesday night flanked by his full Cabinet and business and workers' leaders, said: 'I know this is a pact which will please no one.' But he argued that this was all that could be done to save Mexico from hyperinflation. Inflation in Mexico is running at an annual rate of 144 per cent, according to

official figures.
The President rejected the An independent counsel is leading a criminal inquiry into the Iran-Contra scandal. On Tuesday, President Reagan signed a bill reauthorising the office for another five years while expressing reservations over the consitutionality of the law.

The main features of the package, known as the Economic Solidarity Pact, are:

• Unspecified budget cuts equivalent to 1.5 per cent of gross domestic product and plans to speed up the sale and liquidation of upbils sector companies. tion of public sector companies.

• Increases of up to 85 per cent, effective yesterday, on fuel, telephone and electricity charges, air and rail travel, fertil-isers and other public sector goods and services, along with the elimination of a range of ax breaks and subsidies. This should yield another 1.5 per cent

The halving of import duty, with maximum tariffs cut from 45 to 20 per cent, and a target of a weighted average of 12 per

 A 15 per cent wage rise now, plus 20 per cent in January for all workers, and a system of for-ward indexation of wages from March until inflation comes down to 2 per cent a month.

Forecast inflation will thus be used as the lead indicator by which unions set their monthly wage rises and businesses their monthly price increases.

monthly price increases.

The aim appears to be to hold the peso where it is after Monday's devaluation, at least until March, though the pact leaves exchange rate policy, one of the main causes of inflation, carefully undefined.

The pact's slow motion presentation appears to have further stoked the fires of speculation.

US protest gesture in vote on Chile loan

THE US has abstained on a loan immediately, and the rest World Bank vote on a \$250m approval had appeared uncertain approval had appeared uncertain with speculation that the US, record, writes Mary Helen Spooner in Santiago.

The loan will be used to boost Chile's exports and to cover its current account deficit, which has proval of the Spooner in Santiago.

The loan will be used to boost Chile's exports and to cover its current account deficit, which has approval of the Chile's exports and to cover its current account deficit, which has approval of the current account deficit, which has current account deficit, which has approval of the current account deficit, which has a saving the country saving the c

peace talks face failure By Peter Ford in Managua NICARAGUA'S opposition has threatened to pull out of the dia-logue with the Sandinistas unless they agree to reforms. unless they agree to reforms.
Following aggressive speeches
by two Sandinista: leaders, the
move brought relations between

move brought relations between the government and the opposition to a new low, and threatened hopes of reconciliation and democracy through Central America's peace plan.

Opposition groups from both left and right gave the government six days to agree to 17 constitutional amendments they say are needed to ensure democracy in Nicaragus.

in Nicaragua.

The Sandinistas are not expected to bow to the demands, which include new limits on the president's powers, a ban on presidential re-election and clear distinctions between the roles of the army, the ruling party and

Representing the government at the 10-week-old "national dia-logue," required under the Arias peace plan, Comandante Carlos Nunez argued that only the National Assembly has the uthority to change the constitu-

Since the Sandinista Front has a two-thirds majority in the assembly, opposition leaders see little chance their reform proposals would prosper there.

Meanwhile conservative party leader Miriam Arguello warned on Theeday that assemblished.

Mexico unveils package details

Air Canada deal saves its Christmas flights

BY DAVID OWEN IN TORONTO

AIR CANADA and representatives of the international Associ-ation of Machinists and Aero-space Workers yesterday signed a tentative agreement to end the labour dispute which has grounded the airline since November 27.

The deal ensures that the company, whose flights represent about half of the Canadian airline market, will be operational in time for the peak holiday

As expected, the agreement includes a formula for the partial indexation of pensions to the cost of living. This has become something of a preoccupation in the Canadian union movement since the Canadian Auto Workers secured contracts providing dropped.
for the partial indexation of pensions for retired members from ment providing for no indexa-the Big Three North American tion pensions was overwhelm-carmakers in September.

The Air Canada agreement in October.

guarantees that payments to retirees will rise by 50 per cent of future cost-of-living increments. There is an 8 per cent inflation ceiling beyond which indexation will not apply, how-

This effectively limits automatic pension increases to an annual 4 per cent. The indexa-tion agreement will initially

apply for five years.
The airline, which employs some 8,500 of the association's members as groundworkers, also agreed to wage increases of between 4 and 5 per cent a year for the duration of the three-year contract. Its demands for the right to make more use of part-time workers in return for these concessions were finally A previous tentative settle-

Steep rise in US capital spending predicted

By Our Foreign Staff

US REAL capital spending is expected to rise strongly by 7.3 on on quarter. The latest estimates stock market collapse, the Commerce Department reported yesterday.

This would be the biggest increase in spending on new plant and equipment since 1985, when it rose 9.6 per cent. In 1986, real capital spending fell survey taken in October and November after the stock market is now estimated to have risen by 2.3 per cent.

This would be the biggest in fourth quarter capital spending and a 2.4 per cent rise in the first quarter of 1987, following a 0.7 per cent increase in fourth quarter capital spending and a 2.4 per cent rise in the first quarter of 1987, following a 0.7 per cent increase in the sectionate a 6.3 per cent increase in fourth quarter capital spending and a 2.4 per cent rise in the first quarter of 1987, following a 0.7 per cent increase in the sectionate a 6.3 per cent increase in fourth quarter capital spending and a 2.4 per cent rise in the first quarter of 1987, following a 0.7 per cent increase in fourth quarter capital spending and a 2.4 per cent rise in the first quarter of 1987, following a 0.7 per cent increase in fourth quarter capital spending and a 2.4 per cent rise in the first quarter of 1987, following a 0.7 per cent increase in fourth quarter capital spending and a 2.4 per cent rise in the first quarter of 1987, following a 0.7 per cent increase in fourth quarter capital spending and a 2.4 per cent rise in the first quarter of 1988.

The spending estimate, the department's first projection of 1988 spending, was based on a survey taken in October and November after the stock market in october and survey taken in October and November after the stock market in 0.5 per cent increase in fourth quarter. The latest estimates and output per cent increase in fourth quarter capital spending and a 2.4 per cent increase in fourth quarter of 1987, and a 2.5 per cent increase in fourth quarter of 1987, and a 2.5 per cent increase in fourth quarter of 1987, and a 2.5 per cent in by 2.3 per cent. were expected to raise spending. The Commerce Department by 8.6 per cent after a 3.1 per said real capital spending cent increase in 1987, the survey increased 4.7 per cent in the showed.

BRAZIL is to continue its moratorium on debt principal payments to Paris Club creditors guarantee agencies, is still being responsible for anything that into the New Year, writes Ivo Dawnay in Rio de Janeiro.

Brasilia has failed to pay \$1bn of principal due this year on loans made before March 31 1983.

Brazil keeps up debt moratorium

might happen to any of us. That caution followed a fierce the Finance Ministry official speech by Defence Minister responsible for international affairs, said Brazil simply lacked funds to cover the payments.

TRADE NEWS

Nigerian debt proposals 'are unsatisfactory'

MR David Murison, the Londonacting for creditors in rescheduling negotiations on some \$3.25bn uninsured Nigerian trade debts, has refused to endorse a controversial restructuring plan due to be put formally to creditors next month.
In a letter of invitation to a

creditors' meeting on January 14 at the meeting in the Wembley Conference Centre near London, Mr Murison said the proposals were unsatisfactory.
I do not regard the proposals

now before the holders of the notes as satisfactory, nor in any way comparable with the terms currently agreed by the Nigerian authorities with members of the Paris Club and the London club of commercial banks

conflict between Nigeria and its unin-

Market expectations are that noteholders will reluctantly agree to the proposals next month, but the meeting may be

Among the outstanding con-cerns of creditors was a decision by Nigeria not to acknowledge further claims amounting to some \$2bn which trade creditors have lodged with Nigeria.

Mr Murison, who took up the negotiation with Nigeria on behalf of the Law Debenture Trust as trustee for the debt, acknowledged in his letter that this decision "was open to much

However, he said they were the best he could obtain. The federal Ministry of Finance (in acute shortage of foreign Lagos) was not prepared further exchange means it is unlikely to be able to improve its offer. If sires unveiled in September, the rescheduling proposals would extend the life of the debts to 2010. Acceptance would theoretically end the row in the row i

Bob King in Taipei on growing commercial links with Peking

China - in spite of official poli-cies that still prohibit direct

third countries

most important agricultural trade concession ever achieved by the US in the Gatt and the narket for over 40 per cent of

exports much more expensive abroad and especially in the US, which normally buys about half of Taiwan's exports. Alcatel may win Minitel terminals order

BY LAURA RAUN IN AMSTERDAM

munications group, could win a Fl 50m (\$15m) order for 100,000

Minitel terminals, its largest for-eign contract for videotex hard-

ware, if an ambitious Dutch proj-

Telematica Foundation, the Dutch group behind a FI 100m

five-year videotex project, will

present its plans to domestic and French investors in Eindhoven

The venture capital compa-nies, banks, and the Dutch PIT

The Telematica project hopes

and are now, according to one estimate, the second highest in the region after Japan. By contrast, the average Chinese wage is about \$30 (£16.40) a month

Communist regime believes that increased commercial links will speed up unification of Taiwan with the mainland. Taiwanese investors receive preferential rates on loans and low rentals on land and factory sites as part of this programme.

The political motives for Chi-

nese inducements to Taiwanese business is the main reason why Taipei continues to prohibit direct investment. Taiwan's Nationalist Government still maintains that it is the rightful ruler of all China.

believe that there can be busi-ness contacts and even investment in China without sacrificing Talwan's dignity or security. Recently a group of economists, business leaders and members of parliament held a sympo-sium on trade with China, during which it was suggested that the Government could relax

Mr Cees Rovers, secretary of

Telematica Foundation, asserts, and other organisers are confi-

lags far behind with 30,000 link-

ups called Viditel, a system operated by the Dutch PTT using a television screen and a modern.

lower price.



One MP proposed the estab-lishment of a private organisa-tion to provide information on trade and investment in China. He also recommended setting up an arbitration office in a third country to deal with trade dis-putes that might arise.

wearing increasingly thin as the private sector seeks its own solu-

The businessman bought up used shoe-making machinery from factories in Taiwan and shipped it to 11 locations in China. He pays for the machinery, material and labour and arantees the Chinese factories guarantees the Uninese ractiones 70 cents a pair for the shoes they produce. He makes about three times the profit he would in Tai-

He originally considered joint ventures with the Chinese, but backed off when he realised he could not send in trusted Taiwanese to oversee the operations.
Instead, he employs Hong Kong
Chinese to co-ordinate manufacturing and shipping. Apart from purely economic considerations, he believes better

relations would improve the standard of life in China and lessen tensions on both sides of the Taiwan Straits. "Helping the Chinese people get rich is the best way to oppose Commu-nism." he says nism," he says.

At the same time, he is wary of

Chinese promises and guaran-tees. He plans to move his co-or-dination centre from Hong Kong to Singapore in five or six years in spite of Deng Xiao Ping's assurances about Hong Kong's future and will not increase his exposure in China until Taipei relaxes its policies towards the mainland mainland.

You cannot invest directly in China unless you have relatives there who can be trusted to over-

Hong Kong defends currency

By David Dodwell in Hong Kong

pressure for major trading partners in Asia to revalue their currencies against the US dollar was defended yesterday by Mr Piers Jacobs, the British Territory's Financial Secretary.

Quashing recent rumours that a revalue time.

rate of HK\$7.8 for every US

The growth rate of US Imports from Hong Kong is the lowest among the Asian

Asian NICs.

"As far as the US is concerned, we are a well-behaved trading partner,"
Mr Jacobs said.

Speculation that a revaluation was imminent has put great strain on the link rate in recent weeks. Despite a precipitous fall in inter-

Michelin in venture to build Thai tyre plant

Thailand's new industrial port has a 30 per cent share of the

MICHELIN, the French tyre pean market and building up a group, is extending its presence in the Far East with a joint venture in Thailand. It has linked up with Siam Cement, Thailand's biggest industrial conglomerate, to build a car tyre

At the beginning of this year, Michelin, the world's second largest tyre group after Goodyear, land, teamed up with Wuon Poong, The new joint venture, called

initial output of about 1.7m tyres a year.

Michelin's move into Thailand per cent stake in Firestone's per cent stake in Firestone's Thai operations. It then gradue reflects the French tyre group's efforts to expand in the Far East ally took control of the Firestone

major industrial and comme presence in North America. It is expected to develop ventures in the Far East follow-ing the establishment of commercial subsidiaries in Japan and Hong Kong and the invest-ments in manufacturing plants in South Korea and now Thai-

Thailand's heavy duties on the third biggest South Korean imported cars and tyres prompted Michelin to invest in a manufacturing facility in Thailand as was the case earlier this Michelin Siam Company, will be controlled by the French group. It plans to build the tyre plant in Michelin's partner Michelin's partner in Thailand

complex of Laem Chabang, local That tyre market where the about 100 miles from Bangkok, and production is expected to start at the end of 1989, with an per cent. Siam Cement entered the IVI market in 1982 when it took a 30 market after consolidating its assets which included a tyre position in its traditional Euro-manufacturing plant.

action as is necessary to bring an end to the EC's unfair trade

dairy production. In July, the EC cut soyabean price supports by 3 per cent and extended to soyabeans a produc-tion ceiling beyond which price

for the elimination or satisfactory modification of the Community's oilseeds programme.
It argues that the processing subsidies have sharply boosted internal oilseed crop production at the expense of US imports. "This year, the EC is guarantee ing its farmers over \$15 per bushel for all the soyabeans they can grow, Mr Bennett said. "By comparison, our soyabean support level is \$4.77."

Soyabeans new focus of US-EC

By Nancy Dunne in Washington

SOYABEANS yesterday became the latest focus of US-European sured trade creditors over non-payment of supplier credits not covered by an official export credit agency guarantee.

Community trade conflict when the American Soyabean Associa-tion (ASA) filed an unfair trade complaint over subsidies granted to Community producers and

Mr Wayne Bennett, ASA president, declared "US farmers are mad as hell" and that the Community practices had eroded the value of the American markets from \$3.5bn in 1982 to \$2.1bn

ast year. In a petition filed with the Office of the US Trade Represen-tative, the ASA charged the EC with employing unfair trade practices which discriminate against the import and utilisa tion of US soyabeans and soyabean meal.

It maintains that the Commu nity's internal oliseed and pro-tein crop subsidies to farmers, and oliseed processors are incon-

US soyabean exports and almost 10 per cent of total US agricul-tural export value," Mr Bennett The petition asks the trade investigation into the Community's subsidies and take such

The Community has argued that the decline in US exports results from falling beef consumption, competition from other feed grains and reduced EC

supports are limited.

The ASA, however, is asking telecommunications agency will then have two months to decide whether to invest in the scheme, which will attempt to repeat France's success with Minitel. France pioneered videotex technology and has by far the largest number in operation. to attract money from, among others, VNU, the Netherlands

Chinese triangle lures Taiwan

IN TAIWAN'S more relaxed Labour costs have also been political climate, local businessmen are gearing up for more formal commercial relations with estimate, the second highest in Chicago and are now, according to one estimate, the second highest in

trade with the mainland. Several Taiwanese companies and the dollar exchange rate of in labour-intensive industries the Chinese currency has fallen such as footwear, apparel and low-end consumer electronics products have already set up manufacturing operations in to the Taiwanese because the manufacturing operations in China, using citizens of third countries such as Hong Kong, who are not subject to the political constraints that govern the movements and operations of

l'aiwanese residents. Many businessmen in Talwan are considering or have begun operations in China, combining heaper Chinese Jahour with Tail wanese components and

These businessmen believe that Taipei's recent lifting of a 40-year ban on visits to China and its implicit endorsement of triangular trade with the main-land implies a tacit approval of more formal business contacts— including investments through

China's lure for the pragmatic Taiwanese is greatly reduced manufacturing costs. The Taiwan dollar has appreciated by more than 25 per cent against the US dollar over the past two years. That makes the country's

can smooth out the contradic-

tions to both the economic constraints on Taiwanese industry and the political implications of business involvement with One respected Taiwanese busi-nessman believes that Taiwan

dictably to these and other pro-posals by falling back on the official line. But that line is

tions of ideology, demonstrate its prohibitions without aban- Taiwan's better way to the Chi-doning its official stance toward nese and make money at the

ALCATEL, the French telecommunications group, could win a ing Dutch retail group, and Postbank, the innovative state-owned policy of Minitel terminals and is likely to win the Dutch contract if it materialises. Les Editions Amaury, the French publishing concern which provides Minitel programmes, is interested in sup-plying them in the Netherlands.

dent, that their project will work because of the system's proven popularity in France and its Purchase of the 100,000 Minitel terminals over five years would cost F1 50m and the The terminals work like a personal computer linked to a cen-tral databank. The user can call remaining FI 50m would be used for installation, instruction, up information ranging from maintenance, advertising and and can shop from home or play interest payments, according to France boasts 3m Minitels compared with only about 80,000 videotex linkups in West Germany and around the same number in Britain. The Netherlands

invest. Another major hurdle is text processing subsidiary of the extent to which the Dutch VNU. This is crucial in winning PTT participates, a question complicated by its privatisation on January 1, 1989.

After that date the PTT will be obliged to provide the necessary investors think kinkel can make largest publishing concern, Alcatel, the group formed by obliged to provide the necessary Ahold, the country's biggest grothe merger of France's Compag-telephone lines but would decide

on commercial grounds whether to help the Minitel project, for example, by collecting user fees through regular telephone bills. So far the PTT has been distinctly cool. The Telematica scheme promises to provide videotex services more cheaply than in the past

Mr Rovers claims. The terminals would be furnished free of charge and monthly fees would depend on how often the services are used. The cost will be only a fraction of that charged for the the PIT's Viditel Another advantage of the Mr Rovers.

Minitel is that it involves a separate terminal instead of a TV
the launch of Telematica Fourscreen, according to Mr Jasper dation, are also expected to van der Schoot of Rotabest, a

money in the Netherlands.

Stance

HONG KONG'S claim to be a special case in defying US pressure for major trading

Quashing recent rumours that a revaluation was being considered, Mr Jacobs said the Government had "absolutely no intention of altering the rate, or abandoning the system" under which the Hong Kong dollar is linked to the US unit at a rate of HKS7.8 for every US.

dollar. He pointed to three fac-tors that set Hong Kong apart from other newly industrialising countries (NICs) in Asia - prominently Taiwan, Sonth Korea and Singapore - all of which, with Hong Rong, maintain substantial positive visible trade belances substantial positive visible trade balances with the US: • The growth rate of US exports to Hong Kong is the highest among the Asian NIC.

The growth rate of the US trade deficit with Hong Kong is the lowest of all the

bank overnight interest rates, the HK\$ has been straining at the upper limits of the link range. It was quoted late yesterday at EK\$7.765 to the US unit.

HK\$7.765 to the US unit.

Hong Kong is alone among the Asian NICs in resisting US pressure to revalue its currency, this defence resting heavily on the argument that the territory is an entirely open market, and thus a model of what US officials would like to see elsewhere. elsew<u>k</u>ere.

Mr Jacobs predicted yea-terday that the world stock market crash, and uncer-tainty in the US market, was certain to have a knock-on offers for Houg knock-on effect for Hong Kong exporters.

John

Attractive Investment in the Heart of Dallas, Texas

UK NEWS

Following the recent crescendo of complaint from leading doctors and the medical profession about a crisis in the NHS, Mr Tony Newton, the Health Minister, announced measures intended to deal with current cash pressures, and confirmed the allocation of an extra £707m to health and computer extra following the second to hospital and community services in England in 1988-89.

Moreover, the Treesury will also fund the vast majority of the cost of restructuring nurses pay to a new, higher level which is now being considered by the official review body.

Together with an expected £150m from the continuing cost improvement programme and between £10m and £20m from new schemes to generate income, ministers claim there will be over 3 per cent real improvement in NHS resources next

However, the Treasury has only agreed to provide extra money this year in return for a significant tightening up of the present monitoring of health

The property of the property o

CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

ie remi

The second secon

ಾಸ್ ಚಿತ್ರಕ್ಕೆ 25 (25)

TAME

e vanjog m staren Dekar je

2012年12年

2002

nds

ency

Asie 10 M norse entre as defende piers to ab Territ

erelation recent for all and a fered Make bovernoons in the fered Make Bov

57.5 SE FE

ed to the set of the s

TO THE SECOND

contact and a second and a seco

ce THE R LIMIT (G'S claim's ie in Gritt

THE GOVERNMENT is to provide an immediate £101.8m to ease pressures on the National Health Service in the current financial year and it will take action to ensure continued real growth next year.

Following the recent crescendo of complaint from leading doctors and the medical profession about a crisis in the NHS, Mr Tony Newton, the Health Minister, announced measures intended to deal with current the section of the current measures intended to deal with current to grow the section to ensure of the current monitoring procedures had revealed a short-term measures that would not improve health care or efficiency. He described this as "clearly unacceptable." The difficulties are the public and partnerships between the public and private between the public and private between the public and private measures that the public and private measures that the public and private measures that the private of the current that could only be short-term measures that would not improve health care or efficiency. He described this as "clearly unacceptable." The difficulties are the remainded to deal with current that could only be successed by almost throughout the UK have been increased by almost injecting relatively small sums of cash and proposing "irrelevant the public and private between the public and private management yesterday called for an urgent meeting with the Prime Minister to seek ways of an urgent meeting with the Prime Minister to seek ways of an urgent meeting with the Prime Minister to seek ways of an urgent meeting with the prime Minister to seek ways of an urgent meeting with the prime Minister to seek ways of an urgent meeting with the prime Minister to seek ways of an urgent meeting with the prime Minister to seek ways of an urgent meeting with the prime Minister to seek ways of an urgent meeting with the prime Minister to seek ways of an urgent meeting with the prime Minister to seek ways of an urgent meeting with the prime Minister to seek ways of an urgent meeting with the prime Minister to seek ways of told members of parliament yes-terday, current monitoring pro-cedures had revealed a shortfall in income that could only be eliminated by short-term mea-sures that would not improve health care or efficiency." He described this as "clearly unac-ceptable." The difficulties are the result of the carrying forward of deficits by many health authori-ties.

> Mr Newton's announcement Mr Newton's announcement was generally welcomed by Conservative MPs, including those who have recently been critical of the Government's record. However, Mr Robin Cook, the Labour Party's social services spokesman, said the measures did not go far enough to deal with the funding shortfall and predicted further cuts in services.

The general view among Tory MPs is that the Government had taken the necessary steps to head off the immediate criticism by doctors which had become
politically damaging, However,
several MPs stressed the need for
further action and a wider
debate on the funding of health
care. Mr Newton talked of

It is now for regional health authorities to decide how the allocations of money announced yesterday — both the additional \$101.8m and the \$707m-worth of cash increases for 1988-89 — will be divided among their districts.

Mr Newton stressed that, in spite of the recent flurry of publicity about ward closures, bed losses and other cuts in the hospital service, the injection of the extra cash this year would be the processerily recent every lost bed

year was not a chunk of money designed to stop every possible change taking place simply

arrangements were made for arrangements were made for managing and funding the NHS. Yesterday's announcement of extra funds for this year will be welcomed by hard-pressed health authorities. But it remains approximately half of what hospital consultants and health services managements and health services. vice managers have argued will be needed.

The Government is determined to ensure that the quest for fur-ther efficiency and income gen-eration must continue in the health service.

necessarily rescue every lost bed. It had to be understood that some closures were taking place as part of sensible rationalisation programmes by health authorities.

Mr John Moore, Social Services.

Secretary, and Mr Newton will-next month meet the presidents of the Royal colleges, which have become involved in the controversy over the state of the NIES. NHS. A small unit is being set up in the Department of Health and Social Security which will advise health authorities on ways of

The Daltas Land Assemblage is an area of approx. 1263 000 sq.ft. of land immediately north of the Dallas Central Business District. Oak Lawn/Turtle Creek led the Dallas/Fort Worth area in net absorbtion of new office space, demand is high for retail and residential The Lehndorff Group has assembled development land at relatively low prices over the last years. The area has now been zoned, the maximum building density (floor to area ratio "FAR") is 4:1. Please contact us for detailed

t am interested to your ofter "Dallas Land Assemblage"

Delease contact me ☐ Please send me a brochure Address:

Our offering: © 50% of the project for US\$ 20 million © 5% p.a. preferred return © preferred return of capital © 50% of the profits © US\$ 50 000.— minimum lavestment (plus 5% placement fee).

LEHNDORFF

Lehndorff Asset Management Inc., Rámistrasse 5, CH-8024 Zurich, Telephone 01 - 47 26 16

Auctions

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on the 29th January 1988.

A number of areas will be covered including:

- A. Commercial property
- B. Residential property and land
- C. Agricultural land and farms D. Industrial investments
- E. Retail property
- F. Plant and machinery
- G. Vehicles
- H. Fine art

For editorial synopsis or any further details on advertising rates please contact Emma Cox on 01-248-5115 or your usual Financial Times representative.

> **Financial Times Europes Business Newspaper**

THE BANKER

* JAPANESE BANKING & FINANCE **JANUARY ISSUE**

With deregulation at home the Japanese banks and securities houses are increasingly looking abroad for growth, They have become another export success. The Banker will review the Japanese banking and financial markets with particular reference to:

- Commercial banking 16 of the Top 25 banks in the world are Japanese; what are the future international &
- domestic trends? International Capital markets - despite the seizure in the warrants and convertible issues market the Japanese will
- continue to dominate the Euromarket. The Tokyo Equity Market - Who are the major operators? Will the Japanese retail and investors continue to support the market
- Deregulation Competition from the Regionals and the growing foreign presence in the securities markets can

PLUS LISTINGS; TOP 100 JAPANESE BANKS. **TOP 30 Securities Houses**

> For further details please contact Henry Krzymuski 102 108 Clerkenwell Road London EC1M 5SA Tel:01 251 9321 Tlx. 23700, Fax 251 4686

Poll tax bill attacked by rebel Tory MPs

THE BILL to replace domestic rates (property taxes) by the universal community charge or poll tax was yesterday strongly criticised in the House of Commons by several prominent Conservative members of parliament, including Mr Michael Heseltine, a former Environment

Secretary.

precisely and unavoidably at the general election. Government, Mr Heseltine added.

The measure, described by Mrs Margaret Thatcher as the "flag-ship" of the current legislative programme, is nonetheless assured of a second reading tonight at the end of a two-day

second reading of the bill after authority areas.

Mr Bernard Weatherill, the Mr John Cunningham,

eneral election. very high marginal rates of tax.

The main vote will be on the and local brain drains between

Speaker, yesterday ruled out of Labour's environment spokesorder a motion backed by over man, said the poll tax repre40 Tory members of parliament, instructing the standing committee on the bill to consider banding the level of the charge in Mr Heseltine and Mr Norman relation to ability to pay. He said this could be covered by ordinary amendments.

Mr Nicholas Ridley, the Enviing to table an amendment to He described it as "politically Conservative business manag-disastrons" and "expensive, ineffective and unfair." He said it would be known as a Tory tax, "a granny tax" which would hit family life and old people. Responsibility would be directed disastrons. This would still be Responsibility would be directed disastrons and "expensive, ineffective and unfair." He said it whether Tory rebels abstain or whether Tory rebels abstain or vote against the bill, the Government Secretary, attacked a the education reform bill urging banded charge as "the worst of the abolition of the Inner London Responsibility would be directed to some that, depending on whether Tory rebels abstain or vote against the bill, the Government Secretary, attacked a the education reform bill urging banded charge as "the worst of the abolition of the Inner London Responsibility would be directed."

Public sector surplus result makes Spring tax cut likely

BY SIMON HOLBERTON

THE PROSPECT of tax cuts in next Spring's budget was height-ened yesterday by provisional Government figures showing a public sector surplus of £1.6bn last month.

The figures for the public sector borrowing requirement (PSBR) also underline the current strength of the UK economy. Revenues from taxation are ahead of the Treasury's expecta-tions and there is a lower rate of increase in Government expendi-

Independent economists now expect that the Government will be able to achieve a balanced budget at worst, and a budget surplus of £1bn or more, at best. The Government last balanced its budget in 1969-70.

Mr. Stophen Hennish of County

instead of issuing its own mani-festo - the first time the party

'ass done so.

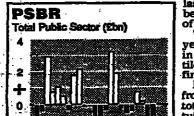
The move is the more significant since it is certain that the manifesto will reflect the broad,

manifesto will reflect the broad, if qualified, support of the European Socialist Parties for the internal market reforms now being steered through the Community's bodies by Lord Cockfield, the Trade Commissioner.

The manifesto is also certain to mirror the strong commitment to the Community which all other Socialist parties in the member countries, apart from

member countries, apart from the Danes, have long had.

The British Labour Group of



1987

The Government last balanced its budget in 1969-70.

Mr Stephen Hannah of County Natwest, the investment banking arm of National Westminster bank, said: The coming budget offers the Chancellor his best. The cumulative PSBR, excluding chance to lower the basic rate of taxation to 25p, which has been his objective for some time."

November's surplus of £1.5bn.

John Lloyd reports on Labour's new attitude to the EC

Kinnock warms to Europe

said he believed it marked a new stage in the relationship of the British Labour Party to the Com-

munity.

Mr Kinnock's letter says that:

"The Labour Party has been exploring the European dimensions of its policy in a constructive way and we would hope that our work with our comrades in Europe will reflect that.

"Naturally we will have our

sions of its policy in a constructive way and we would hope that our work with our comrades in Europe will reflect that.

"Naturally we will have our own campaigning material. however, I would like to maximise the use of the Confederation's manifesto in our own campaign and if at all possible avoid the necessity for the British Labour Party to produce a separate man-

MR NEIL KINNOCK, the Labour Party leader, has signalled a new approach by his party towards the European Community.

In a letter to Mr Enrique Baron, the Spanish Socialist member of the European Parliament (MEP) who chairs the committee charged with drafting the Socialist manifesto for the 1884 European Mr Kinnock says that he wants the Labour Party to use the text of the manifesto surface by the Confederation of European Socialist Parties instead of issuing its own mani-

be in deficit by £1bn by the end of the financial year.

The Tressury was cautious yesterday and said movements in the PSBR could be quite volatile during the last months of the financial year.

Last month's figures benefited from payments to the Treasury totalling \$1.5bn, from UK insti-tutions for the purchase of BP shares in October. Some of this benefit will be lost if the Bank of shares when its price support scheme expires on January 6.

Trends in taxation receipts and Government expenditure and Government expenditure were encouraging: Revenues were 12% per cent higher in the first eight months of this financial year, against a Government forecast of 8% per cent higher for this year.

Revenues from personal and company taxes in November was 12 per cent higher than a year earlier and value added and customs and excise receipts were up 8% ner cent. Government expen-

November's surplus of £1.5bn compared with £7bn in toms and excise receipts were up 1986-87.

Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancel ditures were 5% per cent higher lor of the Exchequer, forecast than a year earlier.

by the Confederation (of Socialist Parties)."

The Labour leader says; "We must project realistic objectives for the European Community until the mid-1990s, when the next European Parliament will dissolve. We must be seen as the force for progress and change the people who are able to deal with today's realities and prepare for tomorrow's challenges."

He urges that the manifesto gives over its first major section

to policies for "a competitive and productive Europe" in which the "opportunities" presented by the creation of a single internal market should be "subject to social control and geared to social objectives."

Spain's most popular water sports.

Fiesta de las Fallas. Fire is the guest of honour



Spanish nights are always an entertaining follow-up to the

A splendid day is

magical evening.

followed by a

Flamenco, Yet another temptation to postpone going home to bed.

countries sleep. this is what we delight in.

While other

SANDEMAN FOUNDERS RESERVE PORT

No Longer Reserved To The English

Unlike elsewhere, in Spain nights are not meant for sleeping. Or rather, not just for sleeping. Here you'll find you are constantly tempted to

put off going to bed. Night after night. After a delicious dinner there are lots of possibilities. You choose: have a drink in a lively pub, go to a nightclub with live music, try your luck in a sophisticated Casino or dance the night away in some village square at festival time.

How can you resist these temptations? Your bed can wait. Besides, that's why the siesta



Spain. Everything under the sun.



Swiss Bank Corporation (Overseas) Ltd.

US\$ 250 000 000 10 1/4 % Guaranteed Notes 1983-90

Notice is hereby given in accordance with Article 6 (b) of the Description of the Notes that Swiss Bank Corporation (Overseas) Ltd. wishes to redeem all of the above-mentioned Notes on January 11, 1988 (the "Redemption Date") at 101 % (the "Redemption Amount").

Payment of the Redemption Amount will be made on or after the Redemption Date against presentation and surrender of the Notes together with all unmatured coupons at the offices of any of the Paying Agents listed below. The Notes will become void unless presented for payment within a period of ten years from the Redemption Date.

PRINCIPAL PAYING AGENT

Beries Bank Corporation, Asschemerstack 1, 4002 Basis/Switzer

persua AGENTS: Suits Back Corporation (Luxembourg) Limited, Luxembourg Swiss Bank Corporation, London

Swize Bank Corporation (Canada), Toronto and Montrea Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A., Luxembourg Bunkers Trust Company, New York

For and on behalf of Swiss Bank Corporation (Overseas) Ltd. December 11, 1967

NEWINTERESTRATES

HomeOwner Reserve Rate

With effect from Thursday 17th December 1987 the HomeOwner Reserve Rate will be reduced by 1.5% to 13.0% per annum. **APR 13.6%.**

Home Improvement Loan Rate

With effect from Friday 1st January 1988 the Home Improvement Loan Rate will be reduced by 0.75% to 10.75% per annum. **APR 11.5%.**



Building materials show 7% output rise

per cent increase in output next decide whether to offer compenyear is higher than that predicted by other construction analysts. This is because building there would be no global offer to material producers have included the start of Channel tunnel construction in the pro-

The National Economic Devel-opment Office, which published its forecasts for British construction last week, excluding the Channel tunnel, is forecasting only a 3.5 per cent increase in output next year.

Savory Milin, the stockbroker, which published its forecasts of construction cutrout this week. orders, deliveries and investment are leading to faster job creation and vastly improved business

construction output this week, is predicting a 2.5 per cent increase in output in 1988 but has cut its forecast for 1989 from 2 per cent to 0.5 per cent.
The growth has been gener-

ated largely from the private sec-tor. The number of starts made on private houses is expected to decline, although numbers will remain high. Commercial office, retail and industrial construction are also expected to rise further next year although some of these sectors may look more vulnera-ble as the end of the decade

Late Opren claimants face compensation fight

BY RAYMOND HUGHES, LAW COURTS CORRESPONDENT

A SOLICITOR for Eli Lilly, US the remaining claimants.

manufacturer of the banned He denied that Lilly was shel-By Andrew Taylor

BUILDING MATERIAL producers yesterday added to the welter of statistics showing that Britain has enjoyed its best year for construction output, since the early against the company.

has enjoyed its best year for construction output since the early 1970s.

The National Council of Building Material Producers estimated that output had grown by 7 per cent, this year. It said 1988 was likely to be another good year for construction although the for construction although the said formstruction although the court.

for construction although the rate of growth was likely to slow to about 5 per cent.

However, the council has reduced its forecast for 1989 following the stock market crash. Before the collapase in share prices the council had been forecasting a 2 per cent increase in output during 1989. It now expects output to rise by only 0.5 per cent.

Mr Nigel Chaldecott, directorgeneral of the council, said it was still too early to assess the full impact of the fall in share prices on construction. For that reason any forecast for more than 12 months ahead should be treated with caution.

The 1,200 or so claimants covered by the offer, announced without any financial details last week, have been recommended by their solicitors to accept it.

Mr David McIntosh, of Davies, Arnold & Cooper, the London solicitor acting for Lilly in the Opren litigation, said that he was not suggesting that late claims were necessarily hopeless cases. However, each one would be challenged by Lilly, both on the calline — and on its merits.

If any claim surmounted the limitation obstacle, which Mr McIntosh doubted, Lilly would decide whether to offer compen-

confidence; according to the lat-est quarterly survey of the Asso-ciation of Yorkshire and Hum-berside Chambers of Commerce.

The association covers nearly 8,000 businesses in Yorkshire

and Humberside, parts of which have a broader range of indus-

of Justice in Luxembourg.

nity regulations.

The proposal originated with Lord Mackenzie Stewart, president of the European Court,

which handles European Com-

munity litigation arising under

the Treaty of Rome and commu-

The Court of First Instance would deal with about a third of

the European Court's caseload

including competition cases and

appeals against fines under the

He said that the matter had

deadline for making claims. Mr McIntosh said that Lilly was sticking to its demand that solicitors for the 1,200 people included in the offer must undertake not to act for other claimants not covered by the offer if they want to be told its details.

He said it would be 'nonsensi-cal' for Lifly to make a settle-ment proposal and then be faced with solicitors who had gained expertise and knowledge in the matter continuing as adversaries in claims not covered by the

Mr McIntosh denied that solici-

Yorkshire business improves

reported an increase in deliveries and orders.

and orders.

Only 9 per cent shed labour in the quarter and only 4 per cent expected to do so during the current quarter. However, 40 per cent took on extra people and 34 per cent intended to do so before the end of this year. Both these figures are well up on last year, when the signs of economic recovery were beginning to appear.

have a broader range of industries than most areas of the north. The survey — one of the largest in Britain — is the most comprehensive analysis of economic trends affecting the region and covers 14 industries.

The survey, covering the third quarter of this year, showed that

Lords welcome EC court plan

the need to provide some machinery to cope with the Lux-

embourg court's excessive case-load which, it said, was causing unacceptable delays and prejudi-cing the administration of jus-

BY IAN HAMILTON FAZEY, NORTHERN CORRESPONDENT

BY RAYMOND HUGHES, LAW COURTS CORRESPONDENT

a CAU FIOUS Wescome as seen given by a House of Lords committee to a proposal that there should be a European Court of First Instance to relieve the workload of the European Court workload of the European Court of the European Communities, recognised

A CAU flous welcome has been Coal and Steel Treaty.

STRONG UPWARD trends in nearly 60 per cent of businesses

clients on to another solicitor, he

He denied that Lilly was sheltering behind a legal technicality—the time limitation point—to avoid compensating alleged Opren victims who were otherwise indistinguishable from those included in the offer and others outside it will ask the High Court to relieve them of the undertaking. They there included in the offer. judge who has been handling the Opren litigation, this week, but he said that there would have to received wide publicity over a Opren litigation, this week, but number of years and the High he said that there would have to Court had twice extended the be a proper hearing in January

with Lilly's lawyers present.
One of the six is Mr Richard Barr, who has five clients covered by the offer and another 200 or so who are not.

Mr Barr said that he felt that mr part said that he felt that he could not sign the undertaking — with the result that Lilly will not say how much is on offer to the five of his clients covered by it — because it would prevent him acting for the remainder

Mr Barr said that, as a matter of principle, solicitors should not be put in a position where they had to choose between the inter-ests of different clients.

tors who signed the undertaking would be in breach of their professional obligations.

The "handful" of solicitors whose clients included some covered by the offer and others not covered, could get out of their difficulty by passing their offer

The impact on sales will show in increased turnover next year for 77 per cent of respondents. Only 3 per cent expect turnover to fall. Economic recovery will show in increased profits, according to \$1.1000.

The report believed that the proposed jurisdiction of the Court of First Instance was unduly restricted it also empha-

the problems.

cing the administration of justice.

The number of cases going to the court has more than tripled since 1970, with delays in obtaining judgments growing from might give an opinion to a months in 1975 to 21 three-judge court in complex cases.

James Buxton talks to Malcolm Rifkind on his hopes for Scotland

continues to grow strongly

Air traffic

By Michael Donne, Aerospace

UK AIR TRAFFIC continued at high levels last month, with BAA and British Airways

reporting strong growth. Air travel is regarded as a barometer of overall economic activity and the November figures Indicate that, in spite of the collapse of the stock markets, there is still a substantial inderlying demand. underlying demand.

BAA, formerly the British Airports Authority, which runs seven airports in the UK, said that last month those airports collectively handled 4.2m passengers, or 12 per cent more than in the corresponding month a year ago. month a year ago.

Traffic at the south-east airports (Heathrow, Gatwick and Stansted) was up by 11.4 per cent, while at the Scottish air-ports (Glasgow, Aberdeen, Edinburgh and Prestwick) it rose 17 per cent.

BAA said there was signifi-cant growth in main passenger markets, with domestic routes recording a rise of 14 per cent, the best result this year, while European scheduled services carried 13 per cent more.

North Atlantic traffic was up 15 per cent and other long-haul routes registered a collective increase of 8 per cent.

A similar situation was reported by British Airways. It said that during last month its traffic on scheduled services amounted to more than 1.5m passengers up 10.8 per cent on a year ago, while total traffic including package tours and Confidence is shown by increasing investment in buildings, with 25 per cent spending more on premises, compared with about 16 per cent last year. Nearly 40 per cent bought more plant and machinery in the quarter. Last year the figure was below 30 per cent. charters amounted to 1.56m, a rise of 8.4 per cent.

For the eight months of the financial year from April to the end of last month, BA's total traffic including tours and charters amounted to nearly 16.5m passengers, a rise of 15.2 per cent.

Car output falls in November

UK CAR output fell back in November for the second consec-utive month from relatively high levels achieved mid-year. Trade and Industry Department provi-sional estimates show output, seasonally adjusted, of 87,000 units, compared with 92,000 in October and a high for the year However, the report said that, as community law continued to develop, more cases would go to Luxembourg and, while the Court of First Instance would give a breathing space, it would not provide a lasting solution to the problems.

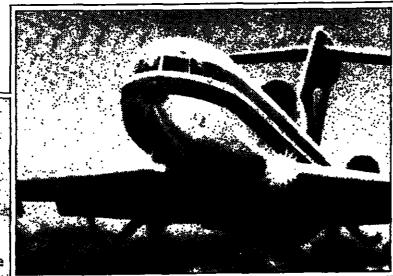
Taking the latest six-month period as a whole, output was still 7 per cent higher than in the preceding six months and 15 per cent higher than in the corresponding périod a year ago.

Seasonally adjusted output of commercial vehicles at 20,000 units was little changed from that of the preceding month. For the latest six months as a whole, output was 4 per cent above the preceding six-month period and 8 per cent higher than in the corresponding period last year.

Better performance counts most!

"Yemenia is proud to have a 98% technical schedule efficiency."

ne of Yemenia's top priorities is the finest possible maintenance of our aircraft. We spare nothing to achieve this, in time, in money, training or investment. Nor do we feel too proud to call in the : assistance of longer established colleagues when necessary. The proof of the pudding is in the eating and Yemenia is proud to have a 98% technical schedule efficiency.



Call your travel agent or Yemenia (01) 4343926



Yemenia 🗲 25 YEARS OF DEPENDABLE SERVICE

For all those who need accurate information:

To enter a subscription to Nos 43 and 44

I wish to order No.42 (Price: £7,US\$14, FF70, DM30

to be published in June and

letter head, and send to:

on economic trends and prospects in OECD countries,
 on developments which largely determine the course of

the world economy, the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development will publish on 23rd DECEMBER 1987 the

OECD ECONOMIC OUTLOOK No. 42 Order your copy now and enter your subscription for 1988

YES

NO

MISTERDAM ATHENS BAHRARI BEDAH BOMBAY CARO DAMASUIS DHAHRAM UMBOUTHI DOHA ERMRETRY HODAIDAH ISTAMBUL JEDOAH KARACH HARTOUM RAWAT BARBACA LONDON MOSCOW PARIS RYAIN RUME SAADAH

To the Holders of

WARRANTS to subscribe for shares of common stock of

KANTO NATURAL GAS DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD. (Issued in conjunction with an issue by Kanto Natural Gas Development Co., Ltd. (the "Company") of U.S. \$40,000,000

31/2 Guaranteed Notes Due 1991) NOTICE OF FREE DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES

AND
ADJUSTMENT OF SUBSCRIPTION PRICE

Pursuant to Clause 4(A) of the Instrument dated December 17, 1986 under which the above described Warrants were issued, you are hereby notified that a free distribution of Shares of our Company at the rate of 0.05 share for each one share held will be made to shareholders of record as of December 31, 1987.

As a result of such distribution, the Subscription Price at which shares are issuable upon exercise of the Warrants will be adjusted pursuant to Condition 7 of the Warrants from ¥836.20 Japanese Yen to ¥796.40 Japanese Yen effective as of January 1, 1988.

Dated: December 17, 1987

The Industrial Bank of Japan Trust Company on behalf of Kanto Natural Gas Development Co., Ltd.

ORGANISATION FOR ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION & DEVELOPMENT Publications Service, 2 rue Andre-Pascal. 75775 PARIS CEDEX 16, FRANCE.

lease clip or copy this coupon, attach your business card or

"A LOT of people are surprised that we haven't actually gone into a corner to lick our wounds 'I think

and feel sorry for ourselves," says Mr Malcolm Rifkind, the Scottish Secretary.
"I think I am entitled to say that we have dominated the political debate in Scotland since

political debate in Scotland since the general election by contin-uing to pursue our policies."

Mr Rifkind is in charge of step-ping up the dose of Thatcherism in Scotland in spite of the fact that the Conservatives received what he admits was a "mauling" in the general election, when 11 out of 21 Tory MPs lost their seats.

And while government policies on such matters as education, on such matters as education, the economy and the community charge may dominate the debate in Scotland, opinion surveys and consultation procedures show that a large majority of Scots disagree with them. Many see them as being imposed on an unwilling populace by Downing Street. But for Mr Rifkind the policies adaptations for Scotland of the Government's third-term strat-

Government's third-term strat-egy – are "particularly relevant to Scottish requirements". They are part of a "strategic frame-work" aiming to foster an enter-prise culture. "The development of an enterprise culture is more important to Scotland than almost any other part of the kingdom," he says.

The enterprise culture has not disappeared in Scotland in the

past 40 or 50 years, he says. "It exists and thrives in many parts of Scotland. But we still have a disproportionately large expecta-tion that the solution to economic problems must lie with government, whether central or

Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancel-lor, told Scots recently that a "dependency culture" is to a large extent concentrated in the west of Scotland. There, Mr Rifkind says, It has been "reinforced by the political domination of the Labour Party in Strathclyde". Mr Rifkind emphasises that although parts of Scotland required higher public spending and the whole of Scotland needed special economic treatment such as that offered by the

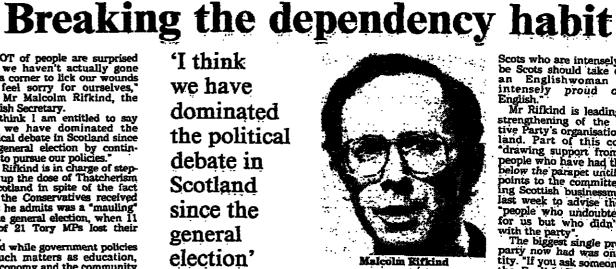
we have dominated the political debate in Scotland since the general election'

the private sector rather than the public sector.

What we are seeking is a transformation of the Scottish scene through home ownership. parental involvement in educa-tion, and privatisation, he says. The forthcoming privatisation of the two Scottish electricity boards, the form of which has yet to be decided, would create a large Scottish-based industry free of the control of the Trea-sury in Whitehall. If preference was given to employees and con-sumers in the allocation of shares "there is an opportunity

making Scots take more respon-

his job uses his redundancy money to start a new business. He does not do what many in Scotland have done — and other parts of Britain — which is wait Scottish Development Agency the economic regeneration of for someone else to bring employment to him." Scotland is happening because of



But having done so badly in the general election in Scotland, what right did Conservatives what right did Conservatives have to impose their remedies on Scotland? In the general election, he says, 86 per cent of the Scottish electorate had voted for parties that wanted to form a UK government, which "means you believe it is in Scotland's interests to have a Reistand's interests to have a Reistand's overnment, policy it is in Scotland ests to have a British economic strategy. If one wanted a separate economic strategy for Scotland the only coherent way to respond was to vote Scotland is deeply relevant to a very important section of the Scotlish community.

"Take the devolution debate. The polis suggest that around 20 per cent to 25 per cent want no change Let's even accept, just for the sake of argument, that wher 75 per cent want devolved."

Did he think, as even some

making Scots take more responsibility in their lives, for example by serving on the boards that care to be formed to supervise schools.

"If you have a mature, responsible society, the chap who loses his job uses his redundancy by some the story a new business."

If you have a mature, responsible society, the chap who loses his redundancy by story a new business.

Scots who are intensely proud to be Scots should take offence at an Englishwoman who is intensely proud of being

Mr Rifkind is leading a major strengthening of the Conserva-tive Party's organisation in Scot-land. Part of this consists of drawing support from a lot of people who have had their heads

people who have had their heads below the parapet until now. He points to the committee of leading Scottish businessmen set up last week to advise the party—people who undoubtedly voted for us but who didn't identify with the party.

The biggest single problem the party now had was one of identity. If you ask someone, who do the English Tories represent, a lot of people in Scotland would respond wrongly that they represent the English Tories. Our objective is to ensure that when people ask that question in future, their answer will be that they represent Scottish ratepayers, Scottish home owners. Scottish industry, Scottish parents, a whole series of Scottish interests

for a major boost to Scottish share ownership."

Mr Rifkind's present strategy contrasts strongly with previous Conservative policy for Scotland, which contained an element of shielding the Scots from the full force of Thatcherism. In a recent speech he said that while the theme of the first two terms of Conservative government had been to give Scots incentives to better themselves — such as tax cuts and council house sales — the theme of the third term was case, he says, most people have no more than a "vague prefer-ence" for devolution, not a strong desire

Building up the Conservative vote will be a matter of cultural change, he says. Eventually the Scot who owns his own home and benefits from the parents charter will join the dominant culture and become a Conservative. For many people it will be easy. It will be more difficult for someone in the Labour strongtive. For many people it will be can't remember any leader of can't remember any leader of casy. It will be more difficult for someone in the Labour strong-in any part of the UK.

"She's English - she doesn't maintain to be anything else, and I am always bemused why happen. I can't prove it will happen."

200

T sur

1985 77 W.D

9- 2-

a. 2207

Hamp

iousin

N ... -

ARCH

Post Office corporate finance director

raffir

gly

21

- 100 - 100 - 100

utput d

rember وحا

nii ele Tanakt

Scotlan

. :::: 11 7 12 E 2 (C)

MORTON THIOKOL INC. has appointed Mr Ronald W. Mankenbeck as senior vice president Cals group, based in London. Mr Derek D. Rintoni succeeds him as managing director of the group's Williams division, of which Mr Nigel R. Barton becomes financial director.

LIDVIGSEN ASSOCIATES has DORMA, part of the CV home furnishing division of the Coats Viyella Group, has appointed four directors from January 1. Mr Gareth Lewis has been promoted from general marketing manager to marketing director. Mr Bernard Lucas; national sales manager, becomes sales director. Mr Paul Matter is made operations director from operations manager. Mr Glyn LUDVIGSEN ASSOCIATES has operations manager. Mr Glyn appointed as a managing associ-

CONTRACTS

housing project

FIELD DAVIS, Barnet-bar construction company, has been awarded a new-build contract by Mansell Homes for six houses in Hampstead, London. Construc-tion work has started on the luxury development of distinctive white brick town houses within a landscaped garden area. Due to limited space, a sub-basement car park and storage area is included. Contract value is \$600,000 and the development is planned for completion in surp-mer 1988. Field Davis has com-menced refurbishment of a large property in Pembroke Gardens, London W8, for \$850,000.

London W8, for \$350,000.

WARD ARCHITECTURAL

SYSTEMS, Coventry, a whollyowned subsidiary of the Ward
Group, has gained orders for two
projects worth over \$4m. They
are for phase 2 of the Guildford
Business Park - an extension of
Ward's existing engagement and Ward's existing engagement and a project undertaken in conjunction with Bryant Construction and for the new Dun & Brad-street headquarters building at High Wycombe, undertaken in conjunction with Tarmac Construction

DIVIDEND

NOTICE is bereby given that the Board of Directors Limited has declared a dividend of 20¢ (U.S. funds) per share payable on January 5, 1988 to shareholders of record December 9, 1987. Dated this 1st Day of Barry Landen



Hampstead Hayant orders new computer

Havant Borough Council has signed a contract valued at 'close to Elm' for additional computer equipment and software to upgrade data processing capacity to handle housing benefits, rents community charge, creditors, revenues, and a new financial information system. Key to the order was HONEYWELL order was HONEYWELL BULL's LOGOS local authority BULL's LOGOS local authority software development programme which offers packages designed to run the council's principal applications. Havant is also buying Honeywell Bull's fourth generation languages (4GLs), IQS and Mantis. Installation of the new hardware and software will be taking place from this month on an agreed phased basis.

M J GLEESON GROUP has been awarded the \$2.7m contract to build for Homebase - a subsidiary of J Sainsbury - a house and garden centre at Purley. Way, Croydon, Surrey. Glesson is scheduled to complete the 63 x 58 metre single-storey centre, together with the associated car park, service yard and external landscaping, in September 1988.

A Derby firm has won a \$2m (\$1.1m) contract to build test equipment for the American equipment for the American space shuttle. Instrumentation engineers ROTADATA has won the NASA order to build a test rig version of the turbine that drives the liquid hydrogen pump on the shuttle's engine.

> NOTICE OF INTEREST RATE To the Helders of errectional Bank for Reconstruction and Development

ted U.S. Dollar Floating Rate Notes of 1985 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the above Notes will bear interest for the period from December 15, 1987 to and including March 14, 1988 at a rate per annum of 6.396599% psyable on March 15, 1988 in the amount of \$161.69 in respect of each \$10,000 principal amount of Notes and \$4,042.30 in respect of each \$250,000 principal amount of Notes.

MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Flood Agent Dated: December 17, 1987

Heron International Finance B.V.

GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE NOTES 1984-1991 for the six meants 16 December 87 to 16 June 38 cach note will carry an interest rate of 7% 5 per summ and a compon subcusting to SCU 190.78. LISTED ON THE LUXEMBOURG STOCK EXCHANGE
AND THE LUXEMBOURG STOCK EXCHANGE
AGENT BANK

The Copyright Bill - its shortcomings and excesses

By A. H. Hermann, Legal Correspondent

bad. It is more a sort of redrafting of the present law, so as to embrace the entire width of the new copyright industries while avoiding some of their most urgent new problems. As if to compensate for this reticence, the Bill adds some new and quite tunnecessary difficulties.

One of the most urgent problems is home copying of music on sudio tape. After interminable sessions, experts agreed that there was no other way to secure royalties on such copying than by the introduction of a flat levy

Mr. Richard Gloss has been appointed director of corporation of the component of the compon

Two of the main problems, home taping of music and lending rights on video tapes, remain unsolved

provision is that which would authorise self-help, allowing parties to seize goods, which they consider infringing, as long as they do not use force. This would make it possible for manufacturers with exaggerated ideas about their copyright to remove exhibits from their competitors' stands at trade exhibitions, as long as the attendants did not offer physical resistance. By contrast, even if their copyright claims were fully justified, they could not remove the offending products from the premises of a trader ready to put up a fight.

tions of their work and assuring tions of their work and assuring of main problems, it is completely mystifying why, if clause 94 is adopted, a mere assertion of copyright should oblige the other party in legal proceedings to bear the full burden of disproving it. The normal procedure seems to be that he who claims a right must prove it. Clause 96 makes things even worse by allowing a person the producer of a television advertisement should be always identified and have the right to damages if their work is modified. It should be enough for them to be able to insist on a disclaimer making it clear that they are not responsible for certain modifications if the work as a whole is attributed to them. As the Bill reads now, the disclaimer would only be useful as one of the remedies after litigation.

Another rather far-reaching

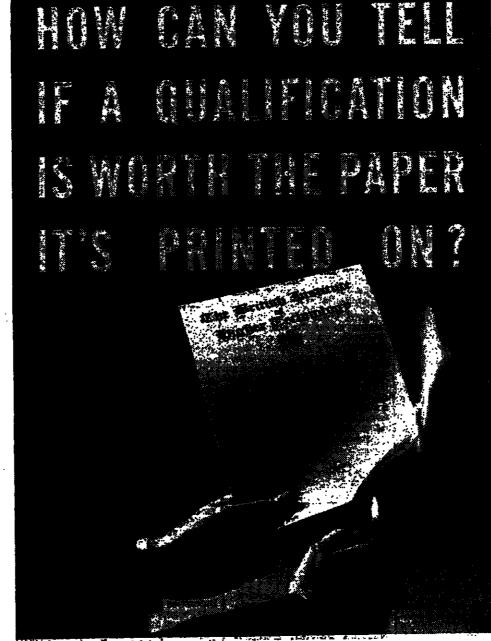
lication and dissemination of

lication and dissemination of acts of parliament and other parliamentary material on the Stationery Office or to suppress wider publication — in the press for example. It could hinder or make more expensive the production of legal commentaries and possibly obstruct the publication of historical studies.

The folklore clause 153 would give quasi-governmental authorities of foreign countries copyright protection for folklore, where individual authors cannot be identified. This seems to be a long way from Queen Ann's intention of encouraging learned men to write useful books.

Most of these excesses of the Bill, as well as some others, have been detected not by the opposition or lobbyists, but by the Intellectual Property Research. Committee of the Society of Conservative Lawyers. This confirms again that many amendments, introduced only during the nar-

servative Lawyers. This contirms again that many amendments, introduced only during the parliamentary passage of a bill and consequently upsetting its scheme and reducing its clarity, could be avoided if draft bills were made available for wider discussion and comment before a final bill is introduced in Parliament. Such publication of European Country of European ment. Such publication of Euroment. Such publication of European Community draft directives
and draft regulations has proved
indispensable to their improvement and made them more generally acceptable. Many countries make such wider discussion
of draft bills possible. The Copyright Bill is yet another piece of
evidence of the self-inflicted disadvantage of unnecessary



Each year, nearly two million vocational qualifications are awarded in Britain. They are awarded at almost every level, in almost every field. From accountancy to welding.

Now while some are valuable to employers, others apply standards that are out of touch with the real needs of work. Too many qualifications still over-emphasis

theory at the expense of practice. What makes things worse is that while some occupations have a mass of overlapping qualifications others have

The result is confusion. You, as an employer, can't tell just how well qualified job applicants really are.

Or which qualifications would improve the performance of your existing staff.

Which creates a lack of confidence in the qualifications themselves. Last year the government decided that something had to be done.

So the National Council for Vocational Qualifications was set up to make the system work.

To make it relevant to the needs of every business and industry. (Including your

To make sure each occupation has its own clear set of qualifications. To make the system effective and employ ment-led.

We do this by going to both employer and employee organisations.

They tell us the standards at work that qualifications need to meet.

If a qualification falls short we discuss the ways in which it should be changed with the awarding bodies.

When it does reach the standard however,

it's stamped with our insignia and given the title of National Vocational Qualification. Or NVQ.

That's our seal of approval. A sign that someone really will be useful to your

And you will be able to tell just how useful because all NYQs are classified according to occupation and level of

mpetence. You will also know which qualifications would help your employees increase their own efficiency and productivity.

We don't give the title of MVQ casily. For example, when we asked the retail sector

to review its qualifications, none merited the title of NVQ as they stood. So now all involved are working flat out to ensure the qualifications reflect the industry's needs.

Some industries have already established appropriate standards.

As a consequence we've granted NVQ status to certain qualifications in hotel and catering, vehicle maintenance and repair, electrical contracting, as well as agriculture and the retail travel

But then we have also turned some down.

The NCVQ is reviewing qualifications in many different fields, making sure they are worth the paper they're printed on. lecause if the qualification system doesn't work, it's not just your employees who

get their fingers burnt. It's you as well.

If you think your own business or industry could benefit from our help write to the National Council for Vocatio Qualifications, 222 Euston Rd., London, NWI 2BZ, for more information.



BY KEVIN BROWN, TRANSPORT CORRESPONDENT

THE HIGH Court yesterday offers of compensation wherever approved compensation settlements totalling \$2,261,347 for the families of 22 crew members claims would be settled in the killed in the Herald of Free New Year.

Enterprise disaster.
The Court order provides for payments to be made within 14 days, but the first money is expected to be handed over

Lawyers acting for the crew's relatives said they were satisfied with the agreement, which will provide a guideline for future payments to survivors and relatives of providers. ves of passengers who were

However, the Standard Steam-ship Owners Protection and Indemnity Association (Bermuda), which insured the ship, said payments to relatives of pas-sengers were likely to be comparable only if they related to wage

This is because English law provides for different treatment for claims relating to loss of future income and those relating to compensation for bereave-

"The amounts for pain and suf-fering and bereavement will be the same. It is only the earnings which are likely to make the average crew claims higher than those for passengers," the Stan-

Call for extra funds for AIDS research

By David Flahlock, Science Editor

THE MEDICAL Research offers of compensation wherever it had sufficient information to

Peninsular and Oriental Steam

Navigation, which owned the Herald, has agreed a ceiling of around \$80,000 for payments for compensation to passengers.

Mr Michael Napler, chairman of the legal committee representing most of the passengers, said claims would be readerly said cacquired immunications.

Dr Dai Rees, the new secretary (chief executive) of the council, said yesterday that it was seeking a further \$4.6m a year for the next three years for AIDS research.

TO AUS research.

The money was needed to investigate aspects of the disease not included in the original programme designed by Sir James Gowans, his predecessor as secretary, who retired in October.

Sir James said earlier this the Herald of Free Enterprise capsized in March off Zeebrugge after sailing with its bow doors open. An inquest jury decided recently that 187 of the 193 passengers and crew who lost their lives had been unlawfully killed. year that the Government had granted all the money he had requested for the programme.
One aspect which has been
of growing concern is AIDSrelated dementia, a mental problem for which the council plans basic research involving a brain scanner which alone ould cost \$1m to set up.

It also wants to extend epidemiological studies – medical statistics – into various diseases, of which AIDS is the most important, at an estimated additional cost of at least \$500.000 a year. least \$500.000 a year. Another proposal is that it

Another proposal is that it should use its resources in the Gambia, west Africa, to investigate the newer form of the disease, known as HIV II.

The importance of all three, but especially of AIDS related dementia, had come to light only in the last year or two, Dr Rees said.

He said the council had not

He said the council had not received a "final no" from the Government, but the implica-tion was that it should find money from its other research programmes.

Dr Rees said he estimated the council needed an addi-

tional \$10m to finance all the immediate demands, includ-ing new buildings and others in imminent need of replacement. However, in order to restore British medical science to its former sound state, he believed it needed an extra \$40m a year.

Apart from AIDS, two new ality, which the ordinary, untrained passenger can put on quickly and easily in a crisis situation and which manufacturers can make available to the air joint venture with two other research councils and seen as important to the next genera-He stressed that the smoke hood was not the only project being considered.

Other measures included work of the measures included work of present-day drug delivery and targeting which could avoid many of the side-effects of present-day drug delivery

Medical Research Council annual report 1986-87. MRC Headquarters Office, 20 Park Crescent, London. WIN 4AL. \$6.00.

Resort benefit abuse inquiry saves £1.2m

More than 1,300 of 4,400

Beech.
The banking investment appears to mark the limit of B&C's inroads into financial services. It has no ambitions to own a clearing bank, a fully fledged investment bank or a large insurance company, Mr Gunn said.

Alan Pike compares the financial plight of an inner-city and a rural health authority

Showing symptoms of too little, too late

Autumn Statement were paraded by Mr John Moore, the Social Services Secretary who has since been consigned to a sick-bed himself, as the National Health Service's largest-ever additional

sums of money.

But while ministers were still trying to explain what the fig-ures meant, health authorities were shouting back a simpler message: "Not enough!"

The call has been picked up so resoundingly by almost all sec-tions of the hospital service that the Government yesterday

announced a further emergency allocation of funds for this year. In a survey by the Hospital Consultants and Specialists Assoconsultants and specialists ASSo-ciation this month, 98 out of 131 English district health authori-ties reported overspending. Many authorities said that they expec-ted the position to worsen and doubted whether the extra imoney pledged in the Artum Statement would be enough to maintain existing services, much less reopen beds that have been

closed.

The London district of Paddington and North Kensington
does not have too much in common with Gloucestershire's in smaller hospitals. mon with Gloucestershire's in smaller hospitals.

The district, like most health ton, one of the most deprived authorities, has exhausted the health districts in the country, has to confront the full range of savings. Mr Ken Jarrold, district inner-city health problems as general manager, says that if well as playing a major part in the treatment of AIDS.

Cleavester is trained of many country and the same sort of shortfall again next trained. Gloucester is typical of many year it would, like health authorities outside the ties, have to cut surban conurbations. It has unacceptable level.

gained from RAWP, the resource allocation policy which since the 1970s has diverted funds from relatively over-provided areas in an attempt to equalise health provision across the country.

In spite of their different backar an experiment of cuts to reduce programmes of cuts to reduce projected overspending.

Gloucester, faced with an \$800,000 shortfall this financial year, this week decided to close a the shortfall. This will result in doubt be opposition to the closures we are proposing. Small communities do not like losing local hospitals. There must always be room for savings in any organisation with a \$62m budget. But they get much more difficult to find.

In addition to the closures we are proposing. Small communities do not like losing local hospitals. There must always be room for savings in any organisation with a \$62m budget. But they get much more difficult to find.

In addition to the proposed savings, Gloucester intends to divert \$140,000 from funds which had been allocated for service the savings and the proposed savings. \$200,000 shortfall this financial vice development to help meet year, this week decided to close a the shortfall. This will result in

29-bed geriatric hospital and two

same sort of shortfall again next year it would, like many authori-ties, have to cut services to an There will no doubt be oppomake up the difference from their own funds.

Empty beds at St Mary's, Paddington, which consultants claim can no longer fulfil the functions of a teaching hospital

 High costs of locum and
 High costs of locum and agency staff, not only in medical areas but also in administration.

rangington's latest round of economies – which includes the But he points out that even now closure of a GP community hospital – has met local resistance per head of population than some London authorities.

Nationally, the main course of the first time.

Nationally, the main course of the consultants at its main hospital, St. Mary's, complain that it main that it ma Nationally, the main causes of longer fulfils its function as a the pressures on health authorities are:

The under-funding of national teaching hospital. Students have been sent elsewhere — including to private hospitals — for surgical teaching hospitals — for surgical teachin ties are:
The under-funding of national pay awards by the Government, leaving health authorities to eaching.
Paddington has saved \$7m in

Costs in the health service ris-ing faster than inflation in gen-

Some areas have additional support services. Ms Barbara local problems. In Paddington's Young, the district general mannorth-west Thames region, for ager, is working on ideas to example, a regional resource reduce staff turnover. The allocation exercise has led to authority interviews, recruits

Mr Jarrold is a keen supporter of the resource allocation policy which, he says, introduced a logical national approach to financing the Arrold policy in the Arrold policy which he says introduced a logical national approach to financing the Arrold policy which have a logical national approach to financing the Arrold policy in the Arrold policy with the Arrold policy and the Arrold policy in the Arrold policy in the Arrold policy and the Arrold policy in the Arrold p

efficiency improvements over the past five years and is contin-uing to find major sums of money – a projected £1m this year and £800,000 next – through cost and efficiency exer-ciess

These now cover clinical and

and trains 10,000 people a year and there is scope for big savings if turnover could be reduced. But this factor is, among other things, related to the level of morale in the NHS. oct

role

The Government's Health and Medicines Bill, published last month, will give health authorities greater scope to engage in profit-making activities. Paddington already shows a surplus of \$500000 a year mainly from of \$500,000 a year, mainly from the St Mary's private wing but also from renting accommodation and services and sponsor-

Profit-making has caused health authorities much time-wasting administrative and legal wasting administrative and legal activity. Ms Young welcomes the fact that it will be easier for health authorities to engage in commercial activity but warns that "hairdressers and florists shops in hospitals will not solve the problems of the health ser-

Mr Jarrold sounds the same warning at Gloucester. "Wider opportunities to raise money may be good for morale at local level, but we are talking about marginal money. It would be great if Gloucester could raise \$250,000 a year in this way."

Many managers are increas-ingly prepared to admit that there is simply not enough money in the NHS to provide all the services they are juggling to maintain, and that they expect this situation to continue. This begs the question of how else a national system of health-care could be financed.

The Institute of Health Services Management, of which Bar-bara Young is president, has set up a working party to investigate the whole issue of financing health-care. By the time the team completes its work in the team companies is work in the spring, its report may prove more of a watershed than the health service managers realised when they embarked on the

Aircraft safety measure shelved

BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

THE CIVIL Aviation Authority does not intend at present to make airlines provide smoke hoods as a means of protecting

hoods as a means of protecting passengers from smoke and gases in aircraft fires.

Announcing this yesterday, Mr Christopher Tugendhat, chairman of the CAA, said the authority had not been alone in deciding this. The same course of action had been taken by the aviation authorities of the US, France and Canada, with which it had been conducting research in this matter, and by many of in this matter, and by many of those it had consulted.

Neither was it a final decision, he said. Work was continuing and he did not rule out the possi-bility of smoke hoods eventually ers on the UK register.

Pressure for the introduction of smoke hoods was stimulated by the British Airways Boeing 737 accident at Manchester two years ago, when an engine failure sprayed fuel over the rear of the cabin, causing intense fire and much smoke and gas. Many of the passengers died.

The reasons for rejecting smoke hoods at present include the fact that, although there are several designs available, none in the aviation authorities' view meets all the requirements.

Mr Tugendhat said: "If a fully adequate smoke hood capable of, doing everything we believe to be necessary was available from manufacturers and ready for production, I think we would have decided to introduce it.

ing most of the passengers, said-claims would be ready for High Court approval shortly.

Mr Napier said the court's approval of the settlement for

latives of crew members wa

"relevant to future approval of offers along the same lines to

passengers' families."

Mr Christopher Erving, the solicitor acting for the National Union of Seamen and a number of seamen's families, said agree-

ment was expected soon on com-pensation offers to those rela-

ves who had not yet settled. The Herald of Free Enterpris

Relatives of passengers who died have campaigned for higher

compensation payments than were originally offered, and for legal action against P & O.

and the other authorities with whom we have been working believe that further work still needs to be done on several important points."

Mr Tugendhat said it would not be right for a responsible regulatory authority to make mandatory a model that would only be effective in certain types

"At present, we do not have smoke hoods which in our pro-fessional judgment can be relied upon in every reasonable eventuality, which the ordinary, can make available to the air-lines in the numbers that would

on improving the flammability standards of cabin materials. The

authority was also "most encour-aged" by the recent development of cabin water sprays.

given £46m boost

B&C bank

BRITISH & Commonwealth, the money broking and financial ser-vices group, has put an extra £46m of capital into its mer-

time when other banking groups and Japanese competitors in the are cutting operations in the race to commercialise this potenwake of October's stock market tially revolutionary technology crash. British & Commonwealth Mer-

chant Bank will specialise in corporate and personal finance
rather than securities, which
caused losses for others in the
City, Mr Bruce Ursell, its chief
warmteners and power transmission expected to be worth billions of pounds.

New warm-temperature superconductors transmit electricity
City, Mr Bruce Ursell, its chief
warmteners and power transmission expected to be worth billions of pounds.

executive, said.

The bank, which has changed its name from Cayzer Limited, plans to operate in sharply-defined markets rather than challenging other investment and merchant banks head on.

It will specialise in particular products and industries, said Mr.

Ursell. Its products will be based around debt-related and off-bal-tax relief on loans for home

ance-sheet financing arrange-ments, while its list of selected ments, while its list of selected money for other purposes, a industries include media, prop- Commons select committee said erty, energy and health-care. Personal finance will form an important part of the group. The existing loans, rather than just first acquisitions planned include regional stockbrokers, an actuarial firm and a small bank Committee said in a report.

in the Isle of Man, to add to the group's existing stockbroking business, Stock Beech. The bank plans to attract 50,000 customers from among the country's 500,000 richest individuals compared with the 10,000 already retained by Stock

funds over the next six years to set up the UK's first university research centre, which will be specifically for work in superchant banking subsidiary in an attempt to give it a greater presence in the City.

It plans to invest \$40m more over the next two years, taking its capital to more than \$100m. A further \$50m is available for acquisitions, Mr John Gunn, B&C chairman, said yesterday.

The investment comes at a time when other banking groups and Javanese competitors in the

with applications in computers, medicine and power transmission expected to be worth billions of pounds,

ciently than any known before.

on microelectronics applications.
Sir Sam Edwards, professor of physics and head of the Cavendish Laboratory where the centre will be situated, said: "We

is a bad idea, claiming that it will be over-centralised, underfunded and starve good pro-grammes elsewhere. The SERC says it will continue to fund wor-thy programmes not at Cam-bridge; an upcoming Sim round of grants will go to 10 pro-

mingham University, late in the deliberations by the National Committee for Superconductive ity, a joint group of the SERC investors who have with-profits and Department of Trade and contracts maturing in 1988 that Industry chaired by Sir Martin their pay-outs would have been Wood of Oxford Instruments, a higher but for the stock market Wood of Oxford Instruments, a collapse.

leading user of old-technology collapse.

The group announced both

in the technology, including ing 1988. This has resulted in a slight reduction in pay-outs for maturing 10 year contracts and Electric Company, Oxford Instruments, PA Technology and the Central Electricity Generative Gen the Central Electricity Generating Board's research facility.

Mr John Wilson, senior research fellow in physics at Bristol University, said there would be a strong industrial slant to the work and that the

Power News, the board's staff

newspaper, published the poll results and said it showed the public did not know a lot about the board. But those who know

at least a little think it is doing a

at least a little think it is doing a pretty good job."

A group of 20 church-appointed chaplains to the electricity-supply industry has questioned the morality of privatising it. In a letter to Mr Cecil Parkinson, Energy Secretary, the group says it is "neither right nor desirable to disturb an efficient, world-class industry in the interests of raising money by

efficient, world-class industry in the interests of raising money by its sale to the public in order possibly to facilitate further cuts in taxation.

• Private electricity producers are not satisfied with the 11 per than the country of the private which the CPUP.

cent price rise which the CEGB announced last week for new long-term contracts with private power-suppliers. The Association of Independent Electricity Producers said a 33 per cent rise was needed if private seatments.

yesterday.

Tax inspectors should vet existing loans, rather than just new ones, and prosecute false of claimants, the Fublic Accounts have ones, and prosecute false of claimants, the Fublic Accounts The Public Accounts The Pu would continue to decline slowly, unless there was a strong

upturn in the market, but payouts on 25 year contracts would continue to rise for some time.

The group's action in maintaining bonus rates, following similar action taken by Commercial Union, will put pressure on other life companies to maintain

their rates.
Competition for with-profits Competition for with-profits business from independent intermediaries is very keen. These intermediaries, facing the requirement under financial services legislation to give best advice, are unlikely to recommend a life company which has cut honus rates.

Government Actuary, who as accuarial adviser to the Department of Trade and Industry is the watchdog of financial affairs of life companies.

British Gas board

British Gas as a non-executive

Airship Industries fights to save \$170m contract BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

NORFOLK CAPITAL, the hotel

group, yesterday offered Edin-burgh a free 1,200-seat confer-ence centre if in return it was

permitted to build offices on an important site owned by Edin-

The offer, made in Edinburgh

yesterday by Mr Peter Eyles, managing director of Norfolk Capital, could solve the city's

problems over launching its own project for a 1,200 to 1,500-seat

conference centre and office complex costing about \$30m.

Norfolk Capital last year acquired the Caledonian and the North British hotels, both in

Princes Street, from Guinness.

The Caledonian is Edinburgh's

would apply to the district coun-cil for planning permission to build 100,000 sq ft of office space on land which Norfolk owns behind the Caledonian Hotel

This would be called the Caledo-

It also offered to build a con-

ference centre within the centre.

Norfolk said yesterday that it

only five star hotel.

nian Business Centre.

burgh District Council.

BY JAMES BUXTON, SCOTTISH CORRESPONDENT

AIRSHIP INDUSTRIES, the UKbased but Australian-controlled
manufacturer, is fighting to save
its US Navy airship contract
from being either deferred or
cancelled under current defence
budget cuts

from being either deferred or
cancelled under current defence
budget cuts

cancelled under current defence budget cuts.

Although initially worth about \$170m (\$93m) for developing a prototype naval surveillance airship over five years, the long-term potential of the contract was for production of up to 60 airships, worth some \$2bn.

The company is seeking with its US partner, Westinghouse, the support of the Ministry of Defence and Department of the contract covered the development of a big airship, called the Sentinel 5000, for the development of a big airship, called the Sentinel 5000, for the development of a big airship, called the Sentinel 5000, for the development of a big airship, called the Sentinel 5000, for the development of a big airship, called the Sentinel 5000, for the development of a big airship, called the Sentinel 5000, for the call

awarded to a specially formed progress of the venture.

space on this site.

tre would generate.

If the conference centre pro-posal were refused the Caledo-nian Business Centre would con-sist only of offices.

belong to and be run by the con-sortium of public and private sector interests which is promot-

ing its own project for an inter-national conference centre,

which Edinburgh believes it

This would be built on the dis-

Defence and Department of Trade and Industry, in attempts to get the US Navy and Defence Department to reconsider their been showing interest, along with other US agrencies, such as with other US agrencies, such as Department to reconsider their decision.

The initial \$170m, five-year development contract was also been showing interest, slong with other US agencies, such as the Coastguard. Other foreign navies had been watching the

development of a big airship, called the Sentinel 5000, for the US Navy which would be used as

The navy's objective was to study the craft in operational service, and if it met the require-ments, orders for a fleet of such

provided it was permitted to trict council's site. The district build an office complex on an council itself, Lothian Regional adjoining site, currently a car Council and the Scottish Developed to the second but the district council and the Scottish Developed to the second but the second bu

park, which is owned by the dis-opment Agency would meet cap-

trict council ital costs.

It envisages constructing 300,000 sq ft of net lettable office authorise the SDA's £10m contri-

building of the conference cen-tre. Norfolk Capital would bene-fit from the additional use of its hotels which the conference cen-Norfolk has had preliminary

A \$100,000 summer investi-gation of English southcoast tourist-resort benefit abuses saved £1.2m, Mr Norman Fowler, Employ-ment Secretary, said yester-

claimants investigated by 25 investigators - from Ramsgate to Hythe, in Kent, and at Ryde, Shanklin and Newport on the Isle of Wight - stopped claiming benefits after lists of seasonal workers and claimants were compared.

He said many worked there while drawing benefit. Claimants moonlighted and some hotel and kitchen staff lived there all year but did not declare summer claimants investigated by

but did not declare summer earnings. The fraud was evi-'Free' conference centre offer

bution to the scheme, has made

Norfolk has had preliminary discussions with the district

council, but had received 'no

tre at its campus on the outskirts

named the company that will operate it Edinburgh Conference



The Caledonian, Edinburgh's only five star hotel

Cambridge to receive £5.3m for superconductor research

CAMBRIDGE University is to but technical problems still pre-receive \$5.3m in government vent their use. The Cambridge funds over the next six years to programme is expected to focus

already have a very large team superconductors.

at Cambridge and we'll be able to train large numbers of highly bridge won partly because of its skilled (graduates) for British programme of industrial liaison minal bonus rates on claims during 1988. This has resulted in a industry." The centre will be run by a director and management committee.

Some scademics say the centre

Cambridge is believed to have budget to do work that edged out its main rival, Birbe funded by industry. Crackdown on tax relief urged

THE BANK of England's offer of \$1bn short-dated convertible gilts yesterday was undersubscribed by between this is on July 16, 1988, and at \$200m to \$300m. The Bank has three six-monthly intervals taken the unissued stock on to thereafter. It is books and will reissue it as a tap stock as market conditions in yesterday's tender is difficult to estimate but market analysts stock was an option to convert it building societies were big buying tree tender of 8 per cent Treasing 1990 convertible stock was stock. The first opportunity to do noticed.

Majority opposes CEGB privatisation, says poll

ity industry but many would be interested in buying shares in it, says a public opinion poll for the Central Electricity Generating Board. The poll also finds that many people have not heard of the board. In the poll of 1,800 people last month by Dewe Rogerson, the communications consultant advising the board in the run up to privatisation, about four people in 10 backed privatisation in general with about two in 10 opposing. However, CEGB privatisation was opposed by more than four in 10 and favoured by just more than three in 10.

board to be split up; most, more than seven in 10, wanted things left as they are. If the board were privatised, 57 per cent of adults believed that nuclear power stations should remain a separate, government

Only 14 per cent wanted the

bonus 'hit by crash'

Norwich's

NORWICH UNION yesterday told

Fibil

<u>ಪ್ರಾಥಾಗಿದ್ದ</u>

م کر تکھیے

130000

ಪ್ರದೇಶ್ವ ಜನಿಗ

-

ಜಪ್ಯಾಂಡ

ಜಜನಾಕ

ಟ್ಟ್ ಚಿತ್ರಹ

24 50 jags

J. 5. C.

: es:c--

ويتقت

-

Car : 58: 42

SE. 6. 55.

Order F

* KAC. 200

Norwich Union's life and pensions operation, admitted that "black Monday" resulted in the paper value of the UK equity portfolio funds being reduced by about \$1.4bn to its current \$2.0bm the operation of the UK equity portfolio funds being reduced by about \$1.4bn to its current the operation of the unit of th slant to the work and that the about \$1.4bn to its current SERC was using an academic \$2.9bn, though equity dividend budget to do work that ought to income had risen on average by the property during the year.

Income nan risen on average by
15 per cent during the year.
Terminal bonuses are added to
the benefits of with-profits contracts at the time they become claims and reflect the unrealised capital gains in the underlying portfolio. Norwich Union increased its

cut bonus rates.
The danger of such a bonus war is that some life companies than such a thomselves a could overstretch themselves, a point that is of concern to the

Kalms elected to

MR STANLEY KALMS, chairman of Dixons, the electrical retailer, has been elected to the board of

cent price rise which the CEGB announced last week for new long-term contracts with private power-suppliers. The Association of Independent Electricity Producers said a 33 per cent rise was needed if private generators were to compete on fair terms.

director.

Mr Kalms, the first new director to join the company since it was privatised at the end of last year, will replace Mr Richard Greenbury, who has resigned to and Spencer, where he is joint imanaging director.

Octopus plans to end union role at Methuen

To the second of the second of

Marie Barre

The contract of the contract o

The of Heat There of Heat I The county of The county of Heat I The count

Territory to

wich's

is 'hit

rash'

and a graph of the :: 15± £22 €

v. -5 전기 r:cs (최선

医乳型 经通

de-project of

- 5 5

elected il

Gas he

By JAMMY BURNS, LABOUR STAFF
OCTOPUS PUBLISHING is planning to de-recognise the union representing journalists at Methuen Books if, as expected, it takes over the company next month.

De-recognition of the National Union of Journalists at Methuen is the third such move by Octopus in recent months.

Octopus is conducting a final examination of Methuen's finances before acquiring it. But Mr Ian Irvine, Octopus Group managing director, said that his company's policy of not recognising the NUJ as a collective bargaining unit would be maintained once the sale was completed in January.

Referring to Methuen employees who are expected to come under new management in the New Year, Mr Irvine said: They will come to us as Octpus employees or not all. We negotiate on an individual basis not on a union basis.

NUJ members employed by Methuen are today straging.

NUJ members employed by Methuen are today straging as one-day strike to press for the terms of a collectively negotiated agreement covering issues such as job security and redundancy pay being incorporated into the conditions of sale:

The action will coincide with a demonstration by NUJ members outside the Publishers' Association, the industry's employers' the levent of the terms of the property of the property

demonstration by NUJ members outside the Publishers' Association, the industry's employers' body, in protest at the growing moves towards union de-recognition. The NUJ chapel (office branch) voted by 100 to 68 against action. TV-am plans to increase the live content of its breakfast show from this morning.

Bakery staff to vote on 6% revised pay offer

BY OUR LABOUR STAFF

was confident his members would follow his recommendation and accept the revised pack-bakeries includes improved pre-

age, based on a 6 per cent mium payments increase in the basic rate.

BY OUR LABOUR STAFF

EMPLOYEES of Britain's two big bakeries — Allied Bakeries and British Bakeries — are voting on an improved pay offer after Acas, the conciliation service, intervened to try to avert industrial action.

Mr Joe Marino, general secretary of the Bakers, Food and Allied Workers' Union, said he was confident his members

Mr Joe Marino, general secretary of the Bakers, Food and Allied Workers' Union, said he was confident his members

increase in the basic rate. However, an earlier pay offer was rejected in a ballot in spite of a recommendation from the the union to accept it. Britain's last bakers' strike in 1978 collapsed with independent already working to full capacity FTBI INVESTOR'S

STOCK MARKET by Gord

GUIDE TO THE

The "Big Bang" has brought changes that affect the strategy and market operations of private investors, both old hands and newcomers. Computerised investment trading and advice accentuate the need for D-I-Y research, knowledge, and share dealing to avoid becoming an impersonal cog in robotcontrolled operations.

Completely revised and updated in the light of the 'Big Bang'. this edition is the essential handbook for those who manage their personal capital and savings in the stock market. The author, Gordon Cummings, a chartered accountant, draws on over 50 years' experience as an active investor; financial commentator and investment advisor to explain the workings of the stock market, and how to profit from it the D-I-Y way, as he has done successfully.

For the new or potential investor, it provides an invaluable introduction to the practices and procedures of the market; how to set up and manage an investment portiolio and how to make the best use of your capital.

oments
1 No mystique about the Stock Exchange
2 Stocks and shares
3 The dealing business Buying and selling Pager work is important Gills with an edge Foreigners have a word for it Figures matter Debenkure and icen stock priorities Getting the preference Sharing the equity The changing market Portfolio creation and mane Stock Extrange newcome

Office issues
Takeovers and mergers
Some specialised markets
Natural resources — a basic investment Going foreign parts investment and unit trusts
Good watch prevents misfortune sary - Index

Other issues

Please return to: The Marketing Dept, Financial Times Business Information, 102 Clerkerwell Road, London EC1M 5SA. 16t: 01-251 9321, Teleo: 23700 automarkdess 043

MARKET(273). Price 29.50 UK or £12/US\$17 overset

Cold Exploy Date • I wish to order Sort

(BLOCK CAPITALE)

UK NEWS - EMPLOYMENT

Charles Leadbeater talks to the NUM leader who attacks the desire to compromise

Scargill set to fight 'politics of fear'

MINERS AT Woolley col-Hery, the pit at which Mr Arthur Scargill, the National Union of Mine-workers' president, started work, have voted by two to one to accept its closure.

work, have voted by two to one to accept its closure. Miners taking voluntary redundancy will be able to claim the \$5,000 lump sum British Coal has made avail-able to miners leaving the industry as a result of major closures. The offer-effectively closes at Christ-mas.

The Woolley vote is widely expected to be endorsed by the 373 miners at Redbrook, the pit with which it was combined in which it was combined in the wake of the 1984-85 miners' strike. In contrast to the older pits which closed immediately after the strike, Redbrook was opened about three years

Closure of

pit backed

Barnsley

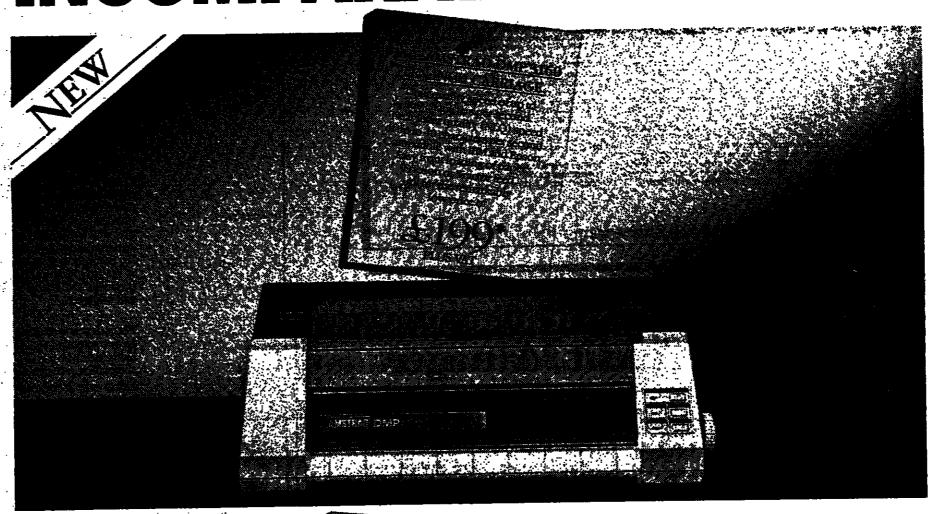
ago.
Woolley's modern coal
washery, which serves pits
throughout the Barnsley
coalfield, will remain open.
Leaders of Nacods, the pit Leaders of Nacods, the pit deputies' mion, are recommending rejection of British Coal's pay offer, worth between £10 and £12 a week, in a ballot to be held next week. Deputies at some pits in the Midlands have started an overtime ben over the offer.

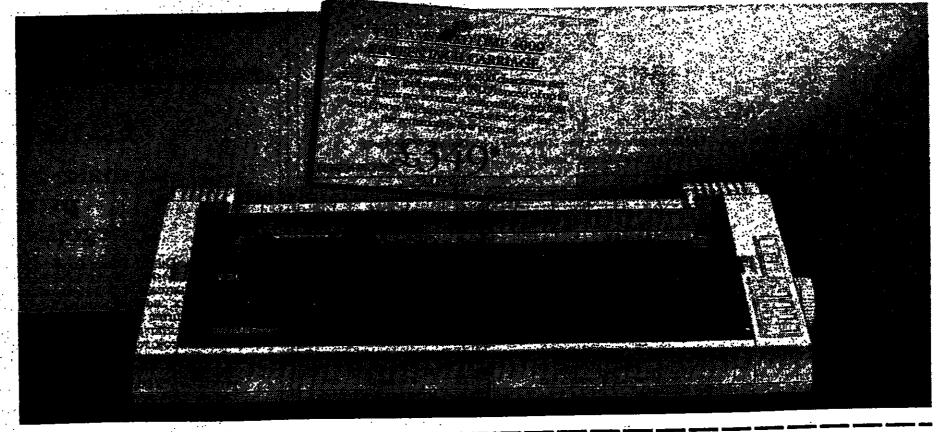
ME ARTHUE SCARCILL as in his tranth floor office at the National Union of Mineworkers' sheffield headquarters surveying a list of 4 public meetings he will be conceiled with pride.

Sate field headquarters surveying he willow against his critics on the union's presidential election on January 2. Tam a worksholic, he conceiled with pride.

But beyond feeding his prodiced and the force of the alliance of the satisfactory of

COMPATIBLE PRINTERS. INCOMPARABLE PRICES.





Please send me further information on the DMP 3160 \Box and the DMP 4000 \Box

COMPANY

AVAILABLE AT: ADT · COMPUTER MARKETING · ELTEC · FIRST SOFTWARE · HILL INTERNATIONAL · MBS · METYCLEAN · MICRO PERIPHERALS

NORBAIN - NORTHAMBER - OFFICE INTERNATIONAL - P&P - SANDHURST - HUGH SYMONS - VISTEC WILDINGS 'Recommended retail prices including VAT, DMP 3160 - £228.85, DMP 4000 - £401.35. Prices correct at 1-9-87 but may change without notice.

Amstrad plc., PO Box 462, Brentwood, Essex CM14 4EF. Telephone: (0277) 262326.

FT 17-12

Allegis wins Wolf after his Flying Tigers success

for his achievements in bringing of chairman Mr Richard Ferris.

ailing airlines back to profitabil He had been pursuing a policy of ailing airlines back to profitability. has resigned as chairman, president and chief executive officer (CEO) of the Tiger International group, and his role as chairman and CEO of the revitalised Flying Tigers air cargo subsidiary, in order to assume the leadership position at Allegis and its United Airlines subsidiary.

Ending months of speculation as to whom would take over the helm at Allegis, the board, with effect from last Saturday, elected

as to whom would take over the helm at Allegis, the board, with effect from last Saturday, elected Mr Wolf, 46, chairman, president and CEO of the company. It is in the process of selling its non-airline assets, to be followed by a very large cash distribution to shareholders, and is also refinancing its substantial debt. He has also been named president and CEO of the United Airlines unit. He leaves the Tiger operations on a sound profits footing just 16 months after joining the group.

on a sound profits rooting just to months after joining the group.

Mr Wolf has taken over these posts at Allegis from Mr Frank Olson, who had held them on an interim basis since June. Mr Olson is now going to devote his full time to the Hertz car rental commany, where he is chairman.

However, his highly proven skills in cost-cutting, dealing with labour problems, and contending with competition in the airline industry, are likely to be greatly needed at United, where the pilots have been threatening to mount an employee buyout of the airline after the non-airline

the airline after the non-airline sales are completed.

Mr James A. Cronin has been elected president of Tiger International. He will continue to hold his recently attained posts of president and chief operating officer at the Flying Tigers subsidiary. He previously served as senior marketing executive and a member of the team responsible for the airline's return to profit-

Executive at Bank of **America** division

see him leave Tigers, he has completed and surpassed what he set out to do, by establishing strong financial, management BANK OF America, the large California-based bank, has appointed Mr Michael E. Rossi executive vice-president and senior credit officer of its World Banking Group (WBG): and marketing capabilities in the organisation."
Mr Wolf praised the airline's

and aggressive" company. He added: "Jim Cronin has made a He succeeds executive added: "Jim Cronin has made a significant impact on the health and welfare of both the parent company and Flying Tigers. Under his leadership, the airline is solidly positioned with a strong and complete management team needed to continue its expansion."

Tiger said a special board comvice-president Mr Lewis W. Coleman, who was named head of the bank's Capital Markets Group in July and has continued as WBG's senior credit officer

Mr Rossi has extensive interna-tional banking experience, which began in 1966 in the bank's international training programme and as a credit officer and assistant manager in Ecuador. He spent 16 years with CitiBank and Wells Fargo, much of that time in international banking assignments in Latin

America and the US.

He rejoined Bank of America last year as senior vice-president and manager of its Latin Amer-ica Special Assets Group.

MORGAN STANLEY group, the large US investment house, has expanded its board of directors to nine by electing Messrs.

Anson M. Beard Jr, John J. Mack and Paul F. Oreffice. Olson is now going to full time to the Hertz car rental company, where he is chairman and CEO. He is part of the Ford Motor-led group which is purchasing Hertz for \$1.3bn from Allegis, the latter having acquired it in 1985.

To fend off a hostile takeover during the summer, the Allegis board began selling its non-air-line (hotel and car rental) assets

To fend off and car rental) assets

To fend off a hostile takeover during the summer, the Allegis been a remarkable achievement. Although we are sorry to Accounted to the Hertz car rental for the sirline's return to profit ability.

In a statement issued by the Comtois, vice-president human resources, and Jean Plamondon, vice-president finance.

With assets of more than C\$12bn, Laurentian Group is Canada's third-largest integrated financial services company.

Accounted to the Hertz car rental for the sirline's return to profit ability.

In a statement issued by the Comtois, vice-president human resources, and Jean Plamondon, vice-president finance.

With assets of more than C\$12bn, Laurentian Group is Canada's third-largest integrated financial services company.

Accounted the province s servent, as vice-president administration and legal affairs, Jules Comtois, vice-president fuman resources, and Jean Plamondon, vice-president finance.

With assets of more than C\$12bn, Laurentian Group is Canada's third-largest integrated financial services company.

Main challenge for new GTE chairman is continued growth

nications carrier outside the Bell system, has elected Mr James L.Johnson chairman and chief executive officer with effect from next April, on the retirement of Mr Theodore F. Brophy.

Mr Johnson, aged 60, has been president and chief operating the customer base could grow faster the public wear's rate of the customer base could grow faster the customer base could grow fas



Mr James L. Johnson

officer since March, 1986, in a career at GTE which began in 1949 at the General Telephone Company of the Southwest and has spanned numerous roles.

He said that continued growth of our business' is his main challenge as chairman.

tions. GTE has invested heavily the country's major markets.

With the bulk of the capital spending behind it and a rapidly

next year than this year's rate of 30 per cent, he added.
GTE also expects its Sprint joint-venture long distance operation to become profitable by late next year or early 1989. It was formed in July, 1986, by the merger of GTE's and United Telecommunications' long distance of the profit of the long distance of the long dist

tance networks, but has been suffering heavy losses.

Sprint hopes to have transferred all its customers to its new national fibre optic network from its existing analogue ser-vice by early next year. This will allow it to achieve considerable cost savings from dismantling the old system.

of our business" is his main chal-lenge as chairman, specifically in cellular telephones and is in the strongest position it has long-distance telecommunica-ever been". Mr Johnson said.

Ambitious Chartered Accountant

Substantial Package and Car

West Country

Wincanton Group, a subsidiary of Unigate PLC, is one of the UK's leading transport and distribution companies with a turnover is excess of £400 million and further plans for major growth. As a result of this expansion the internal audit function is being strengthened and a key appointment is to be made at Group level which will assume responsibility for co-ordinating all internal audit

Reporting to the Group Finance Director, the role will involve direct responsibility for operational audit reviews of two operating companies, and close liaison with senior management, internal audit staff at other companies.

HE EUR

Loar aged be

22 702 3715

-ه سعات سع ک The state of the s

-2-2014 WV The work was

· · : This -

1.2 2 2 2

5 T 22 Miles

Tace :

CONTRACTOR OF 10 TO 10

i a., -,

December (--

in addition there will be a substantial element of project work in areas such as acquisitions and business re-organisation. The ideal candidate will be a self starter ACA with at least 1-2 years' post qualification experience with one of the larger practices. Good communication skills, ability to set priorities and

The role is an ideal first step into commerce and offers exciting career development potential.

A reward package will be negotiated which reflects the importance

Please send full CV to John Bagshaw, Personnel Manager, Wincanton Group Ltd., Station Road, Wincanton, Somerset

Accountancy Appointments

Special Projects and Investigations

West London c.£25,000+car

orex is the world's leading supplier of plugcompatible computer peripherals, providing IBM mainframe users with high quality hardware, it is a \$15n multi-national company with 25 subsidiaries

workwide.
Following their recent management buy-out and the creation of a new independent Memorex, the company has transferred its world financial and administrative headquarters to Europe. This exciting development has created the need for a new high calibre group finance team which can take the lead in establishing a sound, commercially driven finance function for this fast moving, hi-tech business.

The Special Projects and Investigations department has a high profile role working closely with senior line and functional management to ensure the maximisation of business efficiency. Work is typically of

primisation of business efficiency. Work is typically of agne off nature with a high degree of autonomy and will involve internal consultancy, operational reviews and specific projects. European travel will be an

MEMOREX

Tiger said a special board com-mittee consisting of three outside directors will serve as a tempo-rary "office of the chairman",

and will choose a new chairman and CEO to succeed Mr Wolf.

Posts at Laurentian

AURENTIAN Bank of Canada

the Laurentian Group's new full service banking arm, has appointed Louis Bernard, former Secretary of the Quebec Cabinet

integral part of the role. Experience in the department is recognised as ideal preparation for further career progression which is likely to occur within 18 months. Candidates will be recently qualified accountants, probably ACA, who are looking to enhance their careers in a stimutating environment. As well as first-class technical sidils, a knowledge of US GAAP and SEC reporting would be an advantage. Amongst the personal sidils expected will be a willingness to take on new assignments, good analytical sidils and an enquiring, persistent approach. Because of the range of contacts and the requirement to act as a company ambassador inter personal shilltee must be of a high order.

Please reply in confidence, giving concise care personal and salary datails to:

Brendan Keelen, Ref. ER 975, Arthur Young Corporate Resourcing, Cladel House, 5-11 Fetter Lane, London EC4A 1DH.

Cheshire

Arthur Young Comporate Resourcing

Our client is a well established, prestigious international bank, with an extensive network of operations and varied financial services in the UK and worldwide. The bank now wishes to strengthen further its financial management by making two senior appointments in the City. DEPUTY GROUP CHIEF

ACCOUNTANT

c.£40,000 plus car and benefits The Deputy will support the Group Chief Accountant in providing wide ranging and authoritative leadership throughout the group on accounting matters. Responsibilities will include maintaining the quality, relevance and timeliness of information flow to management, the preparation of statutory accounts, and advice on compliance with statutory and regulatory requirements. This is a key role, fundamental to the effective operation of the group finance division, and requires the services of a chartered accountant of maturity Ref 6858/1 and judgement.

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE, **UK OPERATIONS**

c.£45,000 plus car and benefits Following a major restructuring of the UK

operations, the Senior General Manager is looking for a Director of Finance to join his top management team. The main task will be to contribute to the strategic development of the UK bank by enhancing the management of its financial affairs, initiating improvements to management information and reporting procedures, and developing enhanced financial planning and controls. The post offers an outstanding opportunity for an able and experienced accountant to join the new team dedicated to the rapid development of the bank's UK operations.

For each post the bank is looking for a graduate chartered accountant of outstanding ability and further potential. These high profile positions offer excellent opportunities for ambitious individuals who can think creatively and communicate effectively at a senior level. In addition to a competitive salary package, the bank offers a car and a generous range of benefits. Please write in confidence, with full career details, quoting the appropriate reference number, to

KPMG Peat Marwick McLintock

Executive Selection and Search 9 Creed Lane, London EC4V 5BR.

c £25,000 + Car able to demonstrate commercial awareness, maturity and strong interpersonal skills.

Our client is a diverse American Corporation (c\$1,500m) with well-established operating subsidiaries in Europe and the Far East. Due to internal promotion they now seek to appoint a European Audit Manager.

AMEMBER OF ARTHUR YOUNG INTERNATIONAL

Reporting to the Corporate Director of Audit in the USA, responsibilities will cover financial and operational reviews with the assistance of a small staff. The objective is not the traditional examination of historical financial information. Operational reviews extend beyond the conventional to improve control over company assets and optimise profitability in liaison with

The successful candidate, 28-35, will be at manager level in an existing audit function probably with industrial experience, and will be The position is based in Cheshire but regular travel to Europe and occasionally to the USA and the Far East, is

involved. Business ability in French would be a distinct This is a key, visible, management function which should lead to real career prospects worldwide.

A generous relocation package is available, as well as

normal progressive company benefits.
Interested applicants should contact Frederick Howie, quoting ref. 1505 on 061-228 0396. Michael Page Partnership, Clarendon House, 81 Mosley Street, Manchester M2 3LQ.

Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants

CABOT

European Audit Manager

London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham Nottingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow & Worldwide A member of Addison Consultancy Group PLC

Project Accountant

Elders Finance Group is developing a presence in the UK and European finance markets. To support this growth a Project Accountant is needed to contribute to the building of systems which support current and future operations. Initially, the jobholder will concentrate on Capital Markets and Trading, and Trade Finance Systems and the main objectives will be to improve efficiency and enhance user benefits. Furthermore, as the regulatory transwork develops for the finance sector it is necessary to ensure systems are

The ideal candidate will be a qualified accountant with significant relevant experience which will include at least two years managing projects of a systematic counting nature. In a rapidly changing environment, considerable demands will be placed on the project accountant to deliver realistic solutions to complex problems, working closely with other disciplines.

Remuneration and benefits will reflect the importance of this position.

Interested applicants should forward a full CV to the Personnel Manager, UK/Europe Region, Elders Finance Group UK Ltd., 73, Cornhilt, London EC3V 3QQ.

ELDERS FINANCE GROUP



APPOINTMENTS ADVERTISING

From January 1st 1988 the cost of advertising £47 per single column centimetre

Premium positions will be charged £57 per single column centimetre

FURTHER INFORMATION

01-248 8000 Tessa Taylor Ext: 3351 Paul Marviolla Ext: 4676 Elizabath Rowar Ext: 3458 Dekire Yenables Ext: 4177 Patrick William

Ext: 3694

Chief Accountant

...to make a positive contribution to profit performance Negotiable package c. £30,000

The Human Ethicals operation, within the U.K. Division of Beecham Pharmaceuticals, is headquartered in the M4 corridor at Brentford Middlesex, and is responsible for the Company's manufacturing and marketing operations in this country within a diverse international Group.

The role reports to the Financial Director of the Division with a staff of 95 at several locations. It carries responsibility for the provision of a comprehensive financial and management accounting service to the Marketing, Development, Production, Personnel and Secretarial functions, providing financial advice to the management of the UK Pharmaceuticals operation, in order to improve both short and long term profitability.

Of the previous job holders, four now

operate at divisional Director level within the

The successful candidate will be a qualified Accountant, probably in the midthirties, with a proven management track record in manufacturing industry. Pharmaceutical experience would be a distinct advantage.

The remuneration package and the relocation arrangements reflect the seniority of the appointment. Applicants should send a full C.V. with details of their current remuneration package to:- Mr. A. D. Heal, Personnel Director, Beecham Pharmaceuticals U.K. Division,

Beecham House, Great West Road, Brentford,

Middlesex TW8 9BD. Beecham Pharmaceuticals

tant

.... 1, 197

13:25

GKSS 1

فت ا

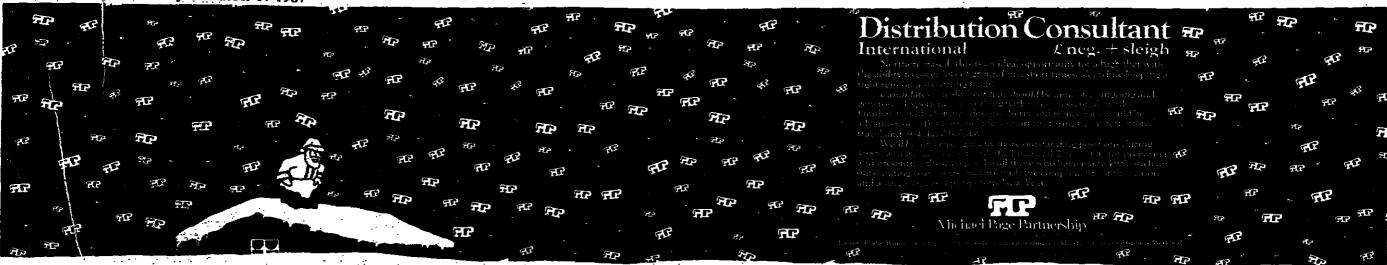
.

0

7.315

alder Stand Stand

17. T. T. K.



THE EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK

is the banking institution created by the Treaty of Rome to finance investment promoting the balanced development of the European Community. In keeping with the terms and limits of various agreements and conventions, it also finances investment in 12 countries in the Mediatriaries in region and the 65 countries signatory to the third



Loan Officers (m/f) (Ref. PM/8704) (aged between 28 and 35)

Fonctions: will be responsible for the Bank's operations in one or a group of European Com-Specific dulies include:

☐ project identification and development; ☐ project appraisal including the financial evaluation of proposed projects as well as the drafting of appraisal reports; ☐ loan negotiation; ☐ establishment and maintenance of relations with borrowers, Government authorities and

Cualifications:

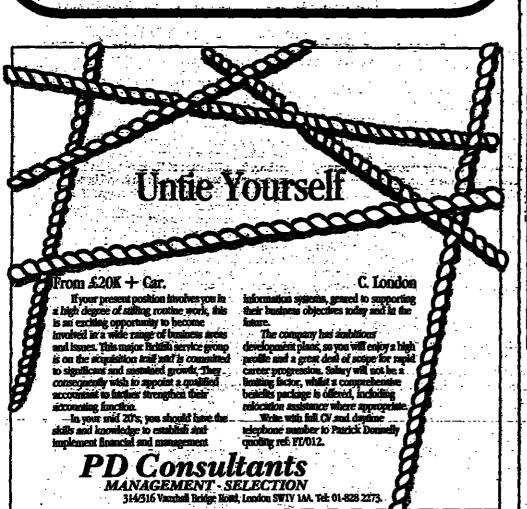
I disvan: University degree or equivalent professional qualification;

department of long and medium tenti credit operations acquired in a bank or financial institution;

First ficial experience in financial analysis. Languages: [] fluency in at least two Community languages, including English of French.

The Bank offers very attractive terms of employment, a generous selary commensurate with qualifications and experience, and a comprehensive welfare achieve.

Applicants, who must be referrals of an EEE Member Country; are invited to submit a detailed curriculum vitaie, together with a photograph, quoting reference PM/8704, to: EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK Hecruitment and Training Division boulevard Konrad Adenaber 100, L-2950 LLICENBOURG



Business Controllers

£30,000 to £35,000 + Car

This multinational is a world leader in major fm.c.g. markets and it is expanding very rapidly on an international scale.

Recent promotions into general management have created senior vacancies in a high profile team working closely with senior management by providing the analytical resources and business recommendations required to achieve demanding profit objectives. These are highly proactive roles requiring a very positive approach and they provide a key opportunity for career broadening.

Control background in an fire a providing success with a marketing committee of providing success with a marketing committee of the senior of t

marketing, commercial or financial control background in an f.m.c.g. environment, coupled with a good class degree and high standards of analytical, presentational and persuasive skills. Age guideline 28+.

Please reply in confidence quoting ref. L344 to:

Brian Mason Mason & Nurse Associates 1 Lancaster Place, Strand London WC2E7EB Tel:01-240 7805

Mason & Nurse Selection & Search

The Institute of **Chartered Accountants** in England and Wales

London

around £23,000

Technical Directorate

Vacancies exist for two young Chartered Accountants within the Institute's Technical Directorate at Moorgate Place. The work for both posts will be predominantly in the Parliamentary and Law area and one of the positions will involve dealing with tax matters. The Institute's Parliamentary and Law team is responsible for formulating and following up the Institute's responses to Government and other regulatory bodies on accountancy and related matters. The qualities needed for both positions include the ability to think and write clearly about technical issues. The posts offer excellent opportunities for career wine clearly about recharge issues. The posts offer excellent opportunities for career development, both within the Institute and in the profession. Ref. 1464/FT. Write or telephone for an application form and send full details (with telephone numbers and current salary) to RP Carpenter, FCA, FCMA, ACIS, 2-5 Old Bond Street, London W1X 3TB, Telephone 01-493 0156 (24 hours).

Phillips & Carpenter
Selection Consultants

CIGNA Worldwide **Europe** INTERNAL AUDIT

CIGNA Corporation is a leading provider of insurance and financial services to corporations and individuals around the world.

An opportunity exists for an Assistant Director to be appointed and based in the UK or Continental Europa. Approximately 35% of time will be away from the base office covering mainly Europe.

ideally the successful candidate will have a combination of the following:

Recognised accounting qualification or an MBA

Minimum 5-7 years' audit expérience gained in financial services

■ Language skills English with French, Italian or German Salary and benefits will reflect the importance of this position to the CIGNA organisation.

Places contact either: Gaile Toms **Director Human Resources**

8 Lime Street **London EC3M 7NA** Tel: 01-626 8744

1040 Brussels Tel: 010322 516 9811

CIGNA

Finance Director Engineering

Commercially oriented with manufacturing/contracts experience

The Company Part of a Blue Chip Engineering Group based in the U.K., this is a successful autonomous business with sales in excess of £21 million, the majority of which is for export. The company employs 700 people in the design, manufacture and installation of capital goods used in power distribution.

The Role You will take full responsibility for the entire finance function of the company supported by accountancy, MtS and Secretarial staff. Responsibilities will include the control of pricing policy, foreign exchange, export finance, conditions of contract/commercial law and the development of the company's computer resources. Cash management, licensing agreements and liaison at Group level are other key areas. Working closely with the M.D. you will be expected to contribute to decisions covering the full range of the company's activities.

The Person Probably aged 35-45 you will be a qualified accountant with a background in engineering, preferably with large Groups. You will be a self starter and team player wishing to undertake a full commercial and financial role. A thorough understanding of the usual accounting practices within a major company together with computer literacy will be taken for granted and the emphasis will be oriented towards your ability to play an active role in business management. In the first instance, write with full curriculum vitae, to Kay Hogg Clarke Ltd., 44 Holly Walk, Learnington Spa CV32 4HY. Alternatively, call on 0926 450279.

Kay Hogg Clarke Ltd **Executive Recruitment**



COME AND JOIN US! Accountancy Recruitment Manager — Package to £40K per arinum

Accountancy Temporary Controller - Package to £40K per annum We have immediate plans for rapid expansion in our Accountancy Recruitment Division to service growth areas of business in the City of London. We are, therefore, seeking experienced Recruitment Consultants with a good 'track record', who will be looking for high rewards and first class career prospects. He/she should have drive, initiative, flair, integrity, a professional attitude and the determination to succeed. Income, package including an exceptional direct profit share scheme is likely to be between £20,000 to £40,000 or possibly higher. Age consideration probably 23/35 years. We would also be pleased to talk with Directors or teams who are unhappy with their present situation. If you have the qualities and ambition were are the Company for you ambition — we are the Company for you.

For a strictly confidential discussion contact: Trevor James, F.E.C.I., Group Chairman, or Jayne Dearte, Personal Assistant to the Chairman.

IPS GROUP OF COMPANIES

Lloyds Avenue House 6 Lloyds Avenue London EC3N 3ES

Tel:01-481 8111

FINANCIAL INFORMATION MANAGER

LEE VALLEY WATER COMPANY Salary £21,500 - £24,000

A qualified accountant with excellent communication skills is required for this key appointment. The postholder will be responsible for the development of information systems and the preparation and analysis of financial and management data. The opportunity to participate in and influence strategic decision making within the Company reflects the importance attached to this post.

A background in management accountancy and experience of developing sophisticated computerised information systems is needed. Extensive use is made of new technology with both mainframe and micro computers. This vacancy arises following the appointment of the previous postholder as Director of Finance in a major organisation.

Lee Valley is a statutory Water Company serving over one million customers in Hertfordshire, North London and parts of Essex and Bedfordshire. The Company is looking forward with confidence to the challenges of privatisation. Conditions of employment are first class and benefits include relocation expenses up to £5,000 and subsidised mortgage.

Applications with full curriculum vitae, together with the names of two professional referees, should be addressed to

Mr. P. W. Darby, Financial Controller. Lee Valley Water Company, P.O. Box 48, Bishops Rise, Hatfield, Herts. AL10 9HL marked 'CONFIDENTIAL' and quoting reference number 1701/5/26, to arrive no later than Tuesday, 12th January 1988.



Came and join a progressive team

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Leigh Carr, one of the UK's top 40 firms are currently recruiting a number of audir seniors, both qualified and unqualified, to assist the partners in the servicing of their rapidly expanding client base. Successful applicants will enjoy excellent salaries and will benefit professionally from exposure to a wide range of interesting, challenging and exciting work.

For an interview write in confidence. enclosing an up to date CV to the Partnership Secretary, Leigh Carr, 27/31 Blandford Street, W1.

YOUNG CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS £40,000to £50,000

partnership of ambitious Chartered Accountants with two established offices in Staffordshire, are looking for additional partners to join them.

They require additional partners to join the firm who share their belief that hard work and service to clients will bring expansion and financial reward to the firm.

Successful applicants will have a probationary period of employment leading to partnership in

No payment for goodwill is required and the working capital is provided by the partners.

Applications in writing to: Box A0747, Financial

Times, 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY

ACCOUNTANT/COMPANY SECRETARY GOOD SALARY AND BENEFITS INCLUDING CAR EXCELLENT PROSPECTS

A rapidly expanding private company operating from London NW4 and specialising in the marketing of

London NW4 and specialising in the marketing of electronic publishing equipment requires an experienced Accountant/Company Secretary.

Reporting to the Chairman and Board you will be responsible for the financial control within the company preparing budgets/projections, cash flows, monthly management and year end accounts plus all legal matters. There is the probability of a Board appointments within 2/3

Applicants must be qualified accountants, age will be no barrier to the appointment (38 - 50 preferred). Please reply with full CV to:

Box No. A0766, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

Pepsi versus Coke

Pop snaps, crackles and explodes

Ivo Dawnay reports that Brazil has become the latest battleground

ABOUT FOUR months ago, 750 seemingly respectable members of Sao Paulo's wholesale, retail and distribu-tive classes gathered for a social event in a city shop-

ping mall.
Within a few minutes, they were clad in battledress, faces streaked with jungle greasepaint, and psyched up for "The Mission" – the corporate slogan chosen for a marketing duel with the prod-uct that claims the world's

highest consumer recognition ratings. PepsiCo's sales motivation exercise — complete with videos of Coke cans being blown up with laser guns — signalled the opening shot of the Battle for Sao Paulo.

And though it is now sum-nertime in Brazil, the living is becoming distinctly uneasy for soft drinks executives as the industry's David and Goli-ath once again gear up for an increasingly flerce cola war. At stake is the world's third largest soft drinks market which executives of both companies believe could soon

Currently, they say, Brazil's \$2bn consumption of just 150 Soz bottles per capita a year is a national disgrace. Mexico, with a smaller poputhe US's annual thirst for 156bn bottles equals about 690 per person - roughly 2 bottles for every man, woman

and child every day. Figures are used like handgrenades in the cola wars, with both sides mixing the issues of market penetration, cola versus other flavours and regional results into a heady carbonated cocktail of

But broadly, it seems that, until now at least, roughly 55 per cent of Brazilian soft against some 7.5 per cent who represent the Pepsi Genera-

Bending hearts and minds and, Coca-Cola alleges, statis-tics, to reverse this picture is Antonio Kriegel, Pepsi's 32-year-old marketing director, whose well-scrubbed appear-ance could owe something to his former job at Colgate-Pal-molive.

molive.
Alongside him are a warchest of some \$20m a year, Tina Turner, Michael Jackson, David Bowie, the barely less glamorous executives of J. Walter Thompson and the supposedly fatal consumer charms of the screw-top cap. Perhaps most significantly, Pepsi's third attack on the

market will this time be backed by the trucks and personnel of Brahma, Brazil's, first and the World's sixth

irgest brewer. Fired by Rambo-style competitiveness and an evangeli-cal devotion to The Flavour cal devotion to "The Fiavour of the New Generation," Pepsi salesmen claim to have got their product from scratch into 93 per cent (Coke says 60 per cent) of the city's 60,000 retail outlets in just two weeks, winning an immediate 25 per cent (2.5 per cent, says Coke) of market share and extending its covershare and extending its cover-age of Brazil to 77 per cent (a mere smirk from Coke here). While some would take

family-sized, non-returnable containers of salt with these claims, independent observers concede that Pepsi's onslaught, if measured by its blitz on point-of-sale advertising and a ferocious TV campaign, must inevitably lift its puny I per cent market share in the city.

The company's strategy, Kriegel says, is to target the "new generation" group of younger people and to "get the market excited."

"The Cola wars are good news for everybody," he bub-bles, ignoring the consequences for local drink mak-ers - the warfare's equivalent

umph, unsullied by the rock of innocent civilian casual-Little more than half a mile

down the road, executives of the Coca-Cola Corp do an impressive job of not looking excited at all. Like their product, they are a little drier, more conservative and per-haps slightly more bitter than

"Pepsi are dead in the water in Sao Paulo," says: Fred Fisher, Kriegel's oppo-site number, with the sad res-ignation of a benevolent schoolmaster once again forced to chastise a naughty child. "They are just a minor brand in the Brazilian soft drink market."

More figures are produced, explained, then put away, while a colleague — "Real Thing" in hand - talks with genuine feeling about the romance, tradition, lifestyle that the famous bottle contains and the tragic, wastrel habits of the upstart.

But despite its apparent unflappability, Coke's response to "The Mission" has at times looked shaky to out-siders despite a larger mar-keting budget.

Its decision to map up Sting for a series of Coke in Con-certs was an undoubted tri-

star's metamorphosis into a Pepsi man for his subsequent tour of neighbouring Argen-

But on the football field Brazilian clubs seemed like a classic sponsoring opportu-

- a move later banned by FIFA, the sport's ruling body.

Then there were fights over which teams were to win the right to sponsorship, with the most popular club in the state of Pernambuco displaying a "Don't drink Coke" hoarding at its ground in revenge for

Last, Brazilian newspapers were inundated with tele-phone protests this month when the national team's

there has been little to teach the world to sing about.
The formation of a knock-out competition for the top nity to link the product with the national sport.

Coca-Cola consequently
paid some \$3m for the first
year of a renewable five year

But the scheme, while unquestionably resping some rewards, has also turned some Brazilian fans' faces as some brazinan rans faces as crimson as a 350ml can. Some were insulted by the effort to paint the famous trademark in the stadium's centre circles



Tine Turner and Sting: part of the two cola glants' marketing armoury

canary yellow shirt - as sacred a symbol as the flag was seen emblazoned with the scarlet company logo dur-ing a recent friendly game against Chile. It was withdrawn in the subsequent

Unintentionally, it seemed the great international multi-racial brand had stumbled into appearing both partisan at a club level and colonialist

at a national one. Fisher strongly defends the football decisions. "We have no regrets whatsoever; it was

a very smart marketing move. If we didn't buy the space, somebody else would have."
Such mishaps, if indeed
they were, often occur in
war, and that of Coca-Cola war, and that the contact war, and that the century old in just five years' time. On the Brazilian front, all it is safe to say is that the hypes and hostilities are set to continue for some time.

The most likely extense is

The most likely outcome is that Pepsi, with its improved distribution network, will not die in the water, but will

bigger market. On the other hand, Coca-Cola, with its larger resources and longer tradition in the country, looks centuries away from being unseated as top

Og.

Upon one thing, however, both Fisher and Kriegel earnestly agree – the Cola wars are "fun". At a cost in marketing terms alone of, perhaps, \$110m between them over the coming three years — "fun" is clearly an expensive, not to say deadly serious, commodity.

Top UK advertisers voice their con-

fidence in the economy in a MORI

poll and announce they are unlikely to cut their ad spend next year.

Movement for the Ordination of

Women appoints an ad agency to rid the Church of England of sexual dis-

Proposed government levy on

Drinks companies respond to

increasing pressure from govern-ment and lobby groups to curb the prevalence of drinking and driving by pushing low alcohol drinks.

Loss of the year - Jeremy Bull-more, chairman of JWT in London

for 11 years and of the Advertising

Association for 6 years, retires. In more than 12 official farewell

events, the industry queued up to

say farewell to the man who put the

respectable face on advertising and

audio tapes, which would affect makers of radio commercials, is

despite the crash.

crimination.

dropped.

EVEN IF 1987 looks like bowing out with a sense of uncertainty for the advertising industry in the UK, the year began with a boom well under way and with the AIDS campaign presaging new landmarks for what is deemed to be acceptable, or neces sary. It was also a year of further structural change in the industry. A dip into the diary provides both a serious and amusing reminder of what may come to be seen as a significant period for the industry.

First government-backed AIDS commercials featuring icebergs and gravestones appear on television at the start of a controversial \$20m campaign. Information leaflets on the epidemic distributed to 23m homes in one of the biggest maildrops ever mounted in UK.

The government looks set to become one of the ad industry's strongest supporters, despite protestations to the contrary. Spending will top the 1986 figure of \$80m, according to Media Expenditure by Analysis figures. The Tories spend heavily on job training schemes, privatisation programmes and general

andmarks of what is acceptable - or necessary

vital 14m-strong Sao Paulo

Shock resignation of \$6m Cadbury account by Leo Burnett after 40 years ends the UK's most famous confectionery advertising programme (the 'man in black' Milk Tray and Flake commercials).

FEBRUARY: Emergence of "Third-Wave" of new agencies with the opening of Butter-field Day Devito Hockney.

Super Channel, the British based pan-European satellite channel fea-turing the best of BBC and ITV programmes, is launched into 14

The Pliatzky Report on production of TV commercials is published in an attempt to regularise the spiralling costs of making commercials.

The long-awaited Green Paper on radio is published. Recommenda-tions which include the creation by 1995 of three new national commer cial stations to compete with BBC

Newspaner circulation wars escalate with nine television commercials on air. Some \$25m is reported to have been spent by papers in the first quarter of the year on advertis-

APRIL: All night television begins, in the Central TV region.

IBA undertakes major review of financial advertising rules on TV and radio in view of rapidly expand-

Television '87, the biannual television conference, held in Copen-hagen, backfired on television contractors in the face of heavy criticism from advertisers complaining about falling audiences caused by weak scheduling and programming, together with soaring air-time costs.

Offensive ad of the year - the "hanging" poster ad featuring the four political leaders in lynched

storm of protest to the Advertising Standards Authority, louder than any other in its 25-year history.

The General Election campaign becomes the most thoroughly mar-keted ever in the UK with a combined spend among the main political parties of more than £7m.

The ad industry's first hostile take-over saw financially beleagured J Walter Thompson, the aristocrat of world advertising agencies, for \$351m (\$566m) absorbed by the little known WPP group, arguably Britain's fastest growing company at the time, in an audacious move that put chairman Martin Sorrell into the big league.

Martin Boase, chairman of Boase

Massimi Pollitt, still perhaps the most admired all-rounder agency in town, becomes chairman of the Advertising Association.

Government-backed launch of new

research. Under entrepreneur, Richard Branson, profits from the Mates brand products goes to a research foundation. An \$8m ad campaign backs the launch.

Saatchi & Saatchi becomes the nation's top creative award collecting agency, according to Campaign magazine, winning 12.6 per cent of the principal European awards for creativity in the past five years. AUGUST:

MTV Europe, the US-based, 24-hour pop cable channel is launched SEPTEMBER-

Clanger of the year - Saatchi & Seatchi's announcement that it has aspirations towards financial ser-vices is ridiculed in the City and unleashes a torrent of disbelief from industry commentators.
"Coffee-time" television is formally

launched on ITV. IBA submits to prolonged pressure from advertisers and agrees to extend commercial minutage from ? to 71/2 minutes an hour in peak time television.

Black Monday. As world stock mar-

Saatchis splits from its most famous account, the Conservative

kets collapse, the advertising sector takes a battering but fares better than many other sectors. According to a price index from Sheppards & Chase, the stockbrokers, of 41 investment sectors, agencies were third least affected sector with a drop of only 13.2 per cent against the mar-

NOVEMBER:

Mates condoms commercial appears on BBC, without the brand Launch of the first Enropean direct

Launch of the first European direct broadcast satellite, TV-Sat which, as the pioneer for extra-terrestrial broadcasting, is a turning point. Advertising Age, the US trade pub-lication in a long analysis on the subject, concluded that global adver-

who consisently made the industry, as one admirer put it, "think and tising is a myth.

Feona McEwan

Five Centuries of Banking



Banco di Sicilia is beir to a banking tradition which goes back to 1459.

Nowadays, Banco di Sicilia operates as a regional, national and international bank, in the sbort, medium and long term, with 343 branches throughout Italy, foreign branches in Frankfurt, London, Los Angeles, New York, Paris, a subsidiary bank in Luxembourg, and representative offices in Brussels, Budapest, Chicago, Munich, Singapore, Zurich.

Our International Banking and Marketing Services are at your disposal for all financial transactions, in Italy and abroad.

Banco di Sicilia

London Branch 99 Bishopsgate, London EC2P 2LA

Do you know the meaning of the word Profits. Opportunities.

Returns. Technology. Updated industry. Growing markets. Advantageous incentives.

Labour.

Small country, big opportunities: a winner challenge. The Foreign Investment Institute provides interested parties with information and support.



etts

123

HOOKCH

The Foreigner/Albery

Michael Coveney

Three years ago, Rowan Atkinson scored a near bullseye in Larry Shue's The Nard. In the course of that run, the author died in an seroplane crash, aged 39. His last play arrives in London with another young star of new wave Light Entertainment, Nicholas Lyndhurst, in the lead. He is marvellous, the play better than The Nard, the production confusing for too long but just about rescued by the end.

Lyndhurst is a stick-still droll who has made a name for himself in TV sitcom, notably Only Fools and Horses and The Two of Us. Tall, lean and moon faced. he possesses a true star quality of physical repose and quiet, confident comic authority.

As Charlie Baker, he arrives under military cover in a fishing lodge in the Deep South, a stateboringness and anxious to acquire a personality.

disowning his language and reinventing himself as a stumbling conciliator. He becomes a language pupil of the resident illiterate, Ellard Simms (William Hope); confident to that booby's pregnant but otherwise unfulfilpregnant out otherwise unrum-led sister. Catherine (Melinda McGraw); and a mesmerising ity, which means that American

The set-up is badly managed in Nick Broadhurst's production. It is 20 minutes before you know under what pretext the implausible Cockney Army instructor (Peter Childs) has brought Charlie to Clearly And for lie to Georgia. And, for an English audience, it is too long before we realise that the lodge is threatened by the Ku Klux, which hideous witch hunt seeks a new White Christian seeks a new White Christian headquarters under the leader-ahip of Catherine's dowry-de-wouring smarmy Reverend hus-band (Jay Benedict).

The Rev's accomplice is the

snarling hippy gofer (Stuart Milligan) who hates blacks and lodge in the Deep South, a state-less refugee from a compulsively promiscuous wife who is dying of cancer. He is a science fiction proof-reader cognizant of his expressed in Doreen Mantle's accommodating hostess, an equally cruelly observed figure of American insularity. She's This goal he paradoxically of American insularity. one achieves by playing foreign understand and therefore designation. Whole discussion areas of American hospitality a national trait second to nobody else's, in my experience - open

> The play is really a philosophical farce about American stupid

Faconteur in a vaguely Eastern tourists who patronise the Earropean Esperanto that sounds Albery will feel either alienated like a Peter Ustinov version of or very much at home. Same goes for us lot. The purifying of America is a theme that runs like Broadhurst's production. It is 20 minutes before you know

guilt and psyche.

In The Nord, Atkinson played a Mid Western Vietnam hero outstaying his welcome in the home of the man whose life he'd saved. The trouble here is we never understand why "the foreigner" should be English Surely Charlie should be a sensitive New Yorker. Larry Shue is switching his cultural transactions around in this play, and tions around in this play, and solving them without, as in *The Nerd*, a cheap grinding of the plot's gears.

denouement to the Ku Klux Klan investon, and an accumulating sense of indentity in Charlie, whom Lyndhurst has invested with glorious gobbledegook and story-telling powers.

I note that the craven, dull and unimaginative SWET Awards nominations make, predictably enough, no mention of Simon Gray's Melon, Peter Nichols's A Piece of My Mind, Willy Russell's One For the Road or Griff Rhys Jones's Arturo Ui. Those shows, like this, were not per-fect. But they evince signs of intelligent life in the West End that deserve to be recognised. In New York, The Foreigner was a hit. But only off-Broadway.



Nicholas Lyndhurst and Doreen Mantle

Speculators/The Pit

Martin Hoyle

king who loses his grip and is work any more. I'm confused," or deposed by the young claimant "We are wearing money, that's in the inexorable run of things. It could be set among Chicago gangsters or prize fighters or tory style, frequently at the rivals for the petil point trophy expense of the character's conat the Women's Institute, though ultimately it belongs to The Golden Bough. Tony Marchant's writing.

Even more painfully mechanisme play sets it among the new play sets it among the unlovable foreign dealers of cal (those years in television thave taken their toll of the

E they are to

Sand of Fig.

ernment In

்ப். சமுத் ್ ಅವವಜನ

mies bedir.

Cre (ma pr

ayars mis Same a mis

of Winds

0. 12 Apr

9 305 22 effen 😓

TO CHEST ೇ ೧೮ ಮಲ್ಲ

6. 22. Edit

737: Tar

ma Mete

Inevitably it demands comparison with Serious Money and has down and disowned by his a hard lesson to learn in market-hard-bitten daughter on the corplace economics; there is only so place economics; there is only so much room for shouting, loul-mouthed, hard-bitten go-getters getting rich quick. If the descrip-tion smacks of clicke, that is nothing to Mr Marchant's char-

Unlike Caryl Churchill's satire, so embedded in the system it portrays as to be unintelligible to the unintifiated, this plece tries

This is the one about the old ing-class girl and I don't have to footballer's salary;" and Gerard king who loses his grip and is work any more. I'm confused;" or Murphy musters a climactic deposed by the young claimant "We are wearing money, that's intensity as the golden boy on

writer's stagecraft) is the intro-duction of the proud umbrella-maker, an old-style artisan let porates desk, and played by Ray-mond Bowers with the throbbing delivery of one who has never tooled a spoke in his life.

The line-up of stereotypes includes a sceptical Yank and the wheeler-dealer specimens of "Britain's golden children" yell-ing their way through their Porsche-buying and champagne-binges. Here the familiarity of

the way down and out, ulcer, broken marriage and all.

broken marriage and all.

There are good, scathing moments. A photograph of the office outing to Ascot (the young grey-toppered financiers are mistaken for yobbograms) is preceded by the command, "Say 'greed!", their eyes glaze over as they doff hats to the passing or the marriage greating its Queen, the mystique exerting its infallible speil. But the script is too full of damp squib one-liners and half-cock aphorisms, none of the characters' backgrounds is more than sketchy, that of Graham totally baffling (he evinces shock at the sight of drug-taking); and the effect is dramatically inert.

Barry Kyle directs a performance that while not bad is merely lifeless. Both Fotini Dimon's set and Jeremy Sams' ominously bustling metallic music handsomely serve their purpose, though what that is the uninitiated, this place tries for conventional human interest. Thus flagging cable dealer Graham is allowed one scene where his fluffy blonds wife laments the lonely splendon of their 600-year old Kenush farmhouse. An incurable vulgarian, she never becomes clear, A long descent into bathos follows Mr Murphy's anguished, ulcerated departure since none of the other conventions of public school val era arouses the slightest interest, and self-aware to come up with such approva as "I'm a work- is a brill "football hooligan on a All Right, Jack."



Gerard Murphy

Brendel's Schubert/Festival Hall

David Murray

Alfred Brendel's earlier recitals kinks and hard blows, was delivin his Schubert cycle have ered with a potent sobrlety that aroused mixed feelings (not least strengthened rather than diminon this page). I can report with shed the drama. The Adagic, out parti pris that the third scrupplously shaped, was poirecital, on Sunday, was puzzling gnant, and Brendel's rigorously and worrying in several ways; held-in, relentlessly taut Ronde and that on Tuesday, in the last three sonatas, Brendel's playing performance.

was as beautiful, unforced and searchingly imaginative as it has done him a power of good. In the ever been, or more. There have grandly lyrical A major Sonata

tight tempi in slow pieces, leav-by colours more delicately suging no singing-space, muzzy fingestive and varied than I can
gerwork in fast ones, many sour recall in almost any Brendel
pedal-smudges; impossibly recital before.
crabbed and jerky treatment of The B-flat Sonata, steadily
the serene first movement of the unfolded at moderate tempi (no
G major Sonata, such as Brendel first-movement repeat), was all
wouldn't tolerate in a masterclass; a general air of abstractedgrieving tone preserved perfectly
ness - not concentration, just in the opening movements, the
sutomatic pilot - along with raw silvery chatter in the later ones
point-making in routine jabs, heard through a soft haze
There were of course incidental (Schubert's feigned memorydividends from Brendel's long, lapses at the end were preceded,

have been a mere aberration. It was persuasion of a high Even the stark C minor Sonata, order, and creatively loyal to his where one feared more rhythmic composer beyond argument.

The first production of Benjaduced by Graham Vick and main Britten's Billy Budd ever designed by Stefanos Lazaridis mounted by the English National with Janice Cairns, Anne-Marie Opera opens at the London Coli-Owens, Norman Bailey, and seum on February 24, conducted Edmund Barham making his by David Atherton and produced debut as Pinterton; the Pount-by Tim Albery – both making their ENO debuts – with Thomas bach's Orpheus in the Under-Allen Bhilin Lausgiddee and world: Jane Eaglen returns as Allen, Philip Langridge and world; Jane Eaglen returns as Santuzzu in Cavalleria Rusti-

searchingly imaginative as it has done him a power of good. In the ever been, or more. There have grandly lytical A major Sonata been suggestions that aggressive (which began, admittedly, with pedagogy is draining the life traces of rhetorical juddering from his Schubert, and/or that that soon faded) he offered some repeating the cycle in so many radiant mezza vocs playing, and capitals has achieved that effect. a largesse of subtleties that I suspect that on Sunday, at any rate, he was running a fever and His long-focus views of the should have been home in bed.

Consider the evidence Cruelly haunting Rondo were enhanced. Consider the evidence Cruelly haunting Rondo were enhanced tight tempi in slow pieces, leav- by colours more delicately sug-

dividends from Brendel's long, lapses at the end were preceded, thoughtful acquaintance with rather touchingly, by a real the music, but by and large it Brendel one.) Yet the epic scale was neither distinguished piano of the work was magisterially set playing nor illuminating Schub- out, and noble justice done to its ert interpretation.

Tuesday began to seem a disheartening prospect; in the event himself very hard, and we were it proved the Sunday affair to heave been a many absentant to happily compelled to follow him.

First ever 'Billy Budd' at the Coliseum

Richard van Allan.

Richard van Allan.

The production forms part of cana/I Pagliacci with Arthur
"A Theme with Variations," a Davies, Angels Feeney, Angels Feeney and celebration of British music Woodrow and Alan Opie new to which will include concerts by the cast; and the final perforthe LSO at the Barbican between mances this season of Humperdinck's Hansel and Gretel Concerts and Con Jenuary-June 1988. dinck's Hansel and Gretel
Other productions in the ENO (which opened last night) and
spring season include revivals of Richard Strauss's Der RosenkaPuccini's Madam Butterfly, provalier.

Carmen/Grand, Leeds

Max Loppert

ing.
It also badly needs a different The tensions that an uncompromisingly freedom-loving conductor, for on Tuesday Alexpromisingly freedom-loving conductor, for on Tuesday Alexpromising young baritone gypsy heroine can stir up at the ander Rabhari (British operation Anthony Michaels-Moore, strong, heart of such a setting stimulate debut) led an impossibly manared interpretation-in-Capital-themes of this opera; the cross Letters, full of textual exaggerations, push-pull phrasing, image) figures prominently in extremes of tempo (there were image) figures prominently in extremes of tempo (there were image) figures prominently in extremes of tempo (there were image) figures prominently in extremes of tempo (there were idialogue is often uncomfortably stilted in delivery.

Micaela's explicitly enacted Jose-Micaela duet), and self-condevourses takes on a particuscious, unspontaneous-sounding perhaps one's expectations had been unreasonably high-pitched.

On an edgy first night the new Opera North Carmen seemed to be a case of ambition considerably of cleaping itself. The staging is by Richard Jones, the remarkably gifted young producer of Opera 80's Rake's Progress, Westford's Mignon, and Kent Opera. But Carmens, that eternally fastinating, damnably elusive Chinese box assemblage of comedy and tragedy, is a tougher assignment than any of those previous operas, as the untidy, unfinished air of Tuesday's performance appeared to bear out.

A thread of cool, questioning intelligence runs through the best scenes. The milieu of the opera is newly imagined, not taken for granted: with his designer, Nigel Lowery, M. Joan base of costume cut and flar the drama can be played out the drama can be played out of the drama can be played out of the drama can be played out of the drama can be played only with clean-lined directness. By means of costume cut and flar in canary yellow) the suggestion of the long Franco era: a sunbleached Mediterranean dictatorship regimented by the Catholic Chune promisingly freedom-loving promisingly freedom-loving promisingly freedom-loving promisingly freedom-loving promisingly freedom-loving promisingly freedom-loving promising young baritone and the Carles of the cast have still to emphasion of the cast have still to the cast have still to emphasion of the cast have still to the cast have still to the cast have still to the cast have still t timbre. The Escamillo is that



Russell Levy as The Bad Fairy

Heart of Ice/The Place

Claire Armitstead

them seriously, yet I have webbing the performers with emerged from the last two shows light that, at its most assertive, they have staged in London with an intense sense of dissatisfactould be the background of an tion. After Panic, at Brentford's Arthur Rackham illustration. Watermans Arts Centre in February, I complained of the lack pied by a white garbed troupe of text; Heart of Ics supplies a who represent the various archenarcative but the dissatisfaction types of fairytale. To one side, in remains. The thought occurs

₩2ÿ. Formed in 1973 by the director/writer partnership of Hilary Westlake and David Gale they

are on the mature side of new theatre – and maturity seems on this limited evidence to have brought with it a cooling of the blood. Yet there is much to admire in their use of music Jeremy Peyton Jones) and slide projections (Simon Corder) as a means of creating atmosphere and environment, Heart of Ice moves on a step from Panic in

Lumiere and Son have a style allowing abstract images to play frustrated they make one last and polish that force one to take them seriously, yet I have emerged from the last two shows they have stand in the standard that the standard that they have the h makes them fade into what prince who cannot make his

The centre of the stage is occutypes of fairytale. To one side, in front of a shattered glass sits that perhaps, like spent movie Faith Feuillere who, we learn star Faith Feuillere, whose story through her own recollections is told in the show, Lumiere and echoed in scenes from childhood Son themselves have mislaid stories, has remained frozen their heart somewhere along the since the failure of her budding

movie career 50 years earlier. Her inability to feel is represented as an inability to make contact with the characters of her subconscious: bored and an adventure.

mind up whether he is a prince or a frog, and a tempestuous princess who keeps changing the end of the stories.

end of the stories.

Unfortunately what sets itself up as a process of illumination often does the opposite: David Gale's script is characteristically eccentric – to the point, early on, of making it hard to distinguish between acoustic smudge and intentionally obscure wording. ing. Westlake stamps the performances with a technical accomplishment that leaves little space for the sort of interplay that would make an excursion into

Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft Famous view unsold

Sotheby's had a major disapcast A Cartier rock crystal silver pointment at a minor sale of Vicand ivory swizzel stick holder, torian pictures and sculpture the essential Christmas present torian pictures and sculpture the essential Christmas present yesterday. The top lot, a view of Ludgate Circus painted in 1887 and \$7,700. It was created in by John O'Connor, and showing 1926 and has room for twelve a steam train going across the bridge under which pass hansom bought by Cartier. A 160 piece cabs, was unsold at \$62,000. It is table service designed by Georg famous, at least among City Jensen sold for \$7,150.

Types, from a hundred Christmas cards. The owner obviously considered the image to be more ers to go to New York on buying important than the quality of trips. At Sotheby's in New York the art and although the last on Tuesday N. & I. Franklin of price bid was at the bottom of London paid \$28,091 for a pair of the estimate it was bought in. It George III silver wine coolers was the main reason for an made by Matthew Boulton in

Arts Guide

Exhibitions

LONDON

Tate Gallery. Turner in the new Clore Gallery. The Turner Bequest, which amounts to nearly 300 oil puintings, finished and unfinished, and a further 19,000 or so watercolours and drawings, has been a source of controversy and dissension ever since it came into the nation's hands more than 130 years agallery to himself which would show all agperts of his work. Whether he would have approved of James Stirling's extension to the Tate as a suitable sening is a nice question. The vulgar neo-deco of the entrance hall has little to recommend it. But, eight rooms for paintings and one for watercolours give room enough, and with the three reserve galleries upstains, every painting but the few in restoration or on loan is on the wall.

PARIS

Petit Palais, Ave Winston Churchill; Musec d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris, Ave President Wilson. Five Centuries of Spanish Art. An ambitious ensemble of four exhibiambitious ensemble of four exhibitions retraces the history of Spanish art from the Golden Age to today. The two most important exhibitions are El Greco To Picasso at the Petit Palais and Picasso's Century as the Musee d'Art Moderne. Picasso's Century is dominated by the master, from the period of analytic cubism to 20 preparatiory sketches for Guernica and to his last works. But there is also Juan Gris, and Miro, Dali and Tapies. Both exhibitions are closed on Mondays and both end on Jan 3.

Grand Palais. The Grand Palais is staging the first retrospective of Fragonard in collaboration with the Metropolitan Museum, New York. About 100 paintings and as many drawings celebrate the artists love of beanty, in which he saw a manifestation of 'nature's perfect health'. The depth of observation in his Roman isadscapes, snythological scenes and portraits counterbalances the decorative facility of the Scenes Galantes so typical of the 18th century. Ends Jan 4.

Musee des Arts Decoratifs. A King's Table. Some 400 pieces of 18th century silversmith's work from the court of Denmark conjure up the glitter and magnificence of the Service a la Francaise. For the kings of Denmark, as for the rest of Europe, Versailles represented the lideal court setting and they ordered targen and service dishes, cutlery and candiesticks from the greatest of Parisian silversmiths. The ensemble is made even more precious by the disappearance of the French Royal collections, melted down repeatedly to pay for ruinous wars and at the approach of the Revolution. 167 Rue de Rivoli (42002214) Closed Mon and Tue. Emis Jan 3.

Pleaseo's Dezwings. Coinciding with

(42603214). Closed Mon and The. Ends Jan 3.

Picasso's Drawings. Coinciding with the publication of a catalogue of Picasso's drawings belonging to the Paris Museum, an exhibition of 136 drawings retraces the panorama of the artist's creation. There is his early work of academic perfection rordivanted with daring shortcuts preparing cubism. The period of Les. Demoiselles D'Avignon is evoked by a drawing representing friendship, while portraits of Dora Maar and Jacqueline in the atelier return to a more classical conception. The violence of the minotaur and of the Crucifixion images is followed by variations on Femmes d'Alder. Finally there is his uncont-

promising, moving reaction to the approach of old age and death. Musee Picasso (427 12521). Closed Tue. Ends Jan 4.

Centre Georges Posspidou. Lucien Freud chose the 83 paintings for his first retrospective outside England. Apert from a portrait of Francis Bacon and a series of portraits of his first wife, the exhibition is dominated by his figurative nude portraits of the last 20 years. Closed Tue. Ends Jan 24 (427 71233).

Abstrir Mair

WEST GERMANY

Menich, Staatsgalerie Moderner Kuntz shows aculpture from East Germany. A result of the cultural agreement of May 1886 between East and West Germany, this exhibition covers four decades in 130 sculptures, some larger than life, and about 60 paintings of sculptures, some larger than life, and about 60 paintings of sculptures, some larger than life, and about 60 paintings of sculptures by 51 aritists, it offers a view of graphic works that have not even been seen in East Germany before. Among the aritists are Gustav Seliz, Fritz Cremer, Werner Stotzer, Hermann Glockner, Waldeman and Sabine Graimel, Ingeborg Hunzinger and Franziska Lobeck. Ends Jan 3. Mannheim Stadtische Kunsthalle from Jan 23 to Feb 21.

Manick, Kunsthalle der Hypo Kulturstiffung, Theatinerstr. 15: Rene Magritte 1893-1867. This is the first extensive retrospective of the Belgium surrealist shown in Germany, 140 works from museums and private collections in Europe and the US will seek to refute criticism that he was not concerned about what he was not concerned about what he was not concerned about what he was drawing, Ends Feb 14.

ITALY

Rome, Villa Medici (French Academy). Picasso - the last years (1968-1973). The French Academy, proprietorial as ever towards the greatest of modern artists, has

mounted a riveting exhibition of exchings, drawings and oils mostly from the last five years of Picasso's life. Having practically never bear ill, Picasso had to undergo a serious operation towards the end of 1985 (aged 84). During the following year of convalences, it seems that he brooded, not only about his health but about having lost his verve and creativity. He need not have worried. The exhibition is so full of energy, invention and surprise as to be exhausting. The starting point of 1986 is chosen as the year in which Picasso began the first of his last two major series of engravings, known as the 347 Gravures. Many of these are on show and alongside these and many of the drawings have been thoughtfully placed photographic reproductions of works by ingres, Poussin, Rembrandt, Goya and Manet which must have been at the back of his mind as he worked. Ends Jan 12.

Milas, Palazzo Reale, Eighteenth Century Italian landscapes from private collections organised by the equivalent of the British National Trust, the Fondo Ambiente Italiano. The exhibition includes To delightful landscape paintings, divided into three major groups or schools — the Roman (Van Wittel and Hendrik-Frans Van Lint), the Venetian (Canaletto, Bellotto, Guardi) and the Meapolitza (Joli, Bottavia, Tommaso Ruiz and Pietro Antoniani Ends Jan 17.

NETHERLANDS

Amsterdam, Van Gogh Museum. The complete graphic work of Tou-louse-Lautrec. Ends Jan 17.

Amsterdam, Art Institute. 48 key impressionist and Post-impressionist works from the Courtauld collection tour America with paintings by Cezanne, Maner, Renoir, Seurat

and Gauguin. Ends Jan 3.

Amsterdam, Rijksmuseum Printroom. As a pendant to the survey of landscape painting in the main galleries, the printroom is showing a line selection of 100 17th century drawings devoted to the theme of Land and Water. Ends Jan 3.

Land and Water. Ends Jan 3.

Amsterdam Rijksmuseum. A sweeping view of 17th-century Dutch landscape painting, with more than 100 works by over 50 artists tracing the development of the genre and its offshoots from the dense creations of Vinckboons and Savery via the chilly winters of Avercamp, the tranquility of Ruysdael, the golden light of Cuyp, the towering cloudscapes of Ruisdael, to the wooded scenes of Hobbems. Ends Jan 3.

NEW YORK

MEW YORK

Metropolitan Maseum. 200 objects from the Age of Sultan Suleyman the Magnilicent demonstrate the wealth and skills at the high point of the Ottoman empire in the sixteenth century through the large selection of Illuminated manuscripts, the imperial wardrobe, ceramics and lewel-encrusted weapons. Ends Jan 17.

Center for African Art. Angles on African Art features ten co-curators, ranging from an African tribesman to collector David Rockefeller, each of whom chose ten of their favourite pleces, making a well-rounded and diverse show. Other curators are writer James Baldwin, artists Nancy Graves and Romare Bearden and curator William Rublin. Ends Jan 3.

Jan Krengler Gallery. This new gallery is inaugurated with 60 Cubist works by Picasso from the Marina Picasso Collection with two decades of paintings, drawings, sketchbooks, collages and prints from 1907 to 1926. Ends Dec 10. 41 E. 57th, 6th floor.

WASHINGTON National Gallery. A Century of Mod-ern Sculputre, the Patsy and Ray-mond Nasher Collection, contains major works by Rodin, Picasso, Matisse, Gabo, Giacometti, Ernst. Moore and Serra. Ends Jan 3.

December 11-17

mond Nasher Collection, contains major works by Rodin, Picason, Matisse, Gabo, Giacometti, Ernst Moore and Serra. Ends Jan 3.

TOKYO

Araba Masseam. Edo Pastimes. This exhibition of screens, scrolls and paintings with works by courtesans in the old Yoshiwara Picasure Quarters of Edo (now Tokyo) evokes the colourful and lively lessure pusuits of an era when the Japanese were not obsessed with work. Ends Dec 22. Closed Morado Morado Picason of the Seitans pursuits of an era when the Japanese were not obsessed with work. Ends Dec 22. Closed Morado Picason of the Seitans for the Seitans pursuits of an own service among Tokyo's citizens and the commissioned leading artists to depict them in oils or watercolour. The quality of the work is uneven but the exhibition offers a fascinating insight into what the Japanese consider picturesque. Worth seeing also for the Telen Museum itself, a light of the work is uneven but the exhibition offers a fascinating insight into what the Japanese consider picturesque. Worth seeing also for the Telen Museum itself, a light of the work is uneven but the exhibition offers a fascinating insight into what the Japanese consider picturesque. Worth seeing also for the Telen Museum itself, a light of the work is uneven but the exhibition offers a fascinating insight into what the Japanese consider picturesque. Worth seeing also for the Telen Museum itself, a light of the work is uneven but the exhibition offers a fascinate it was the world timest and decorption of the Telen Museum itself, and inch high through by Legistra of the Worth of the Condon is soft of the Telen Museum itself, and inch high through by Legistra of the Seizer of the Arm Museum and sudults and there are those who make claims for them as an art form. Certainty the best manga artists to restill the designers and story tellers in visual form. This exhibition features drafts by 15 young artists, focussing on manga that poke fun at news eventa. Gallers were a for the series and story tellers in visual form. This exhibition f

FINANCIAL TIMES

BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4 P4BY Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex: 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Thursday December 17 1987

Compensation for injury

the first a staggering disparity appeared between the damages awarded to claimants in the US and those offered in the UK.

and those offered in the UK.

The second case demonstrates how US juries can drive manufacturers into bankruptcy. Neither the UK nor the US system seems to produce reasonable results and both produce them only after a delay of many years - a whole decade sometimes - so that they are of little value to those in need at the time their

need is greatest.

To win in their litigation, now five years old and bound to take many more years, the Opren claimants would have to prove that the manufacturer and the UK authority which licenses medicines were negligient—a medicines were negligent - a most difficult task, to say the least - and there is some doubt whether the legal aid fund would continue to support them in it. But even when there is no longer a need to prove negligence in respect of faulty products sup-plied after March 1 1988, when the product liability provisions of the 1987 Consumer Protection Act come into force, the claimants will not be much better off.

Absurd situation

The act will open to the manufacturers the defence that the product was made and supplied product was made and supplied in accordance with the scientific and technological knowledge available at the time. It would again take many years and exorbitant legal costs to prove them right or wrong on this point. No doubt the position of the claimants could be improved by revamping the litigation process but the welcome changes sugbut the welcome changes suggested by the Civil Justice Review with the support of Lord Hallsham, then Lord Chancellor,

class action procedure is now supported both by the judiciary and the Law Society.

THE iniquities of the UK and US unbearable risk of legal costs or laws of liability for personal injuries have again been brought to the forefront of attention by the latest developments in the Law Society. It would remove the chew distribution in which Opren case in the UK and the absurd situation in which Dalkon Shield case in the US. In the first a staggering disparity appeared between the damages injury is least, can afford to sustain a prolonged litigation, while those who are neither rich nor poor cannot even think of

poor cannot even think of starting it.

More reform would be required to remove the other fundamental injustice; that if two people suffer similar crippling injuries in two accidents, only the one who can prove that it was due to somebody's negligence has a chance, while the other is bound to remain empty handed.

Revolving fund

All these matters were considered in the (Pearson) Report of the Royal Commission on Civil Liability and Commission on Civil Liability and Compensation for Personal Injury. Its unanimous recommendations, made 10 years ago, warmly supported by Lord Denning and Lord Scarman later, have been mostly ignored by the

Compensation for personal injuries should not depend on proving negligence and the ability to litigate. It should be proity to litigate. It should be pro-portional to need and paid quickly or by periodic payments according to need, supplement-ing what is available through the National Health Service and social security. The time has come to bring these Pearson recommendations one stage fur-

ther.

Present day needs might be best met by a revolving fund from which compensation would be paid to victims of major disas ters, unsafe drugs and other acci-dents whose nature and scope would have to be carefully specified. The fund would be replen-ished by contributions collected from those responsible for acci-dents or disasters. The fund would be in a much better posi-tion than individual victims to Hailsham, then lord Chancellor, would not be enough.

Would not be enough.

Would not be enough.

Would be in a much better position than individual victims to obtain a reasonable settlement or to litigate with a large company.

Claimants dissatisfied with the decisions of the board or or related claims in single proceedings. The introduction of the fund could appeal in much the class serior procedure is now same way they can now appeal against decisions on social secu-rity benefit. Such an approach tingency fee system, which tims and still oblige industry to

Warning on the world economy

THE BEST reason for 33 distininguished economists to produce a but relatively bold, namely, on proposal for "major policy the US fiscal deficit. By asserting changes to resolve the global that "now is the right time for economic crisis" would be that cuts in the budget deficit the they have something new to say. analysis goes against the view The second best reason would be that the stock market crash pro-

day by nine major centres for policy research around the world, comes into the second category. It is the conventional wisiom of the last three years but with the recent stock market crash and dollar decline behind it. Unfortunately, adequate action has not followed under-standing in the past. One has to wonder whether it will follow from a restatement of that from a restatement of that

understanding now.
The argument is that the presmain problem being global morts have been put and partly because of the use to which capital imports have been put and partly because of the unstable environment in the automatical area adjustments in the automatical area adjustments in the automatical area. main problem being global put and partly because of the imbalances. What is needed is unstable environment in which large adjustments in the external they have occurred. Neverthe-accounts of the US, Japan and West Germany but without with so much poverty cannot impairment of global economic growth. Comparable action is savings from the countries much growth. Comparable action is also required of the Asian new-ly-industrialising countries, principally Taiwan and South Korea, whose external surpluses are judged excessive. Equally nece-sary, it is argued, is the mobilisa-tion of increased financial tion of increased financial resources for developing countries, especially from Japan, as well as the avoidance of protec-tion, notably in the US.

Right direction

this is the economist's equivalent of motherhood and apple pie but such a reaction would be somewhat unfair. The authors have tried to make quite precise quantitative recommendations: for example they advise that the US external account should be adjusted by \$200bn by the early 1990s. Corresondingly, the Japanese surplus needs to decline by \$70bn to \$100bn, that of Europe by \$50bn to \$70bn and of the

structural budget deficit entirely over four years, at the rate of \$400n a year, a standard against only to painful experience and only to painful experien

to repeat what policy-makers vided deflation enough. Failing already know but would prefer to forget.

The statement, issued yester most dangerous possible way, by another stock market crash.

On only one major point is the analysis disturbing the assumption that current account surpluses should be more or less eliminated.

Unhappy condition It is difficult to disagree that

experience with international capital flows in the last 15 years or so has been disappointing, partly because of the use to savings from rich countries, such as West Germany and Japan, especially when those surpluses are only about 4 per cent of GDP. The welfare benefits of investment in developing countries would vastly exceed the benefits of the recommended increase in investment within these countries.

One can go further, if it is impossible to channel long-term capital flows on a large scale Right direction from rich to poor countries, the entire effort to liberalise capital flows would seem pointless.

One may also doubt whether much is added by the precise numbers and targets in the paper. It is difficult to believe that policy-makers who have shown themselves unwilling to do more than move a tiny step in the right direction will move more if told to move by a precise

The major doubt, however, is most important are the recommendations for changes in what can be affected directly by policy. For example, the US is urged to commit itself to eliminate the structural budget defirit anticolor. 540bn a year, a standard against which present proposals in Congress are judged grossly inadequate."

It is not too difficult to pick nits but the qualitative recommendations are in the right direction. On one important of the paper is the board of Westland, the Yeo-wil-based maker of helicopters.

A nominee of Sikorsky on the westland board, Lehman is now and Jeremy westland board, Lehman is now a ware survice of Dr John Lehman, secretary of the US Navy from 1981 until this year, who has been appointed to painful enough. The paper is, however, right to warn that an experience sufficiently painful westland board is now and Jeremy westland board, Lehman is now and Jeremy westland board, Lehman is now a warner of painful experience and the US Navy from 1981 until this year, who has been appointed to the board of Westland, the Yeo-wil-based maker of helicopters.

A nominee of Sikorsky on the Westland board, Lehman is now a warner of the US Navy from 1981 until this year, who has been appointed to the board of Westland, the Yeo-wil-based maker of helicopters.

A nominee of Sikorsky on the Westland board, Lehman is now a warner of the US Navy from 1981 until this year, who has been appointed to the board of Westland board and Jeremy was a warner of the US Navy from 1981 until this year, who has been appointed to the board of Westland board and Jeremy was a warner of the US Navy from 1981 until this year, who has been appointed to the board of Westland board and Jeremy was a warner of the US Navy from 1981 until this year, who has been appointed to the based of Westland board and Jeremy was a warner of the US Navy from 1981 until this year, who has been appointed to the US Navy from 1981 until this year, who has been appointed to the based of the US Navy from 1981 until this year, who has been appointed to the based of the Westland board and Jeremy was a warner of the US Navy from 1981 until this year, who has been appointed to the based of the based of

David Marsh talks to the Western Alliance's new political chief

IN HIS SCARCE spare time Mr Manfred Woerner, the West German Defence Minister, likes to read East-West politico-mili-tary thrillers. Next July, in his new job as the next secretary-general of Nato, he will find himself in the middle

of one.
Following his official designation on Friday in Brussels, Mr Woerner, 53, will take overfrom Lord Carrington as the first German to hold Nato's top political post.

After last week's US-Soviet accord on abolishing mediumrange nuclear missiles, it is a crucial time for the 16-member alliance — and also for frontline West Germany.

In an interview this week at his hilltop Ministry outside Bonn, Mr Woerner was anxious to stress that, until next sum-

to stress that, until next sum-mer, he is speaking and acting as West German Defence Minas West German Derence Minister, not as secretary generaldesignate. He still has some
thorny outstanding business —
during the next month or so
he will be battling with the
Finance Ministry to secure
more funds for West Germany's flagging defence budget.
As an example of the financial soueeze, he makes the

As an example of the financial squeeze, he makes the point with vehemence that the European Fighter Aircraft (EFA) which West Germany is planning for the 1990s with Britain, Italy and Spain will be endangered unless costs can be kept down.

Mr Woerner stresses, how-

Mr Woerner stresses, however, the symbolic importance of the scretary-general's job going to a German, 32 years after the fledgling federal republic joined Nato.

Mr Woerner says: "It is of great importance for the West Germans." They see it as most

Germans. They see it as proof that the federal republic is at last an equal partner in the Alliance. It is confirmation for Alliance. It is confirmation for the outside world of West Ger-many's contribution to Nato." Bickering within Nato over the rival candidature of Mr Kaare Willoch of Norway has plainly upset Mr Woerner, who was clearly preferred by the US and the other larger coun-tries.

tries.
He praises Mr Willoch's deci-

He praises Mr Willoch's deci-sion three weeks ago to with-draw as "a noble gesture" and stresses: "I will not be the ser-vant of the Germans, but of the Alliance."

The unusual public squabbl-ing highlighted the delicacy of Mr Woerner's future task in working, mainly behind the scenes, to harmonise western scenes, to harmonise western defence policies. The job could be made more complicated by strains coming to the surface among the allies, and particu-larly in the federal republic, over the next steps in disarma-

Defence Minister for more than five years in the Chris-tian Democrat-led administration, Mr Woerner is a reserve pilot in the Luftwaffe who cuts an unashamedly controversial figure in Bonn.

He played a major part in

onward, the deployment of Pershing and cruise missiles in West Germany which will be removed along with Soviet SS20s under last week's intermediate nuclear forces (INF) deal between President Reagan and Mr Gorbachev.

But during the past argumentative summer of discontent within the coalition in Bonn over the INF accord, he argued that the so-called "dou-ble zero" deal, abolishing all missiles of between 500 km and 5,000 km in range, but leaving those below 500 km where the Soviet Union has



Nato into the 1990s

clear superiority, could end up not boosting but endangering West Germany's security. This is above all, he says, because the federal republic will now be more exposed to the War-saw Pact's superior conven-tional forces

Mr Woerner will thus go to Brussels with an ambivalent stance on the INF deal which stance on the INF deal which has already won him friends among Nato generals, but which has branded him in the eyes of the left as a cold warrior. Steely-eyed and assertively avuncular, Mr Woerner will take with him an unquestimated the statement of the stateme tionably sharp intellect and rare enthusiasm for all things military. But a man who often appears in his element in a flak jacket chatting to soldiers will also have to show little-suspected talents as a diplo-

Mr Woerner rams home that, in future arms control hardaining, he will be a tough partner, both vis-a-vis the Warsaw Pact and also, presumably, within Nato itself. Many people think that, because we have achieved a success in one disarmament sector, we can let to in defence efforts overall. In line with the present secretary-general, I can only warn against this. If that happens, it would give the Soviet Union an advantage which could allow them to dominate

Stressing the importance now of winning a reduction of the Soviet Union's conven-

tional strength, he says: "Gor-bachev will here have to prove that he means what he says." He admits that, unlike the INF deal, Nato has little to

INF deal, Nato has little to offer to persuade the Soviet Union to cut its troops and tank strength. But he says: "If Gorbachev wants to make savings (in military spending to help the civilian economy), the biggest can be made in the conventional area, because conventional weapons cost more: "In to now the Soviet." conventional weapons cost more...Up to now the Soviet Union has modernised its weapons. If Gorbachev wants to modernise his country, then he now has the possibility.

Mr Woerner, respected but thought rather arrogant by fellow conservatives, was nearly forced out of office by a scandal in 1984 surrounding the alleged homosexual activities of a top general. He looks likely to bequeath a bost of problems to his as-yet-unnamed successor.

But he will be leaving with his head held high - quite an achievement considering the gruelling nature of the job and the ignominious departures of several of his predecessors. A split within the centre-

right coalition on the vexed question of the sub-500 km range nuclear missiles left in Europe after the INF accord could still make Mr Woerner's last few months uncomfort-

He is against reducing the

short-range arsenals of the Alliance as long as the Soviet Union's conventional superior-ity remains. This line is backed the US, Britain and France, who are all opposed to any fur-ther "denuclearisation" of Europe. But the emphasis is different from that of Mr Hans-Dietrich Genscher, the Foreign Minister, and the real victor in the Bonn coalition over the INF deal, who wants follow-on talks soon to focus on the shorter-range missiles. Mr Woerner says: "The

smaller the role of nuclear forces, the greater the effect of the disparities in the conven-tional balance. That's why I say the weight of our disarma-ment efforts must now be con-centrated on the conventional

centrated on the conventional area. That has priority.

For the same reasons, he also wants to maintain the West's option on modernising its tactical nuclear missiles. This is not a question for today, but for the 1990s," he says, but adds: "No one is served by giving up modernisation." Partly because he knows he has support in Washington, Mr Woerner is not afraid to stand up for Bonn's interests in the complicated defence relationship with the US.

complicated defence relation-ship with the US.

Over American worries about allegedly protectionist attitudes in the European aero-space and defence industry, he says: "Of course it worries the Americans when we build an aircraft ourselves rather an aircraft ourselves rather than buying one from the US, but we do not want to become, over the medium term, mere licensees of American companies."
On sporadic irritation in

On sporadic irritation in Washington that the federal republic has not done more to help in Gulf minesweeping, he says: "We have sent ships to the Mediterranean," and then reels off a list of figures of the "special burdens" West Germany has to bear.... "We have 500,000 of our own soldiers, 400,000 from other countries. 400,000 from other countries stationed here, 5,000 military exercises a year outside training areas, 100,000 low flights.

Mr Woerner is a committed Francophile who, in spite of the setback when the French pulled out of EFA, has helped purched forward a considerable

pushed forward a considerable Franco-German military rap-prochement during the past few years. On the Franco-German troop brigade which will be formally constituted next year, he says: "It will not simply be there for parades, but will receive a con-

crete military objective. We think of it as the first step, which will be followed by oth-This line is backed by the US, Britain and France. But

the emphasis is different from that of Mr. Genscher. "From the military point of view, co-operation will be closer...Politically, France unequivocally increases its commitment to the forward defence of Ger-

Thatcher, that closer French-German co-operation could in some way undermine links within the Alliance. The pro-posed Defence Council between Paris and Bonn is not orientated against the Alliance. The idea is false that we want to form a sort of directorate." And he adds firmly, for Mrs Thatcher and, maybe also for Mr Gorbachev: "It is better that the Germans and French should be co-operating than that nothing should happen. That is in the interest of the Europeans and of the Alliance.



Walesa

by Lech Walesa Collins Harvill £12.95

decaying building. As for the to have been the right man at usurpers, if they want to stay on the right time.

Was he wrong to think that by argument; patient lobbying and

tion with their new master.

This, he says, was how things looked during the autumn and winter of 1980-81 after the signing of the Gdsnsk Agreements. These gave workers the right to set up independent trade unions, provided for higher wages and reformed health, welfare and industrial management.

The agreements, as he saw them, opened the way for "a new argument; patient lobbying and willingness to compromise he could massage the authorities and the system into accommodating the broad movement which Solidarity represented?

"Mr Walesa, you'll never make a good politician," an official told him while he was being held under arrest. "Because you'l are afraid of bloodshed."

The agreements, as he saw them, opened the way for "a new phase of coexistence between workers and management, between citizens and their Gov-

But on December 12, 1981, General Jaruzelski declared mar-tial law. The dialogue between union and Government ended, union leaders, including Walesa, were arrested and the pauper

inability to meet force with force perhaps yes, he concedes. "But we had during those 500 days set in motion an alternative society, while the whole of Poland awakened from its long

slumber. In retrospect this sounds a bit like whistling in the dark. Since the imposition of martial law, the imposition of martial law, the gap between government and governed has steadily wid-ened as the General struggles to introduce the reforms which virtually all agree are necessary, but few wish to allow him the satisfaction of achieving.

But Solidarity, which campaigned for a boycott of the ref-

terendum, has virtually disap-ineared from sight, its campaign dismissed by many voters as being as irrelevant as the refer-

endum itself.

How did it all go wrong? Waiesa's account of Solidarity's 500 days of legal existence is founded in the belief that failure was not inevitable. His first impression of Jaruzelski was anything but hostile: "I had a certain respect for Jaruzelski. anything but nostile: "I had a certain respect for Jaruzelski. The General's language was unexpected – lively, different from what we were accustomed to hearing." At their first meeting there was "a current of understanding."

understanding.

For Walesa this represented a starting point on the read to a compromise, but on Jaruzelski's part, he concludes, it was only a ploy to try to win over an adver-

The recent history of Poland, he says, is littered with demo-cratic leaders who emerge AMONG THE more remarkable aspects of last month's referendum in Poland, two stand out that it was held at all; and that 20 per cent of the electorate overcame their apprehensions to vote against the Government rather than merely abstaining.

General Jaruzelski was taken aback by the result, which was widely attributed to his and his Government's unpopularity — a cratic leaders who emerge expressing popular aspirations, are given a certain leeway and then allow themselves to be won then allow themselves to be won over by the authorities. This, he was determined, would never happen to him, although he hints at a fleeting susceptibility to Jaruzelski's attempts to woo him and the temptation to yield to the argument that more can be capressing popular aspirations, are given a certain leeway and then allow themselves to be won over by the authorities. This, he was determined, would never happen to him, although he hints at a fleeting susceptibility to Jaruzelski's attempts to woo him and the temptation to yield to the authorities. aback by the result, which was widely attributed to his and his be achieved by working on the Government's unpopularity — a factor he appears to have overlooked when he called the referendum.

But while the General may still cling to the theory that, by declaring martial law in 1981 and crushing Solidarity, he saved his country from incipient civil war and Soviet intervention, it is an image few in Poland appear to recognise.

Probably a more familiar image is that used by Lech Waless, in his autobiography, in describing what the legalisation and then the suppression of the independent trade union meant to Poland.

"I would," he writes, "compare to the results of the portrait has its (unintentionally) comic side, with the great man forever rushing off to

then the suppression of the independent trade union meant to Poland.

"I would," he writes, "compare Polish society to a pauper who, for most of his life, occupied a small corner of a fine house only to learn, quite suddenly, that he is in fact master of the house, not its tenant."

"What," he asks, "does the pauper do?" He starts to restore the decaying building. As for the

afraid of bloodshed.

A natural politician, Walesa sees bloodshed as the failure of politics; while the General, searching blindly for a partner-ship with his sceptical, mistrustally with his sceptical, mistrustally with his seeptical. ful people, has not the first idea how to start constructing one.

In another recently published tome from the East, the Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev recalls were arrested and the pauper how he berated his country's returned to his little corner of trade union leaders for panderthe forward defence of Ger-had we falled? Walesa aska. Ing to managers, sometimes going so far as dancing to their He also responds to suspi-Judged by their unwillingness or tune. I asked them whether it was not high time they took a position of principle and stood

O VERE

ಿದ್ದಾಟ್ಯ.

14.0

to Take

£

· Same

Title Way

up for working people."
The Poles, unlike the Russians, need no such lectures. But if Mr Gorbachev can demonstrate that "democratic centralism" is not a contradiction in terms and that independent trade unions can survive under socialism as prac-tised in the Soviet Union and its east European satellites, then he
will have proved himself a true
revolutionary.
In the meantime, Lech Walesa
could probably teach him a thing

VSEL sails for Canadian waters

VSEL, the Barrow-based builder of submarines, yesterday launched the commercial vessel with which it hopes to win one of the world's biggest defence export contracts – the Canadian Government's \$3.35bn programme to build up to a dozen process represent submarines. nuclear powered submarines.
It will sail under the name of VSEL Defence Systems Canada, and will have two retired Canadian admirals on board.

Rear Admiral William Christie once a senior official in Canada's military procurement depart-ment, is president of the new company.

His countryman, Vice Admiral Jock Allan, is on the board, which also includes three VSEL representatives, headed by Frank Noah, VSEL's commercial director and chairman of the new company.

Technically, VSEL's rivalry is with the French for the design and initial supply of the nuclear subs which overall, the Mulroney Government has decreed, must have 65 per cent Canadian content - hence the need to create a local Canadian company.
Pitted against VSEL's Trafal-

gar class submarine is the French Rubis class boat. But VSEL's real foe may be the

But VSEL's real toe may be the
US Navy which has taken strong
exception to the Canadian Navy
going nuclear. It fears that any
accident in an under-funded and
politically controversial Canadian submarine programme
might lead to such environmental concern south of the border The major doubt, however, is as to scuttle effectively the near, whether anyone is listening. The 40 per cent of the US Navy present unhappy condition of which is nuclear powered.

Men and Matters

tland might not be his only Brit-!

Heavy smoker

Lord Belstead, Environment Minister, appeared slightly bemused when presented with a daunting Christmas present by the Fellowship of Engineering, a learned society consisting of 705 of the nation's most worthy engi-Their president, Sir Denis

Rooke, helpfully explained that the weighty, four-volume, tome on "acidic emissions abatement technologies" was the outcome of two years of study at the request of the Environment Department.

As a result, the department's technical advisers, contractors, and assorted members of the vociferous energy and environ-mental lobbies, now have a handbook embracing almost every known way of cleaning up-engine exhausts of every descrip-

tion — from power stations to phutphut bikes. Stalwarts led by Sir Freddie Page, a former executive of British Aerospace, spent \$220,000 compiling what they believe to be the world's first comparative assessment of clean-up processe for the fumes from burning coal,

gas, and oil.

They cover all the technologies expected to be available by the year 2000 - except for those where inventors have been too coy to reply.

Garden markets

With the appointment of John Paine as the first marketing director of the Royal Opera House, the team to take Covent Garden into a turbulent future is

First came Bernard Haitink to pep up the musical side. Then Sir John Sainsbury as a chair-man who understood finance, A nominee of Sikorsky on the and Jeremy Isaacs from Channel Westland board, Lehman is now Four as a general director who a Washington consultant. Wes-could add flair.

It will be Paine's task to boos audiences and revenue, and help to eliminate a £700,000 deficit or

He has a hard task. Coven Garden already attracts an average audience of almost 90 per cent of the house capacity. He is

looking for 95 per cent.

Paine has a good sales background for his new job, however.

After stints at Hotpoint and Lyons he joined J Walter Thompson, the advertising agency, 22 years ago. His major client as an account director was Kelloggs. More recently he has looked after Rolex and RHM.

It is a wrench leaving the most clubbable of agencies. But the recent lowering of compulsory retirement there to 55 is likely to encourage 53-year-olds like Paine to look around early for a second When the head hunter called he was ready.

Paine is an opera buff. Til be blending a hobby with a job — something he tried to avoid at JWT when taking clients to Covent Garden was regarded as a As for getting existing JWT cli-ents involved, there are natural possibilities with Rolex which

advertises around big name users. Among its satisfied clients are Placido Domingo and Kiri te Can we look forward to the Rolex Ring?

Welsh connection The brothers Ryan, who set up

Ryanair 18 months ago, challenging the might of the major airlines for a slice of the business between Britain and the Irish Republic, added a Celtic notch to their growing airline system yes-terday when they landed in Car-

The flight was the start of a service between the Welsh and Irish capitals.

Declan and Cathal, whose father Tony runs Guinness Peat Aviation, have built up a strong following using Luton as the way home for Irishmen in exile in the London area.

Market research has shown there are a lot of Irishmen in and around Cardiff who would like the chance of a quick trip home.

"We're putting on a daily service till Christmas," said commercial director Derek O'Brien as the first aircraft touched down.

"After that, we'll be going three times a week". The Brazilian-made Bandeir-

ante mini-airliner being used has only 15 seats. But O'Brien promises that if the demand is good Ryanair will put larger jets on the route next summer.

Party pooped

The gods meted out a crude form of divine retribution to the 2,000 administrative employees of the Stock Exchange by sabotaging their Christmas party this

Bang the exchange ran into strong criticism for the repeated failures of its electronic communications systems. Ironically, the Christmas thrash was hit by technical problems too.

It was to be held in The Brew ery, in Chiswell street.

Just before the fun was due to

begin that part of the city suf-fered a major electricity cut.

The organisers were reassured that power would be restored before first guests arrived at 6pm. But the party had to be abandoned at 6.30 when the only sign of electricity was that gen-erated by several hundred mutinous revellers standing outside in the min. A case of not being able to organise a "party" in a brewery?

Clean break

A London broker, who was told by his new American manager to attend a working breakfast meeting at 7.30 am, replied, "If I had wanted to get up at crack of dawn I would have been a dust man." Guess what he is doing now?

Observer



Also at Birmingham Edinburgh Leeds Manchester Brussels

ECONOMIC VIEWPOINT

Digging a hole in US demand

By Samuel Brittan

OCCASIONALLY there appears a study which states the logic of a controversy which is equally useful to participants on all sides, as well as to those who simply want to understand.

The example I have in mind is not the Statement by 33 Economists on the Global Crisis issued vesternay. It is a less ambitious

yesterday. It is a less ambitious but instructive paper entitled. Adjustment in the World Economy, by Professor Paul Krugman of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Technology
He describes the preconditions

for an improvement in the US-current or trade balance. The reader should find the argument straightforward if he examines it scraightforward if he examines it in conjunction with the lable.

Let us suppose that the US 2 per cent boost - let alone 8 per cent through fiscal policy by \$100hn per annum and assume all prices and exchange rates to remain demand will be mainly note.

and exchange rates to remain constant. Let us also make the more optimistic assumption that other countries take US advice and raise their expenditure by a corresponding \$100hm (Parkage A in the table.)

On the most favourable estimate Krugman can find, US spending on imports falls by \$33bn. He then looks at the effects of increased spending in the rest of increased spending in the rest of the world. Again, on the most favourable estimate, some \$12bn of the \$100bn some \$12bn of the \$100bn increase would take the form of higher spending on exports from the US. Total US demand is, therefore, reduced by \$55bn. This consists of the original \$100bn reduction offset by \$33bn of lower imports and \$12bn of higher exports.

The results are not surprising. They simply reflect the fact that expenditure by US consumers and business is still largely on US products. The expenditure of the rest of the world is, to an

2 (21) SALES

10 1 mm

* *** \***!

in the least of th

instru de las rel a Contrare

ಯ-2 ಪಿತ ಗಾ - ಚಿನ್ನ ಚಿತ್ರದ

agen, see

a line ver

ನಿಮ್ಮ**ಚಿತ್ರಕಿ** rancie sat a 7-opia

an est usus.

ಾ ಸಿದ್ರಾಶ ≕ (*10) 1022

表示: 第四章 5 52 A 22 Z

12.00

Tan Helle

-

منتع تقان

j.

33

the rest of the world is, to an even greater degree, on its own products rather than on those of the US.

The conclusion, on the basis of this illustration, is that a cut of \$100bn in US expenditure has led to a reduction of the US payments deficit of only \$45bm (\$35bm in reduced imports plus \$12bm on more exports); and the \$55bm reduction in demand for

US goods is driving the US acon-only towards recession.

As a purely imaginary exer-cise, Krugman works out (and we can all check) how much expenditure would have to increase in the rest of the world to avoid this reconstructly pressure in the US and to ensure eventually seen to swing into that the US fiscal cuts are surplus in the summer of 1969.

reflected 100 per cent in an reflected 100 per cent in an improved balance of payments.

On his assumptions, the required boost outside the US would amount to \$558bn per annum. After allowing for lower US imports and increased US exports totalling \$100bn, this would still mean an increase in demand in the rest of the world of \$458bn amounting to nearly 6 per cent of its output.

To eliminate, not just the \$100bn in the illustration but the whole US deficit, by a combina-

whole US deficit, by a combina-tion of fiscal contraction at home and fiscal expansion abroad, would require an expansion of non-US demand of 8 per cent. In

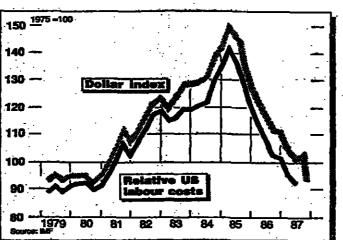
inflation.

The moral for the US is clear enough. Simply reducing the budget deficit (or cutting domestic demand in any other way) would have been an inefficient way of reducing the US payments deficit when the dollar was at its 1985 peak. Price and profit incentives are needed to divert to exports or to importaving the \$55bn of oroduction. saving the \$55bn of production shown in the illustration as no longer needed to satisfy home

These considerations can be brought down to earth for British readers who remember the events before and after the 1967 devaluation of sterling so bitterly resisted by Harold Wilson. One of the more rational excuses for not detabling after by leading one of the more rational excises for not devaluing after Wilson's second election victory in 1966 was the need to dig a hole first. In the economy by domestic measures, which could then be filled by exports or import-saving. The hole was dug by means of an emergency package in July 1966. But the Wilson Government not only continued to resist. ment not only continued to resist devaluation; it proceeded to refill the hole by domestic reflation during a large part of 1967.

So the process had to begin once more when Roy Jenkins took over as Chancellor after the devaluation of November 1967.

devaluation of November 1967. There was again discussion on whether he should dig a hole straight away, or wait until the export orders arrived to fill it. In the end he used both fiscal and monetary tools to dig a fair-sized hole. After many further starling



To come back to the dollar. It has now fellen in both nominal and real terms right back to its 1979-80 low. It is also well below the levels required to equalise its purchasing power with that of other currencies (as evident by the number of business visitors who have lingered in New York for Christmas shopping).

It seems pretty clear that the incentives to fill a U.S. hole are well and truly in position. The problem is that the hole itself has hardly been dug. In other words US domestic demand is still far too strong. words US domestic demand is still far too strong.

Although I have irritated some British economists by pointing to the falling trend of the US budget deflicit as a proportion of GDP after cyclical adjustment, the budget centing clearly needs to go a great deal further. There is nothing to gain and a great deal to lose both for the US and

at constant prices & exchange rates \$500 per annum											
	US Imports	US exports	US demand	Rest of World demand							
Package A US expanditure		.es									
cut by \$100bn RoW expenditure raised by \$100bn	-33	+12	-55	+55							
Package B US expenditure	:			,							
cut by \$100bn RoW expenditure raised by \$558bh	-33	+67	0	+458							

rates in a nutshell is that it is much easier to bring about the relative pay and price adjust-ments by means of a lower dollar relative pay and price adjustments by means of a lower dollar than by painful downward pressure on US domestic product and labour markets. As Friedman once put it, it is easier to put the clock forward than for us all to move to countries with the high-

prevent prices in different countries from becoming so misa-ligned in the first place? Credu-lous readers of Krugman's paper may wonder how the Western world has managed for decades, and even centuries, to live with a more or less fixed exchange rate system, either via the link to gold, or more directly as in the Bretton Woods period.

The point is that under a fixed rate system, neither the large payments imbalances nor the price misalignments of the 1980s price misalignments of the BBSIs would have had a chance to emerge. If a country's exchange rate is fixed and expected to remain so, any tendency for pay and prices to rise above or below those of its competitors is checked by market forces at a very early state before correct. very early stage before correc-tion becomes too painful.

Similarly, governments cannot get away very long with financing their spending by overseas borrowing. For as their overseas debts rise, doubts begin to emerge either about default or about the ability of the government concerned to stay in the
90 per cent represent either over
fixed rate system. It thus has to
or undershooting or the accom-

system that all current account fixed exchange rates is not an balances are zero. Krugman him-argument for over or under valuself argues that Japan as a high saving country has a structural current account surplus of two to three per cent of GNP which could endure for many years. The other side of the coin is that some other countries must be in

Another example is that before World War One the UK had get up an hour earlier when est rates of return on capital; and summer approaches.

Few would deny that once deficit. Savings do not go to

Few would deny that once wages and prices are seriously out of line it is better to adjust the exchange rate than try to depress pay and prices directly. The British Government made the mistake of returning to gold at an excessively high pre-war parity, not only in 1925, but also after the Napoleonic Wars.

It is no accident that Krugman takes as his point of reference the dollar parity of 1985. Might it not be better still however to prevent prices in different countilines from becoming so misawill not be so accommodated will itself be an influence for stable prices. For a fully stable system, however, currencies have to be fixed not merely against each other, but against some external anchor such as gold or some more modern

Some economists would argue however that exchange rate changes are still required to deal with "real shocks" such as oil price explosions or the discovery of local energy sources, which affect different countries in dif-

affect different countries in dif-ferent ways.

In the end it is a matter of trading off the benefits of this extra flexibility against the ben-efits of a stable and predictable payments system. In striking this balance, we need to remember that the argument about shocks is likely to be abused whenever governments are going through a governments are going through a

difficult patch.

I would guess that of all the major swings in exchange rates we have seen since the collapse of Bretton Woods in 1971, about pay a larger and larger premium over prevailing international indiary pressures, and that 10 interest rates. Again the warning per cent, if that, represents a signals emerge before the problem becomes too deep seated.

This does not mean that in a properly functioning fixed-rate countries. Thus the argument for the tall current properly functioning fixed-rate countries. Thus the argument for the countries of the december of th ation but for timely adjustment of internal policies before dis-equilibrium become fundamen-

"(Group of Thirty, 180, The Strand, London, W.C.Z. LEX, and 227 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10172).

JOE ROGALY

How to scrap the NHS

BRITAIN'S National Health Service will not be put right until selves. The producers will then politicians of all parties cease to be back for more.

The only way out is to change the rules. Perhaps the service should not be free at the point of judge by the recent spate of obvictions will re-assert them-stood by the Government, to judge by the recent spate of obvictions in the rules. Perhaps the service should not be free at the point of supply. Pharmaceuticals are currently paid for, except when the patient is a child, or very old, or living on social security. Could the same principle be applied to visits to general practitioners, or even to hospital stays? Perhaps the Government should not do commitment to the NHS in its 1945 form, ("our finest creation"), that it may not be ready to think clearly about the matter, while the various bits of the former Alliance parties are so are accompled with extrahilate the former than the former and the former than the strephile to be back for more.

The only way out is to change the rules. Perhaps the sample at the product should not be free at the point of supply. Pharmaceuticals are currently paid for, except when the same principle be applied to visits to general practitioners, or even to hospital stays? Perhaps the Government should not do the rationing: the reason why 1945 form, ("our finest creation of its gross national product on health care than most comparation of the amount. In an area of the countries is that the Treason who have the former alliance parties are so sury controls the amount. In an area of the countries is that the Treason who have the former alliance parties are so sury controls the amount. In an area of the countries is that the Treason who have the former alliance parties are so sury controls the amount. In an area of the countries is the countries the former alliance parties are so sury controls the amount. In an area of the countries is the countries the former alliance parties are so sury controls the amount. In an area of the countries th

A third proposition has now cal treatment they need. The taken its place alongside the first two. It is that at various times government rationing may be far too severe, even when judged by a general notion of what a minimum basic standard of health care should be. In short, this would be acceptable. Yet the time around the doctors and nurses may have a point. Let us say that the Government has provided enough extra funding to meet this need — as it was attempting to do yesterday. Any new money is a welcome immediate relief, but that is all. Sooner or later the two ancient

ter, while the various bits of the rable countries is that the Treaformer Alliance parties are so sury controls the amount. In an
pre-occupied with stitching insurance based service the Govthemselves up that they are in
no position to contribute to the
present argument.

So, for the time being at least,
the Tories have the field of radiThree basic concerns have pre-

so, for the time being at least, the Tories have the field of radical reform to themselves. They may yet shrink from taking advantage of this opportunity: the Prime Minister is uncharacteristically nervous about any radical review of the NHS. Yet there seems to be a growing feeling that now is the time.

The reason why a national debate on the shape of the NHS is suddenly possible is that two ancient — yet fundamental—propositions have started to sink in. The first is that if you provide a service free at the point of supply, then demand is likely to be infinite. The second is that if governments take on the role of rationing such a free service, then all the producers — in this case doctors, nurses and health administrators — have a vested with that. One method is to flood integrated in demonstrating that the market with medical practical response to the field of radically rapacious as their forms ungesting any such thing. The first is that the well-off might buy themselves quicker or more comfortable treatment than the poor. The answer to that is that they already do, and always will.

Even if there were no private insurance in Britain the rich could go abroad for the kind of non-acute service they presently buy (while relying on the NHS for much else).

Three basic concerns have premented all post-war British governments is that the well-off might buy themselves quicker or more comfortable treatment than the poor. The answer to that is that they insurance in Britain the rich could go abroad for the kind of non-acute service they presently buy (while relying on the NHS for much else).

administrators - have a vested with that. One method is to flood interest in demonstrating that the market with medical practi-

This remains true however much is spent, and whichever party is in power.

The third concern is the most vital lt is that without the NHS in power. A third proposition has now cal treatment they need. The

Runway on the Spanish side

From Mr John Crookshank. Sir, Your leader of December 10 ("The Gibraltar Triangle") is very clear about the position over the Gibraltar sirport, but I believe that a far sighted and positive act which would bring significant long term benefits for Spain and for Gibraltar, and which would immediately restore much needed confidence at Gibraltar, would be for Spain to build a runway parallel to the existing Gibraltar runway, but on the Spanish side of the existing border, plus the necessary

Anyway, the extra runway this route builds up in the years ahead. Political problems about exactly how passengers move through customs will be avoided with more space, and with both the Spanish and the Gibraltar customs operating on their name. will be necessary as traffic on this route builds up in the years customs operating on their own no heavy selling

territories.
The original airfield at Gibral From Mr Alastair Morton. tar was built on the old race-course on the Gibraltar half of the "Neutral Ground" as defined in the various treaties between Spain and Britain. The Spanish half of this "Neutral Ground" half of this "Neutral Ground" was for years a derelict waste-land dotted by gun emplacements built in 1940-41 by the Germans. It would be simple to move the car and lorry parking areas and the Spanish customs currently on this space, northwards to hake way for a second runway.

runway.

Perhaps the airport could be called Gibraltar/La Lines (a la Dallas/Forth Worth). It would provide a modern facility for travellers without infringing Britain's sovereignty over Gibral-

Letters to the Editor

conclusive and beyond doubt are tar or the pride of the people of had changed hands according to extremely demanding. Thus Gibraltar.

The clear impression on the per tent of the company's total evidence against these drugs. So shares in issue. There had been why does the EC ban the use of the sake of larger and more Your report of these figures meat production?

There is a deneral rule in business. for the sake of larger and more important European issues, but I-believe that if Spain made the commitment outlined in this letter, the stage would be set for real political and economic co operation in this corner of Europe, to the benefit of all. John Crookshank,

Sir, On Friday December 11
Richard Tunkins informed readers, in a prominent position on the back page, adjacent to the Lex Column, that an estimated 9 per cent of Eurotunnel's share capital changed hands on the first day of trading. He said that this suggested a price collapse due to "heavy sale by underwriters and shareholders." He talked of "numoured heavy Japanese sales of the stock. Almost equally prominently, your well-known stock exchange market report talked of "40m shares changing hands out of the 220m share hands out of the 220m share insure."

In the course of December 11, I informed the Financial Times the EC. Suggest of the stock of th

informed the Financial Times the EC that 2.7m shares, not 20m shares, He is

Your report of these figures meat production?
was an inconspicuous item on There is a general rule in busipage nine of your issue of Saturness that if you want to sell a
day December 12. It should have product, the customer has to
had the same prominence as the want to buy it. With growth hororiginal item.

providing so many new individ-ual shareholders with false infor-Alastair Morton,

he EC. Shepton Montague,
He is quite correct to state that Wincanton, Somerses

there may be no scientific evidence to prove that these syn-thetic stimulants remain in the meat in quantities likely to be harmful to human consumers. However, the procedures required to make the test results

had the same prominence as the want to buy it. With growth nororiginal item.

I make a particular issue of the implants, the public is conthis because the Eurotunnel issue attracted over 300,000 individual shareholders, enabling evidence that should have this great project to be launched. Of the underwriters left holding the product was growing rapidly. A minor part of the stock, only a minority appear to be sellers, the product was growing rapidly. The only way open to the EC to minority appear to be sellers, the time the stock was by bancertainly at present price levels. There is a duty here to avoid hormones in beef production.

However, it is impossible to

However, it is impossible to test a carcass to ascertain whether it contains any residues of an implant. Thus it is impossi-

RK REE



eren't just married to their work we offer exactly the same thing.

Because travelling abroad continually can put a great strain

EVEN

Another trip to Dubai, then

But now Emirates have out you in a position to say "You're coming with me."

And to think all you have to

TIME

do is to buy one first or business class return ticket to Dubai, from

Once you've taken that trip you get a free transferable economy ticket to use on your next.

FLIES

A return ticket that's valid

So, thanks to Emirates (and Dubai's excellent position as far as connecting flights are concerned - a stepping stone

ON

to India and the Maldives for example) it looks as though a business trip is about to turn into an unexpected holiday for two.

Phone 01-930 5356 or contact your local travel agent.

125 PALL MALL, LONDON SW1

The Spaniards only want the airport for political reasons

Sir, in the light of your edito-rial "The Gibraltar Triangle" December 10), I have to agree that perhaps Gibraltar has managed to attract an amount of of air fares in Europe unless attention wholly disproportion agreement is reached on joint ate to its real importance to the use of the airport.

UK's national interest.

As you say yourself, the Span-

I could not, however, bypass' this article without thinking that, once again, there is a lack of knowledge in the UK of the real problem underlying our dealings with Spain.

Gibraltar wants to progress in its relations with Spain without underlying threats on the sovereignty issue. Only three years the Cibraltarians. We either take the carriet with its prosperity

munication links with the Span-

decided to use the airport, not show commendable patience through the EC, as their best in its dealings over Gibraltar foothold, stating quite categoription to the European air fares cally that Gibraltar would issue. We have never seen any remain outside the liberalisation signs of encouragement from our

eignty issue. Only three years the Gibralianas we emerged from yet the carrot, with its prosperity another siege in our history, and economic promises, or we what we have seen since the end of 1984 has only been a restoration of normal and humane communication links with the Spain would treat our frontier munication links with the Spain would treat our frontier seed other normal com-

munication links with the Spanish mainland.

Even on this issue we have experienced unprecedented delays and queues at the frontier, orchestrated by the Spanish authorities. Since 1984 the sover-dictronity mentality takes time eighty issue has been brought up to disappear. Only the Gibraltaniepeatedly by the Spanish socialist government. Now they have

signs of encouragement from our neighbours except constant threatening behaviour, which indeed applies to their foreign politics as a whole.

If one looks back over nearly 300 years, Gibraltarians can be seen and indeed always have been seen as reasonable citizens with no desire to lose their identity. Since "normal" communications were restored by neightity. Since "normal" communications were restored by neighbouring Spain, we have been prospering rapidly, as indeed the immediate region of Andalucia has too. We would like to see further progress made for the benefit of both parties as we go forth and explore other possible ioint developments.

It is quite clear that if the Gibraltar airport opened up internationally, Gibraltar would benefit considerably. Unfortunately we have had the question of concessions thrust upon us, and it is reported from a number agreement has a much wider sig-

nificance which could go beyond the airport issue itself. The Brus-sels agreement is not progressing-smoothly, and yet we should grow together in stages of mutual co-bperation and trust-which is, after all, the only way forward. Gibraltar cannot be compared with Hong Kong; we are not subject to a lease life. "Small and far flung populations" like Gibraltar (I quote your leader) do not make huge demands on Britain; less so on the HW to rease. It is important. demands on Britain; less so on the UK tax payer. It is important to analyse the considerable savings that Britain makes by having an historically faithful, well serving port at the gateway to the Mediterranean.

I am sure it is perfectly normal and understandable, to all your readers, that Gibraltar would like to co-operate with Spain on

like to co-operate with Spain on a good many issues which can only benefit us. This, however, cannot be done under threat, and there is no price for our sov-

Richard Felipes 56 Governor Street,

I K

Thursday December 17 1987

Underdog

Hart sets

3-month

deadline

MR GARY HART, the born-again

trail yesterday in the underdor role that suits him best and

press revelations of a sex scan-dal forced him out of the race,

seems sourced by a mixture of pride and a pyschological need for vindication at the hands of

Rumours of a Hart comeback

have persisted over the past seven months. He felt cheated, robbed of the nomination by

an intrusive press.

Indeed, he still denies that there

is a character issue and insists that his extra-marital frolics

can be separated from the mer-its of his candidacy and his

electoral platform of military reform, enlighted engage-

ment and what he calls strate

s he made clear on Tuesday when he put his name on the

ballot for the New Hampshire primary next February, Mr Hart has calculated that the

press might be reluctant to publish more revelations about

Aside from the character issue, Mr Hart faces a mountain of bureaucracy to get his name on the ballot in the key early

together account for 1,245 del-

egates or almost a third of the votes at the Democratic con-vention next July in Atlanta which will pick the presiden-

However, in eight of these states, his task could be simple if he can convince state officials

that he is a nationally recog-nised candidate.

That his name is well known should help; if he fails, he will need thousands of support signatures to get on the ballot which would obviously require

a campaign organisation.

A second issue is whether he can

primary states. By January 15, he must me

gic investment economics.

Todd Shields reports that the peasants are back on the long march in search of food

Rebels disrupt Ethiopian lifeline

THE spectacular but barren highlands of northern Ethiopia scale seen only too recently. Despite the efforts to beat the famine of 1985-86, hundreds of thousands of peasants, their harvest a failure, have resumed their long marches for food.

The great cargo aircraft are back too, kicking up long plumes of dust from the gravel airstrip at nearby Mekelle, as they bring grain to the feeding station at this town and for other centres in central Tigray. The supply line is stretched tight and in danger of breaking ger of breaking.

Neither aircraft nor marches should be needed to feed the and any people threatened with starvation in Tigray and neighbouring Eritrea since the July and August rains failed. However, in the last three to four months rebels in both provinces have escalated their long-run-ning war with the Government and made some roads impassable for grain convoys. The relief effort, already short of trucks, has been forced to resort to expensive airlifts and has no means to carry food to remote villages.

The problem is especially acute in central Tigray which, according to Mr David Morton, the country's director for the United Nation's World Food Programme is "feeding hand to gramme, is "feeding hand to

The supply road into the region, which runs some 300km south from warehouses in Asmara, is open up to 13 days a



Ethiopia

month and the average one-way trip takes up to five days.
But even that erratic schedule is frequently disrupted, notably by an attack on October 23 by the Eritrean People's Liberation Front that destroyed 23 trucks in a supply convoy. There have been no such attacks since, but the tenuous security of the road means most of central Tigray's grain is now shipped from Asmara by C-130 Hercules and three Soviet Antonov transport aircraft. Three Hercules backed aircraft. Three Hercules backed by Western funds are operating now, with a fourth to join the effort at mid-month.

The seven aircraft can carry up to 13,000 tons a month—
more than the Mekelle region's
requirement of about 8,500 tons
a month. The surplus will build
up stocks depleted while the
relief effort relied on uncertain

seven walked four hours to reach the Wukro feeding station, where about 6,000 people receive grain each day. On a small plain surrounded by hills, a half-dozen stacks of 50 kilogramme grain bags sat in a long row, with a distribution worker standing atop each pile. Peasant families massed on the far side of the piles, as groups of 10 to 15 were called forward to receive their ration.

Mr Hailu sat with his ration.

ration.

Mr Hailu sat with his ration, waiting in the fading evening sun to begin the trip back home. He said his family last ate the day before and that he had sold his four oxen and 20 sheep to buy food. Animal prices had dropped as food became more scarce, he said.

Mass starvation has been avoided so far. Relief workers say mainutrition levels are about normal for this time of year, and the families streaming into the distribution centres are ani-

But officials in Addis Ababa warn of severe supply problems ahead, as food runs out in areas

road shipments and awaited the late-November advent of the airneeded next year to feed 5.2m lift.

In the meantime the region's and other provinces — a figure subsistence farmers have been pushed closer to starvation. Mr tive — yet even the government Hailu Taka and his family of estimate calls for distribution of seven walked four hours to reach month. It is a tall order.

end of April.
It takes about five months for food to arrive after being pledged, so more pledges must be made within weeks to avoid a break in supplies in late April or

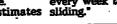
early May.

Should such a break occur, relief officials fear, peasants would walk to the distribution centres, find no food there and stay to await deliveries. That would recreate the massive camps of the 1984-85 famine, where communicable diseases. where communicable diseases

raged, killing almost as many as did starvation.

It's right on the edge," said Mr Frederick Machmer, the head of Ethiopian operations for the US with less disastrous harvests. Eritinopian operations for the US failure and in Tigray 80 to 100 Government. "Things have to go per cent of the harvest was lost over most of the province.

The Government estimates aliding."



ECONOMISTS CALL FOR POLICY ACTION BY DEFICIT AND SURPLUS NATIONS

'Time running out' for the dollar

THE DOLLAR is now closely approaching the level that would be required to allow a smooth adjustment of world imbalances, but only if suitable policies are adopted immediately by the main deficit and surplus countries, according to a propert by tries, according to a report by leading international economists ed yesterday .

The report was prepared by 38 economists from 18 countries and released simultaneously by the Washington-based Institute for International Economics and co-operating research institutions in eight major centres including London, Kiel and Tokyo.

The economists give a warning that if policies are not changed in the near future, market pressures will devalue the dollar fur-ther, with the risk of an adjustment crisis leading to a world

The central message of this report is that the world does not have a further year in hand to wait for the US election," said Mr Stephen Marris, one of the report's authors and for many years economic adviser to the head of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Develop-ment, at a briefing in Washing-

cent of the populace covered by regional aid will include 5.2 per cent under Laender funded schemes, with the balance met by federally funded projects.

The top permitted rate for icint Endown!

joint Federal-Laender projects will fall from 25 per cent of the cost to 23 per cent, with the rate for supplementary investments falling more sharply, from 25 per

cent to 20 per cent.

New investments in major development centres," such as the redundancy-hit Ruhr steel basin, will only be allowed 18

per cent state aid. against 20 per

cent, with supplementary

World Weather

EC claims

aid cuts

include senior officials or recent Cabinet members from Japan, Korea, Mexico and Brazil, as well as the recently-retired head of the US Congressional Budget Office, the heads of two of the main independent policy units in West Germany, and some of their opposite numbers. The France, Italy and Taiwan. The remainder are well-known bank

conomists and academics.

The main recommendations of the report are very much on the lines of the policies outlined in the Louvre accord in February between the Group of Seven leading industrial nations on economic policy co-ordination and currency stabilisation. But it goes further in three important

 It puts figures to the adjust-ments required, and has an agreed estimate of the dollar agreed estimate of the dollar adjustment still required — a the present German current he present derman current new developments on the interpretation of the present surplus is mainly at the national economic scene to lend expense of its European trade it support.

Which might imply a rate of Y115 to Y120 and DM140 to European Monetary System.

The Asian developing connected that the new year if there are no the new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present German current new developments on the interpretation of the present of the present German current new developments of the present new developments of the present of the present of the present ne

• It emphasises that reconstruc-tion of Latin American and other developing country debt would greatly reduce the problems of adjustment in the developed on of Latin American and other capital equipment.

Emphasising the dangers of delay, the report doubts that the dustment in the developed countries.

Emphasising the dangers of delay, the report doubts that the US deficit can be financed without disruption, unless the market use offered a clear proper US policy initiative, and

While the report calls for a further US policy initiative, and describes the Budget deficit reduction accord now before Congress as "grossly inadequate", it also says that the deficit reductions implied by the Gramm-Rudman automatic budget cut law would be roughly of the scale required to reduce the US current account deficit to suscitive and in the countries involved ought to pursue in their own narrow intersections. Simon Holberton adds: Sentiment account deficit to suscitive and in continued to trade quietly and in tzinable size within five v

dapan is seen as on track for the required adjustments, but west German policy is strongly criticised. Apart from the fiscal stimulus now widely seen as necurific renewed selling pressure under renewed selling pressure. essary, the report points put that in the new year if there are no

The Asian developing countries are urged above all to open their markets to imports, and to foster domestic investment in report's authors and for many years economic adviser to the head of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, at a briefing in Washington.

The report's signatories belief to the contribution which should be made by the Asian developing countries, with their markets to imports, and to foster domestic investment in the agreement of the representatives of those countries, which are not parties to the Louvre other developing countries, it is

to finance needed imports of

Japan is seen as on track for a very narrow range against

his private life, for fear of a public backlash. public backlash.
'esterday, he scored his first victory: the Washington Post
which has documented evidence of a long standing affair
involving Mr Hart and another
woman, said it would continue
to withhold her name,
side from the character issue. and at Y127.8 compared with

Post-crash completency;Ja pan takes soft line, Page 4; Editorial Comment, Page 16; Carrencies, Page 30

Mafia men get life jail terms

victory in of imprisonment for most of the them. While a scoused of Mafia crimes at the conclusion of the years, and a third, Mr Vincenzo historic "maxi-trial" which began Sinagra, received 22 years.

The judges, including two men Continued from Page 1 mme that takes into account federal and Laender priorities. Under yesterday's agreement, Bonn will cut the top rates of assistance for both federal and state aid schemes. The 38 per

list of life imprisonments. He was the so-called boss of bosses who headed the Sicilian organisation and master-minded its

multi-billion dollar drug trade and some of its bloodiest mur-

ders.

The prosecution's case leaders have emerged to replace the depended heavily on the those under lock and key and so-called 'pentiti' – mafiosi who these are continuing the drug turned state's evidence.

JUDGES IN Palermo, Sicily, last night handed down 19 life sentences and more than 3,000 years of imprisonment for most of the ment, while a second, Mr Salvaing its way

semi-circular court room. Since the trial started there have been 345 hearings lasting 1,320 hours. Some 321,000 pages of evidence have been taken.

No one believes that the trial has humbled the Malia. New

Experts say that a growing vol-ume of this money is now find-ing its way into "legitimate"

Mafia businesses which are, how-ever, run according to historic methods. Among other things, these tend to stifle competition by intimidation and murden A positive outcome of the trial is a marked fall in the Palermo The verdicts and sentences amount to the heaviest single blow ever delivered by the Italian state against the "Cosa Nostra."

Mr Michele Greco headed the bullet-proof glass cages in the later of life imprisonments. He semi-circular court room Since November 11.

The judges, including two men these tend to stifle competition by intimidation and murder. A positive outcome of the trial is a marked fall in the Palermo murder rate, from around 300 at the specially-constructed bullet-proof glass cages in the literaction. The pudges, including two men these tend to stifle competition and murder. A positive outcome of the trial is a marked fall in the Palermo murder rate, from around 300 at the semi-circular court room. Since the stifle competition and murder.

A positive outcome of the trial is a marked fall in the Palermo murder rate, from around 300 at the semi-circular court room. Since November 11.

its toll, however. This week the consin of the wife of Mr Mario Cuomo, the Governor of New York, was shot dead in a feud which reportedly centred on whether the more traditional Mafia of western Sicily should dig deeper into the drugs trade which has made its counterpart on the eastern side of the island

Tokyo SE offer to 16 foreign firms

Continued from Page 1

operating in Japan for only a three years. short time.

The amount of aid-allowed investments solely backed by the Laender governments will fall from 15 per cent to 8 per cent and will have to be approved individually by Brussels.

Among the foreign firms and W.I Carr, two Swiss - affiliates of Swiss Bank Corporation berships were six US firms: Pruates of Swiss Bank Corporation and will be required to begin trading by the end of next and will have to be approved individually by Brussels.

Lemman. There were also two French firms - Sogen Securities and W.I Carr, two Swiss - affiliates of Swiss Bank Corporation and Union Bank of Switszalad; and two West German - affiliates body, First Boston and Shearson Bank.

persuade the Federal Election Commission that he qualifies for matching funds. At stake is at least \$1m, the At stake is at least 51m, the amount the Hart campaign had raised when he quit last May. Several FEC officials have said privately they rate his chances as good. In the final count, this enigmatic politician must prove he can break all the accepted wisdoms of previous presidential campaigns.

he next two to three months, including the New Hampshire primary, will tell whether

"Gary the guerrilla" can sur-vive or fall in ignominy.

Israel puts on show of force

Continued from Page 1

diers have also been injured in the clashes. Independent counts put Palestinian. fatalities at 14, following the death overnight of a seriously injured woman in Gaza.

In yesterday's troubles. In yesterday's troubles, one soldier was stabled in the neck and lightly injured in Rafiah, on the Egyptian border. In the returning fire from the patrol, three youths were hurt, one of whom was reported to have been paralysed by the gun shots.

Scattered disturbances

and protests also erupted in mainly Arab East Jerusalem and in isolated parts of the West Bank. But troops were quick on the scene with tear gas and occasional bursts of warning shots to stamp out

By coincidence, three of. Israel's top leaders are abroad on official visits, facing a highly uncomfortable barrage of public pro-tests and private question-ing over the Government's handling of the distur-bances. Mr Rabin in Wash-

ington, Foreign Minister Shimon Peres in Brasilia and Montevideo and President Chaim Herzog in Lon-don must all have been dismayed to find their long-planned trips over-shadowed by the shootings.

In southern Lebanon, fol-lowing Tuesday's scare over reports that a major Israeli' military operation was underway, shelling of villages in the southern Beken. by Israeli artillery units was said to have taken. THE LEX COLUMN

Laying in more provisions

The last account before Christmas is turning out splendidly for the London market, with even the economic numbers coming out right. The £1.6bn PSBR surplus announced yesterday was at the top end of the range, and ought to help not only gits but also equities through the increased likelihood of tax cuts. Meanwhile, the chess game in the oil sector continues; no word yet on Britoil, but further complications for BP with the evidence that the Kuwaitis are not, after all, restricting their ambi-The last account before Christ after all, restricting their ambi-tions to under 15 per cent.

Third World debt

Democratic presidential candi-date, returned to the campaign Bank of Boston and Mellor makes him an unpredictable opponent still to be reckoned Acknowledging his lack of money, staff and the other trappings of a modern presidential campaign, Mr Hart said he would give himself two to three mouths to make an impact on the Democratic Par-

Bank of Boston and Meilon Bank may not be major US money centre banks, but their decision to increase their reserves against Third World loans to 63 per cent and 40 per cent respectively looks like the beginning of a new phase in the response of international banks to the debt crisis. It is likely to cause substantial ripples well beyond Boston and Pittsburgh.

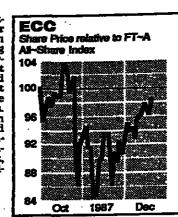
Whereas Citicorp's \$3bn provision last May set a standard which other banks, including the UK clearers, felt they had to match, the situation has now moved on. The initial rule of thumb, that the establishment of reserves equivalent to between a fifth and a third of a bank's Third World exposure was sufficient to reflect the decline in the value of the loan portfolio, no longer holds good. The action of the Bank of Boston and Mellon indicates that banks are beginning to go their own way when it comes to fixing their Third World debt provisions and are no longer prepared to take their cue from industry leaders like Citicorp.

There is a growing feeling that in the Democratic Par-ty's field of candidates.

Mr Hart said his "baseline" was to have some influence on his party's platform going into the 1988 election.

Guarded comments by the six other Democratic candidates after a round-table debate in after a round-table debate in Texas seemed to underline their fear that the former Colorado Senator and 1984 presidential candidate could sow confusion in an already fragmented field where no clear front-runner has emerged.

Mr Hart's re-entry into the campaign, seven months after press revelations of a sex scan-



rather than what they feel is

For UK banks, the financial pressures are a little less intense. Nevertheless, if NatWest were to substantially boost its provisions it would put considerable pres-sure on Lloyds Bank and Stan-dard Chartered. Doubtless, this has not escaped the attention of the Bank of England.

Seagram/Martell

The latest re-shuffling of the international liquor pack may cause some disappointment at Grand Metropolitan. Having apparently been outbid for control of Martell by Seagram it faces the prospect of losing its Far Eastern toehold. While the 20 per cent stake in Martell may not in itself have been part of GrandMet's core strategy, the joint marketing agreement in the joint marketing agreement in the East will be hard to duplicate.

from industry leaders like Citicorp.

There is a growing feeling that the first round of Third World debt provisioning six months ago was not sufficient and, with Latin American loans selling as loth to see control of another low as 40 cents on the dollar, a second round of provisioning against Third World debt seems inevitable. Continental banks, like Deutsche Bank, have already shown the way, and the pressure is on the major US and UK banks, in particular, to revalue their Third World loan portfolios their Third World loan portfolios ing agreement is less daft than it to more realistic levels. Several seems, given the possibly huge US money centre banks, though, cost to Seagram of buying it out. Would find it impossible to lift. Also, despite the fashion for full their reserves to say 40 per cent control of distribution, collaboration without raising substantial new capital. IBCA Banking Analysis calculates that Chase Manhaters business and Seagram may be calculated that Chase Manhaters one of the protection. If, howers almost halved to 1.6 per cent of its \$8.7hn exposure. The level of provisioning will increasingly reflect what banks can afford

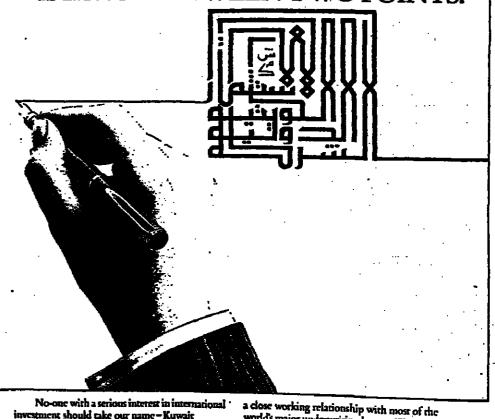
English China Clays English China Clays has par-ticular reason these days for-keeping an eye on the US econ-omy. The weak dollar is putting pressure on its clay business in Europe, both through cheap US imports and because European maner-makers are finding it paper-makers are finding it increasingly hard to maintain their inroads into the US market. their inroads into the US market. The reverse threat of paper imports from the US, though, is not materialising, since the remarkable strength of the US market means that US paper-makers are working flat out to satisfy domestic demand. Indeed, the clay division's disappointing contribution to EVI's full year

the clay division's disappointing contribution to ECC's full year figures yesterday — second half profits were virtually flat — was partly due to the fact that the business was running expensively above capacity.

Although there is a risk that the clay industry's present worldwide expension of capacity might coincide with the next cyclical downturn in the paper industry ECC seems right to be industry, ECC seems right to be confident about the outlook on a five year view. Indeed, the feeling about the shares is similarly one of sound, if slightly duli, one of sound, it sugnity duit, long-term prospects. If profits this year rise by, say, \$20m from the \$112m reported yesterday, the shares at 391p are on a multiple of 10 and a prospective yield of perhaps 5.5 per cent. The main short-term worry is that the common might have that the company might have another crack at taking over Bryant at the end of January, either gearing itself heavily or using paper in the process.

Legrand will have to want MK Legrand will have to want MK Electric very bally indeed to top RTZ's offer of \$7 a share. But given the history of this bid anything seems possible, and the market was last night taking a small gamble on a higher offer. The MK Electric management has played a classically opportunistic game; eating at least some of its earlier words on the merits of a tie-up with RTZ and merits of a tie-up with RTZ, and producing a kitchen-sink profit forecast which will presumably never be tested in public. But the their Third World loan portfolios ing agreement is less daft than it bid auction has successfully

IN INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT THIS IS OFTEN THE SHORTEST DISTANCE BETWEEN TWO POINTS.



No-one with a serious interest in international investment should take our name-Kuwaie ernational Investment Company—at face value. Given the increased scope and geographical breadth of our activities, it is more appropriate to think of us as an international merchant

bank, than as simply an investment company. For instance, we manage and inderwrite new issues on a world-wide basis in a variety of currencies and enjoy world's major underwriting bouses. We continue to develop our already considerable expertise in international stock and bond markets, in particular our international equity portfolio, which we havesubstantially upgraded.

If you are considering internate onal investment opportunities, why not contact us? We can point you in the right

Kuwait International Investment Company Al-Seihia Complex, RO, Box 22792, Safat, 13088 Kuwait,
Telephone (General): (965) 2438273/9. Telephone (Direct): Investment (965) 2464788. Syndications & Banking (965) 2422496/2410626

apanies L

Dancy

-

Deney

ملك إلياء

Urre

II (ite

desirui



Phillips

to cut

Petroleum

workforce

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM, the

The group plans to cut costs by \$150m-200m a year in the face of continued weakness in

MK Electric supports higher offer from RTZ

MK ELECTRIC, the UK electrical accessories company which has turned down two competing takeover bids in the last three weeks, yesterday abandoned hopes of remaining independent and recommended an increased cash offer from RTZ, valuing the doorbell and plug manufacturer at 5262.5m (\$437m).

This is substantially more than the mining and industrial constituted and increased the mining and industrial constituted as a new core business within Piller, he said. This is the servings in the pressure of the constitute of the industrial logic of a link profits of \$25m for the curtant profits of \$25m for the c

position — MK's share price closed at 706p, 6p above RTZ's 700p a share offer and 46p above Legrand's offer.

ectric

200000

30 4224

: Educati

. 73 0 52

1.0 27.00 à ¥-

NCR forecasts |

record earnings

NCR, the US manufacturer of

computers and business machines, expects to report

record earnings and sales in

Mr Charles Exley, chairman,

said: "Our plans and expectations call for double digit revenue

growth in a constant currency

environment and earnings growth that will outpace revenue

In 1986, NCR reported a 9 per cent gain in earnings to \$336.5m, or \$3.42 a share, on sales that rose 13 per cent to \$4.88bn. For the first nine months of

1987, NCR earned \$257.9m, or \$2.74 a share, on sales of

That compares with a profit of \$202.5m, or \$2.05 a share, on

sales of \$3.31 bn

By Our Financial Staff

This is substantially more than the mining and industrial conglomerate's first offer of \$206.5m, which was spurned by MK late last month. It also eclipses the \$255m value of the later unwelcome bid from larged the French electricals

lier confidence in the commercial opportunities to be created by the match.

The extra price was fully justi-

*MK would have recommended a lower offer from Siemens, their preferred suitor," said one bro-ker. But the West German elec-tricals company withdrew from

tricals company withdrew from the fray.

RTZ yesterday bought 1m shares in MK at 700p, adding to the 21.7 per cent holding bought lier confidence in the commercial opportunities to be created by the metal.

of creditors and stockholders late on Monday night. The plan, which is supposed to pay \$3.0 ibn in cash to Pennzoll, and settle about \$2bn in debt arrears in full, must be approved by two-thirds of Texaco's stockholders, according to a ruling of the bankruptcy court. bankruptcy court.

Icahn

demands

on Texaco

By James Buchan in New York

MR CARL ICARN, the US

who controls 12.3 per cent of Texaco, threatened to leave the common front of share-holders and creditors

caution

Mr Icahn apparently feels that the shopping lists of demands made by the committees on Monday could jeopardise the plan, leaving Texaco languishing in bankruptcy.

The stockholders' committees of the stockholders' committe

tee demanded the right to add 12 directors to the 14-man board and a lifting of restrictions against takeover. Credi-tors are insisting that Texaco

Eastern considers assets sale to resolve problems

EASTERN AIRLINES, the struggling subsidiary of Texas Air, the largest US airline holding com-pany, is weighing up the sale of assets such as its northeastern US takeover specialist who has played a leading role in prodding Texaco and Pennzeil towards settling their long-running dispute, has turned on several large Texaco shareholders and demanded that they moderate their

tiple down to 16.4 times forecast earnings per share. It also means that the acquisition would not dilute RTZ's earnings in the present year.

Analysts yesterday credited MK's management with doing an excellent job for the company's shareholders in winning such generous terms — if only by default.

Shareholders and demanded that they moderate their will take drastic action with the Miami-based carrier such as transferring more assets to Continental, its other major operating unit, or forcing a merger between them. Texas Air took over Eastern a year ago.

The threat of a break-up of Eastern is being used by the air-

line's management in wage-cut-ting talks with its pilots and machinists. Non-union Continen-tal, which has some of the lowest holders and creditors attempting to force a \$5bn settlement on Texaco.

"This is not the time for Texaco to find itself with a divided board," Mr Icahn said in the letter.

As chief stockholder, Mr Icahn is crucial to the success of the success o

leahn is crucial to the success of the \$5bn plan, which was agreed between committees of creditors and stockholders of creditors and stockholders of creditors and stockholders. routes and six Airbus A-300 aircraft, some of Eastern's newest 4,000 pilots said they would strike if more assets were taken over by Continental In addition, several Eastern

Phillips PETRULEUM, the Oklahoma group which is the most heavily indebted of the major US oil companies, announced yesterday a cost-cutting package of measures which would include shedding jobe. employees' trusts holding shares swapped for wage concessions in recent years said they had the legal power to block any further

Eastern paved the way for the sale or transfer of the Boston-New York-Washington shuttle service a month ago by setting it up as an autonomous with its

and budget.

It took other actions at the time such as cutting 9 per cent of its 38,000 workforce and 10 per cent of its seat-miles in response to a \$72.8m third-quarter loss. Mr Joseph Leonard, Eastern's chief operating officer, said ear-lier this week that the fourth quarter's performance would be

Lower wages are identified by the management as one of the keys to its financial survival. According to Airline Economics, an industry consultant, Eastern's labour costs accounted for 39.4 tal.

The two subsidiaries, which have a US market share of more than 20 per cent, have a total of about 620 jet aircraft making the group the largest carrier in the free world. Last week, Eastern's

its oil and gas markets.

Phillips took on some \$7bn in debt to repel two hostile takeovers in 1984 and 1985.

The group said yesterday that it would reduce its 20.000 strong, workforce by 20,000-strong workforce by 7-10 per cent.

7-10 per cent.

The cost would be taken as a \$50m charge to earnings in the December quarter.

The company also said it had been forced to postpone a \$400m issue of securities because of the weak market for corporate securities since the October crash.

the October crash. Mr C.J. Silas, chairman, said: "Oil, gas liquids and natural gas prices are lower than expected as we enter the new year and there seems to be little chance of significant improvement in the near

future."
The group is extremely vulnerable to falling energy prices because of its leveraged balance sheet.
It could earn only \$31m in the September quarter, on revenues of \$2.8bn.
Mr Silas said: "Our earnings haven't been high enough to support our business needs and generate the return was

Amoco said its board approved a 1988 capital and exploration budget of \$3.8bn, a 17 per cent increase over 1987's \$3.3bn.

Support our business needs and generate the return we expect."

Over the 1984-85 winter,

factors, including price levels for nership for a merger at \$18 a crude oil.

Legrand, the French electricals company.

Analysts have not ruled out an even higher counter-offer from Legrand, which is eager to expand its activities in the UK. Although the French company made no move yesterday – saying only that it was reviewing its position – MK's share price closed at 706p, 6p above RTZ's

The decision to recommend the latest offer came after a full day of talks between RTZ and

Strong domestic demand

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

CONSOLIDATED net earnings year. The advance in profits materials.

eclipsed the 7.2 per cent rise announced by Mitsubishi Corpoannounced by Mitsubishi Corporation, the largest trading company, earlier in the week. Mitsubishi saw first-half earnings climb to Y16.045bn from Y14.968bn a year earlier.

C. Itoh officials traced the growing revenue and earnings to strong domestic demand, which had spurred imports and domestic business transactions.

take advantage of the growing its common to separate the growing its network of domestic branches and establishing an office for regional development.

Revenue from transactions in overseas markets jumped 36.6 per cent — to Y1,654bn — while export revenue fell 16.3 per cent the Texas courts of interfering with a Pennzoil contract to business transactions.

The company is also moving to take advantage of the growing domestic economy, expanding its network of domestic branches

helps C Itoh lift profits

for C. Itoh, the major Japanese actions rose 8.3 per cent from a trading house, rose 30.2 per cent to Y4,219bn in the first half year, ended September, to Y11.015bn or Y9.68 a Y817.5bn, up.16.2 per cent. share a year earlier.

Revenues were Y7,783bn, up
9.4 per cent from Y7,114bn last

The definition of 13.05 a control of 13.05 a

Dome Petroleum lenders back revised Amoco offer of \$4.1bn

Frank Lorenzo: Pieced together Texas Air

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

DOME PETROLEUM, the struggling Canadian energy group, said it had received more than 75 per cent approval in principle from its secured lenders for the revised offer of US\$4.1bn in cash and securities by Amoco Canada Petroleum, a unit of the US oil

Mr Howard Macdonald, chairman of Dome, said the amended offer should be completed mid-

He said there were no major impediments to Canadian regulatory approval of the amended it alone.*

Separat

Under the revised agreement, 75 per cent of secured lenders must approve of the plan by January 31, 1988. Last month Dome's board

approved a revised plan by Amoco, which raised Amoco's offer from \$3.87bn.

Mr Macdonald said prospects were very good for the comple-tion of conditions relating to the offer by the June 30, 1988 dead-

Merging with Amoco would be better than all the risks of going Separately, Chicago-based crude oil.

increase over 1987's \$3.3bn.

The company said the budget increase would be spread throughout its subsidiaries.

The budget covered only Amoco's normal, ongoing operations and did not include the proposed acquisition of Dome.

Amoco said its ability to carry out its 1988 spending plans would depend on a number of factors, including orice levels for

These according have not been registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 and may not be offered or sold in the United States of America, or its territary of the first the account of any United States period. These according are not being affered for sale in the United States period.

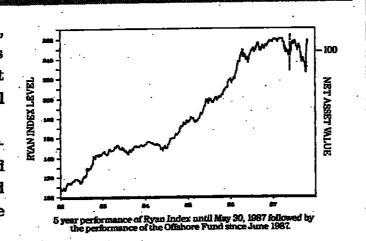
Inhibitions it is no buy of sell shares or dependence (whether as principal or agent).

Quality. Performance. Liquidity.

The Creditanstalt Ryan Index U.S. Treasury Fund

The words of Thomas Paine, "These are the times that try men's souls" ring true today with most participants in the international financial markets.

These are times of great uncertainty, when capital preservation and an instant availability of invested money take priority over aggressive return objectives.



The Creditanstalt Ryan Index U.S. Treasury Fund is composed of the seven "current coupon" issues of the U.S. Treasury market. It is thus always invested in the most recently issued and therefore most liquid Treasury notes and bond, providing the investor with daily access to his funds and representing the most desirable investment criteria in today's investment climate: quality, liquidity and performance. The Fund is quoted daily in the Financial Times.



The Molson **Companies Limited** (Incorporated with limited liability under the laws of Canada)

U.S. \$20,000,000 Floating Rate Note issue date 18th March 1987 Maturity date 18th March 1992 period from 18th December 1987 to 17th March 1988 the rate of interest on the notes will be r annum. The Interest payab on the relevant Interest payme date will be U.S. \$10,000 per U.S. \$500,000 note. Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limit

Asia Pacific Growth Fund Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange Herengracht 214. 1016 BS Amsterdam. Tel. + 31 - 20 - 211188.

U.S.\$28,800,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1992 THE REPUBLIC OF PANAMA ce is hereby given that the Rate of incerest has been flood at 9-375% p.z. and the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date, June 17, 1988, st Coupon No. 6 in respect of U.S.\$ 10,000 nominal of the Notas will be

December 17, 1987, London By: Ciribank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBAN(

CM&M. Global trader with a strong accent on service.

For helping to make 1987 a banner year forus, we would like to acknowledge the support of our many customers everywhere.

We appreciate your business and the contribution you have made to our continued progress as a leading primary market maker in government

We extend to you our best wishes for the season and our hopes for a productive and prosperous 1988.

Looking toward the future, CM&M remains dedicated to excellence in meeting the investment and service needs of our clients. We believe this is the best way to maintain your trust and confidence in the years ahead.

CARROLL McENTEE & McGINLEY INCORPORATED

40 Wall Street, New York, NY 10005 • (212) 825-6796 BOSTON ATLANTA SAN FRANCISCO PHILADELPHIA HOUSTON CLEVELAND SINGAPORE TOKYO LONDON 011-65-225-7322 U.S. Government Securities. Also specialists in Financial Putures, Options, Money Market Instruments.

member: HongkongBank group

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES & FINANCE

Banque Nationale de Paris p.l.c.

£25,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Serial Notes 1994

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six month Interest Period from 14th December 1987 to 14th June 1988 the Notes wall carry an interest Rate of 9 per cent. per annum. The interest amount payable on the relevant interest Payment Date, which will be 14th June 1988, is \$225.00 for each Note of \$5,000 and \$2,250.00 for each Note of £50,000.

> Kleinwort Benson Limited Agent Bank

U.S.\$75,000,000

EAB FINANCE N.V.

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes Due 1993

European American Bancorp (Incorporated with limited liability in New York, U.S.A.)

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Terms and Conditions of the Notes that for the six months from 17th December 1987 to 17th June 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 8%% per annum. On 17th June 1988 interest of U.S. \$219-22 will be due per U.S.\$5,000 Note for Coupon No.9

EBC Amro Bank Limited

17th December 1987



Taiwan Power Company

US\$100,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 1992

Holders of Floating Rate Notes of the above issue are hereby notified that for the next interest period from December 18, 1987 to June 20, 1988 the following

1. Applicable

8%% per annum interest rate: 2. Interest payable on next interest payment date:

US\$430.38 per US\$10,000.00 nominal or per US\$250,000,00 nominal

Next interest payment date:

December 16, 1987

BA Asia Limited

Reference Agent

Paris forms inter-dealer broker for bond market

FRANCE'S primary dealers in exchange's reluctance to suspend who were initially reluctant, has Treasury bonds and bills have its monopoly for large block now dealt through the system. Some traders note, however, dealer broker (IDB) to improve which had forced them to that Paris market-makers are set up a jointly owned inter-dealer broker (IDB) to improve market liquidity and allow increased trading between mar-

increased trading between market-makers.

Prominnofi, originally set up
by six of the largest official primary dealers nominated by the
French Treasury a year ago, is
now jointly owned by all 13.
Shorcan, the Toronto IDB which
supplied the dealing system for
Prominnofi, owns 25 per cent.

The new IDB began operations
originally in Treasury bills,
adding government bonds earlier
this month after the French
stock exchange had allowed a

increase their paperwork either by registering the trade subsequently through a stockbroker or by using offshore subsidiaries.

Further difficulties were caused by the stock exchange calls by the stock exchange are still getting used to the IDB system and tend to post their best tem and tend to post their best tem screen system.

Some of the IDBs active in the UK gilts market have been

caused of the stock exchange rule that deals could only be carried out at prices within 0.5 per cent of the range in the official market, which is open only between 10am and 3pm.

The creation of Prominnofi allows primary dealers to deal anonymously with each other in blocks of more than FFF10m aries for block trades.

Ok gitts market nave oven examining the possibility of entering the French bonds market and some dealers have handled a number of transactions from London. For the most part, however, the inter-dealer function has been carried out by stockbrokers acting as intermediates of the primary dealers have in some

this month after the French stock exchange had allowed a loophole in its traditional monopoly over all secondary market dealings in shares and bonds.

Several primary dealers had criticised the Paris stock

Signature the French stocks of more than FFT10m aries for block trades.

Signature the French stocks of more than FFT10m aries for block trades.

Signature the French stock of more than FFT10m aries for block trades.

Signature the French stock of more than FFT10m aries for block trades.

Signature the French stock exchange had allowed a (\$1.8m), at a commission of 1/

Mr Edmond Joffre, chairman unlike IDBs may buy and sell bonds on their own account, the volume of trading through could not ensure anonymity and transparency for them in these every primary dealer, even those

DGBank income favourable

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

DEUTSCHE Genossenschaftsbank, the umbrella organisation for West Germany's co-operative banks, expects 1987 results to be satisfactory, thanks to favourable commission and service income. No precise earnings estinates were given.

DG said that total group oper-

ating profits, including own-ac-count trading, rose 7.1 per cent in the first 10 months of 1987 when compared with 10/12th of total 1986 profits.

DG's group balance sheet total long-term book credits and guar-rose 8.3 per cent in the first nine antees, the bank said.

DG also said that its agreement!

DG also said that its agre (\$7.49bn). The parent company's balance sheet total rose 12 per cent to DM81.2bn.

Group business volume rose factoring, the trade-union owned insurance company, would cost up to DM1.5bn.

The bank was likely to take

the end-1986 level.

The group's credit volume rose
5.9 per cent to DM82.4bn at the
end of September from end-1986,
with the biggest rise coming in much above 50 per cent.

CONFERENCES AND EXHIBITIONS

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

6th January 1988

For a full editorial synopsis and details of available advertisement positions, please contact:

> SARAH PAKENHAM-WALSH on 01-248 8000 ext 4611

> > or write to her at: Bracken House 10 Cannon Street London EC4P 4BY

FINANCIAL TIMES **EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER**

Thyssen Stahl dives heavily into loss

THYSSEN STABL, Europe's

THYSSEN STABL, Europe's biggest private sector steel producer, plunged heavily into the red in the year to September 1987, with losses of DM223m (\$137.6m) compared with after-tax earnings of DM124m last year. Reporting on a year which he described as "completely unsatisfactory," Mr Heinz Eriwet, chief exacutive, said group results had been heavily depressed by special provisions for rationalisation, especially in thick plate, wire rod and light sections.

Thyssen Stahl had set aside about DM129m for write-downs during the write-downs during the year, while a further DM62m had been allocated to redundancy costs. The group is also writing down its holding in Rubrichle to a remainder value of just DM1, thereby involving a DM56m loss.

Revealing that lower raw metalishs each thunks to

Revealing that lower raw materials costs, thanks to the fall in the value of the dollar, had failed to compensate for sharply decreased output and prices for steel products, the group said the average revenue it achieved for its prime products had fallen by 11.2 per cent last year.

The group had swung back into profit in the second half of the business year, despite lower product prices, thanks to rationalisation measures, said Mr Karlheinz Sandhoefer, finance director.

Last month. Thyssen

Last month, Thyssen amounced plans to merge steel operations near Duisburg with those of its fel-

low producers, Manneseman and Krupp.

The rationalisation plan would mean a further small drop in Thysoen's output in the present business year, though Mr Kriwet said he hoped the company would be able to increase its aver-

The group said that price factors had accounted for DMibn of the 16 per cent fail in turnover to DM7.5bn in 1986-87, against DM9.5bn the previous year, while there had been a drop of DM400m on account of lower output.

Porsche top man to retire early

year-old chief executive of Porsche, the West German sports car producer, is to step down prematurely from his job at the end of this year.

end of this year.

The company, which amounced the surprise move after a meeting of its supervisory board yesterday, said the decision had been taken by mutual agreement and would not com-

ment further.
Porsche sells 60 per cent of its cars in the US, and it has been hit by the Wall Street collapse and this year's sharp rise in the value of the D-Mark against the dollar. Last month the company said that output of some models would be cut and certain work. ers would go on short-time between next January and July to help bring US stocks into line with demand.

Porsche has been identified as the most vulnerable of Germany's luxury car producers to the higher D-Mark in view of its par-

MR PETER SCHUTZ, the 57vear-old chief executive of
Porsche, the West German sports
car producer, is to step down
prematurely from his job at the

car market has been strong.
Hence the widespread speculation recently that Porsche might be obliged to pass its dividend this year. Earlier this month, there were even rumours of a possible takeover by Daimler-

After experience with US companies, Mr Schutz, a genial German-born American, returned to Germany in 1978 to become a board member at Kloeckner-Humboldt-Deutz, the engineering group. He took over the top mangement job at Porsche at the start of 1981.

Mr Schutz is to be succeeded by Mr Hainz Prantickle aged 52

by Mr Heinz Branitzki, aged 68, the deputy chief executive, who has been the board member responsible for finance since 1972 and with the company for more than 20 years.

SGS sees decline and blames dollar weakness

Societe Generale de Surveillance (SGS), the Swiss quality-inspec-tion concern, expects lower profits for 1987.

Both turnover and net profits will be below last year's figures of SFr1.6bn and SFr112.2m (\$85.1m) respectively, the com-pany said. This was attributed to the weakness of the dollar. in June, the company had already indicated that it would be difficult to reach the exceptional levels attained in 1986. It

said this would be a year of tran-Despite the interruption to the company in the record of rising profits - which has been unbroken since 1978 - ance industry.

BALOISE, the Swiss insurance in part reflects the takeover of

recent developments point to renewed growth in future.

in Eur

In August of this year, SGS booked a large inspection con-tract with the Peruvian Govern-ment, which was followed in November by the extension by three years of an important Indonesian contract. In September, the group took over Robins Davies of the UK, which has a fee income of \$16m (\$29m) a

The acquisition of Robins made SGS the world's leading company in the field of loss-adjustment services to the insur-

Baloise continues to show profits growth

group, reports "continuing favourable development" for the current year. A letter to share-holders foresees increased pre-mium income and good earnings on the part of leading subsid-

Consolidated premium income is seen as rising by about 9 per cent to SFr3.7bn (\$2.8bn). This

Levante, the Italian insurer, and the Erpin company in Spain, but even without these acquisitions growth would have been of an estimated 7 per cent.

The most marked rise in pre-miums received by the main subsidiaries will be that of Baloise Life, with about 10 per cent

is pleased to announce that with effect from Friday, 11th December, 1987 its wholly owned subsidiary BNL (UK) plc is trading as:

BNL Investment Bank pic

BNL Investment Bank plc Peninsular House, 36, Monument Street, London EC3R 8LJ Telephone: 01-929 2399

Telex: 919814 BNLIBK G Fax: 01-283 9200

Dealers: Telephone: 01-929 1232

Telex: 919817 BNLSEC G



Italian Lire 150,000,000,000 Medium Term Facility available in ECU

presso la Banca Nazionale del Lavoro

BNL Investment Bank plc

Lead-Managed by

BNP Capital Markets Limited Compagnie Luxembourgeoise de la Dresdner Bank AG
-Dresdner Bank International -First Chicago Limited

The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited Sanwa International Limited

Provided by

Banque Nationale de Paris Compagnie Luxembourgeoise de la Dresdner Bank AG

- Dresdner Bank International – The First National Bank of Chicago The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited The Sanwa Bank, Limited

> Banca Nazionale del Lavoro London Branch

BNL Investment Bank plc **BNL Investment Bank plc**

The original bond lost & point in price after the increase, to trade at 99% bid. Dealers said its yield compared favourably with five-year domestic bank bonds, which are currently yielding

The second secon

of this series

of Lien (E

ון אַר בּכינוופו

the nets die

; to

vth

وطويف فت

.3.3. 32

ವಧಚ್ರಾ ಇತ್ತಿಜ

Case and

1.1 f. 23 e 520 c

57.27661 (20)

: te ca de

ಎಂದು ಚಿತ್ರ

∢AG

0-10-16

about 5.54 per cent. Prices in the D-Mark secondary
Eurobond sector-gained about &
point, encouraged by firmer US
Treasury bonds overnight. Dealers described trading as quiet,

although some retail buying orders emerged.
In the domestic bond market, prices rose by between 10 and 20 basis points in subdued trading. The most recent Federal Government bond, however, gained 30 basis points to fix at 99.45.

FFr4bn credit

for Eurotunnel

CREDIT NATIONAL, the French

state-owned industrial financing institution, yesterday signed a FFT4bn credit for Eurotunnel,

putting the final touch to the Channel tunnel group's financ-

ing arrangements.

The credit, like the FFr10bn credit signed by Eurotunnel last month with the European

bank syndicate until after the

tunnel has come into operation.

Mr Andre Benard, Eurotun-nel's co-chairman, said the credit

increased the group's flexibility.

allowing longer repayment peri-ods and the possibility of fixed interest rates. It also offers Euro-

tunnel greater French franc

Listed are the latest international bonds for which there is an a STEARSTTS

STEARSTTS

Abbey National 72, 92

Abbey National 72, 92

All Nispon A(r 95, 97

Anerican Bayach 73, 92

150

ANS Elegarchinant74, 92

150

ANS Elegarchinant74, 92

150

ANS Elegarchinant74, 92

150

Berlish Telecon 87, 94

150

British Telecon 87, 94

150

Canadian Pac 103, 93

International Pac 103, 93

Internatio

9 90.
Scania Pg 91.
Scania Pg 91.
Sastanthewain 104; 92.
State Bt S Aust Pg 93.
Secolist Date Grd 74; 91.
Secolist Date Grd 74; 91.
Secolist Date Grd 74; 91.
Secolist 7 91.
Secolist 7 92.
Secolist 7 92.
Secolist 7 92.
Secolist 7 92.

IBJ 59 92 Japan Firence S1, 97 Feland 62 97 Korea Dev BK 65, 93 Malaysta 6 –1, 94 Oestars Kont BK 54, 92

elly Peck 6 92

By George Graham in Paris

A BOND for Deutsche Bank was increased to DM900m yesterday, to become the largest ever fixed rate D-Mark Eurobond, as the sector traded firmly.

The deal was originally launched in early November as a DM500m 5½ per cent five-year prices still ended as much as % unsecured loan stock for British band writed to the firmly. the sector traded firmly.

The deal was originally launched in early November as a DM500m 5½ per cent five-year bond, priced at par. Yesterday a further DM400m was added to it, though at a new issue price of though at a new issue price of 101. The new tranche will be distributed to Deutsche Bank branches at a discount.

been triggered by lower oil funds for four investment trusts prices. Later, weakness in the Us managed by Kleinwort Benson's investment management arm, dollar sector's gains, though prices still ended as much as % points higher. Dealers described trading as extremely thin and tredungal extremely thin and technical.

Euroyen bonds also had a firm start, as Japanese Government bonds had rebounded overnight.

The original bond lost is not five-year dollar sector's gains, though prices still ended as much as % commonwealth, the financial services group, earlier in the week.

In the Swiss franc foreign bond market, bonds for top qual-branches at a discount.

Euroyen bonds also had a firm start, as Japanese Government bonds had rebounded overnight

INTERNATIONAL

BONDS in response to lower oil prices and Bank of Japan buying But Euroyen prices closed only about % point higher in mostly profes-

sional dealing.
Eurosterling bond prices moved lower in sympathy with the gilts market, which was pul-led down by weakness in New York and a disappointing response to a gits tender during the morning. Prices in the Euro-

An official at Banca Commer-ciale Italiana's Milan head office

operations undertaken by Italian banks in financing trade with

East Germany.

The duration of the loans has

been set at eight years, at the consensus interest rate. The rat-

ing of the East German trade bank is such that the operation is not covered by SACE, Italy's

export insurance fund.
The loans concern export con-

drawing possibilities than the syndicated loan. Expiring in 2005, it is the largest loan made by Credit National.

Export insurance runo.

The loans concern export control to three Italian banks, Standard tracts won by two companies in & Poor's noted the significant the Fiat group. About L85bn will be used for the construction of a recent years.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Barc. Bit. 10% 97 2.
BP Cagital 13% 92 AS.
Creditustals 14% 90.
Decimate 14% 90.
Decimate 14% 90.
Bit Fia. Co. 13% 90 AS.
Bit Fia. Co. 13% 90 AS.
Bit Fia. Co. 13% 90 AS.
Bit Fia. Co. 14% 90 AS.
Decistals Bask 9% 97 2.
Decistals Bit. 14% 92 AS.
Decistals Bit. 14% 92 AS.
Decistals Bit. 14% 92 AS.
Decistals 13% 97 L.
Earl 11% 98 F.
Earl 11% 99 E.
Ind. 10% 98 F.
Ind. 10% 99 F.
Ind. 10% 98 F.
Ind.

Affiance & Leic BM 94 E.
Belgium 91
Belgium 91
Refrancia 5 93 E.
Chace Manhattan Corp 91.
Citicorp 98
EEC 9 92 DM.
Halifax BS E 94.
Isan'. In Industry E 94.
Midhael Bank 01 E.
Milk Mids Brot 5 93E.
How Zealand 5 97 E.
How Zealand 5 97 E.
Umitad Kingdom 5 92.
Wenddide Fin. 54 97.
Wenddide Fin. 54 97.
Wenddide Fin. 59. 97.

Investment Bank, will be ciale Italiana's Milan head office charged to the tunnel group's said that the loans, managed by recent FFr50bn syndicated loan agreement. It will be guaranteed by letters of credit from the operations undertaken by Italian

raises Eurolire funds

BANCA COMMERCIALE Italiana carburettor factory in Berlin.

has agreed two Eurolire loans The Flat subsidiary, Weber, has with the Deutsche Aussenhan- a contract with the East German delsbank, the East German bank. Industrieanlagen Import for a

week.

In the Swiss franc foreign bond market, bonds for top quality borrowers continued in good demand. A SFr200m 5 per cent bond for Oesterreichische Kontrollbank gained % points to close at 101%. Prices overall gained about % points.

Swiss Bank Corporation announced a SFr100m four-year bond for Occidental Petroleum. The 5% per cent issue was priced at par. Dealers described the terms as generous, but thought investors might be put

thought investors might be put off by the borrower's Triple B rating. Nevertheless, the issue met a firm initial response.
The bond marks a refinancing

Comau has a contract with

WMW import to supply automation plant for clutch production

at Zwickau. Banca Commerciale Italiana's agreement with the

Deutsche Aussenhandelsbank

finance of about L15bn.

| Closing prices as December 16 | Classes prices are flag week yield at the first flag with the second prices are flag prices as flag prices are flag prices as flag prices are flag prices ar

provides this contract with loan

Banca Commerciale Italians

has been given Standard & Poor's Al+ rating for its pro-

gramme of Eurocertificates of

deposit. Describing Banca Com-

merciale Italiana as one of the top three Italian banks, Standard

Served Bid Offer Calls Cape

.0312 99.95 100.05 13/06 8.17

.09 99.13 99.18 22.01 20.27

.0 100.10 100.20 19/02 7.19

.0 99.58 99.53 8/01 103.7

.8 1 96.75 99.20 22/02 7.19

.0 100.40 100.54 22/02 4.31

.1 99.37 99.43 8/02 8.97

.1 96.86 96.26 11/02 8.97

.0 19.93 99.38 18/02 9.06

.0 100.40 100.54 22/02 10.37

.0 19.33 99.35 18/02 9.06

.0 96.70 98.26 99.36 18/02 7.4

.1 96.87 99.38 18/02 7.6

.0 100.11 100.17 7/01 8.19

.0 98.72 98.82 28/01 7.69

.0 98.72 98.82 28/01 7.69

.0 98.72 98.82 28/01 7.69

.0 98.72 98.82 28/01 7.69

.0 98.72 98.82 28/01 7.69

.0 98.72 98.82 28/01 7.69

.0 98.72 98.82 28/01 7.69

.0 06 99.23 99.26 19/02 9.12

.0 06 400 - 000 - 000 - 000

the morning. Prices in the Eurobond sector were as much as *

points lower at the close.

In the UK domestic loan stock

The bond marks a refinancing
of an existing 7% per cent bond
for the borrower, due in 1992,
which will be called at 101 next
March. GDR foreign trade bank

delsbank, the East German bank industrial for foreign trade. The loans will key-in-hand project. The second provide a total of L100bn to finance the construction of factory systems and robotisation subsidiary of the Turin car

This is in part due to the

A week after black mon-day, as other exchanges were beginning to recover ground from the collapse, the Hong Kong exchange reopened to a debacle that saw 43 per cent wiped off the market's total capitalis-

But events of the past eight weeks have soured public attitudes to his andoubted achievements instead leaving him to shoulder much of the blame for the poor handling of the collapse and the damage to Hong Kong's reputation as an international financial centre that resulted.

Sin takes over as chairman of HKSE

By David Dodweii in Hong Kong MR CHARLES SIN WAS YES set Charles Sin was yes-terday elected chairman of Hong Kong's unified stock exchange. He succeeds Mr Bonald Li, the exchange's founder chairman, who has successfully defied predic-tions that he would be

tions that he would be tions that he would be forced to retire prema-turely following his contro-versial role in closing the exchange for four days in the wake of the Black Mon-day world stock market crash in October.

Along with the election of Mr Sin, seven new members were elected to the stock

were elected to the stock exchange committee, all of them local Chinese brokers. This leaves unresolved a long-simmering dispute over the absence of any representative of the interna-tional stockbroking houses on the 21-member commit-

International institutions account for about 70 per cent of stock market turn-over and have long demanded representation on the stock exchange's gov-erning body in acknowl-addement of this.

Mr Sin takes over as stock exchange chairman at a point where radical change in the structure and regulation of Hong Kong's secari-ties industry is certain.

It is equally certain that Mr Sin will not be allowed the autocratic power over decision-making in the exchange that was a charac-teristic of Mr Li's 18-month tenure as chairman.

way the stock market crash was handled locally and in part to serious weaknesses in the structure of the securities industry that were highlighted by the collapse.

A week after Black Mon-

Already, Mr Robert Fell, Already, Mr Robert Fell, the territory's former Banking Commissioner, has been called back to Hong Kong out of retirement in the UK to be appointed senior chief executive of the exchange. He has a brief to orchestrate reform and will doubtless be consulting closely with an inquiry into the etate-of-the securities industry. This is headed by Mr Ian Hay-Davison, a for-Mr Ian Hay-Davis on, a for mer partner in the accountancy firm, Arthur Anderinquiry in the UK into scan-dals at Lloyd's of London.

Mr Li has been criticise over the stock exchange, for the way in which a num of his family members, and family businesses, provided services to the exchange, the way in which new stock the way in which new stock exchange listings were processed, and the incestuous relationship that existed between the committees controlling the stock exchange and the futures exchange — business which was dominated by trading in Hang Seng index futures contracts.

It was the collapse of the futures exchange — with many locals including Mr Li exposed to substantial liabilities when it crashed — that forced closure of the stock exchange. The Government and securities industry participants have agreed HK\$4Dn in support packages for the futures exchange, with HK\$1.8bn of that so far drawn down.

Mr Li has been forced to resign as vice-chairman of the futures exchange. A new executive is expected to announce today a number of reforms that are forecast to tighten regula-tion and insulate the exchange from the sort of risk that ledt to its decima-tion on Black Monday.

Many had expected Mr Li also to resign prematurely as stock exchange chair-man. Instead, his chief exec-utive, Mr Jeoffrey Sun, recently resigned, announc-ing plans to settle in Can-ada. Mr Li was yesterday elected as one of the exchange's five vice-chairexchange's five vice-chair-

If Mr Li had retired two months ago, he would have retired in glory. He has taken justified credit for coralling the members of Hong Kong's four competing stock exchanges into one unified exchange.

This exchange, which opened in April last year, has seen daily trading volume rise from an average of about HK\$400m at the outset to over HK\$40n in the feverish weeks ahead of the crash.

Carla Rapoport and Stephen Fidler on a surprising market rally

Warrants go home to Tokyo

A STRONG RALLY in the Japanese market for equity warrants, effectively long-dated options to buy shares, has surprised securities houses in London and

l'okyo. Since the crash in world equity since the crash in word equity prices in October, prices of warrants — which give holders the right to buy shares at a pre-set price — have soared by an average 60 per cent. Meantime, prices of the underlying Japanese shares have improved by less than 8 per cent.

Warrants, which can be bought for a fraction of the wrice

bought for a fraction of the price of a share, are risky investments of a share, are risky investments with a heavy gearing element and are thus prone to huge price swings. Nonetheless, dealers in London and Tokyo have been expressing growing astonishment at the performance of warrants in the past two weeks given the bearish back-drop on equities globally.

"For a number of these issues, we've seen an amazing, out-

we've seen an amazing, out-standing performance," said Ms Sally Mason, a warrant sales-person with Barclays de Zoete Wedd in Tokyo yesterday. For example, the warrants issued by Gunze, the Japanese underwear company, gained 73 per cent in the first two weeks of

much more expensive it is to buy a warrant and exercise it than to buy the underlying share. Premi-tums exist because it is cheaper to control shares by holding war-rants than by holding the under-lying shares

Record premiums

Here, the story is even more extraordinary. Absolute prices for warrants are nowhere near where they reached at the mar-ket peak in May this year because of the slide in underlying share prices. Yet premiums on many issues are close to May's record levels, having risen in some cases to 40 per cent or

Dealers in the market, which is estimated to be worth about \$300hn, say that part of the rea-son behind this is a huge trans-fer of warrants to holders in Japan from those in Europe. At the time of the crash, foreign investors were heavy sellers on the Tokyo market. Worried that it was heavily overvalued, December, while its share price they sold more than \$7.5bn in one by only 3 per cent. Chiyoda shares in the week of October 19 jumped 50 per cent in the same sellers of equity warrants.

rants market, traditionally based in London, has effectively shifted to Tokyo. This shift has been exaggerated in the last month because the share price crash has caused many traditional warrants investors - particularly those in Switzerland and West Germany - to close their books much earlier than

usual for the year.

"We can sell to the Japanese (securities houses), but we cannot buy anything back," said Ms Mako Akiyama, a warrant salesperson with Barings Securities in Tokyo vesteriay.

Tokyo yesterday.
So why are the Japanese buying warrants? There are two main schools of thought. The first is a theory that has most currency among foreign dealers and suggests that the rally is due to huge buying pres- vide a glimmer of hope in a sure from Japanese securities world equities market shrouded houses. The claim is that the in gloom. The warrants market houses are manipulating the is anticipating a rally in the Jap-warrants market to provide anese stock market and a big short-term profits for their clients or for their own book. The London-based dealers Cresvale.

period while the equity price gained just 5 per cent.

Followers of the market do not look just at the absolute price of the warrants, but also at their premiums, which indicate how much more expensive it is to buy a warrant and exercise it than to buy the underlying share. Premiums exist because it is cheaper to control shares by holding warrant prices up sharply.

That transfer of warrants Japanese, for their part, strenuseems to have continued and an ously deny the accusations.

The other suggests it is a function merely of the basic optimism of the Japanese about an improvement in local equity meant that even a few buy direct contrast with what they orders in the London market can push warrant prices up sharply.

As a result, much of the war-antis market traditionally based declined to the same extent as New York and London.

Foreign sellers

A senior official at Nomura Securities, Japan's largest securities firm, said yesterday that foreign investors have been selling warrants because they are taking a bearish view on Tokyo. The Japanese, on the other hand, have been attracted to warrants because they have provided a cheap way of setting back into the market after the crash with little downside risk. From their peak of 47 last May, the average price of warrants slid to just 18 on October 27. As of this Monday, the average price had recovered to nearly 29.

The market might even pro-

NZ considers financial deregulation

BY DAI HAYWARD IN WELLINGTON

THE NEW ZEALAND Government is considering the introduc-tion of new tax measures as part of an economic package to form the basis of moves towards expanding its role as an interna-tional financial centre over the next three years. These measures would require

the abolition of non-resident withholding tax, the removal of stamp duties, and other relatively minor changes to New Zealand tax and customs laws. They were outlined in a review prepared by the Market Development Board. The review has been welcomed by theGovernment, which has ordered officials to study the implications of the changes and to report back by early next year.

But already, Mr Mike Moore, the Overseas Trade Minister, and Mr Peter Neilson, the Associate Finance Minister, have shown enthusiasm for the development stamp duty was already "under of an international finance cenof an international finance centre in New Zealand.

could attract business from Hong Kong Singapore, Tokyo and Syd-ney, all of which have problems or disadvantages which would not apply to New Zealand. Many foreign exchange dealers now constitute in Australia it main operating in Australia, it maintained, would be attracted to New Zealand if the right conditions were established.

New Zealand's foreign exchange exprings would

exchange earnings would increase by about NZ\$150m (US\$96.8m) within three years, according to Mr Peter Shirtcliffe, chairman of the Development Board. The loss of revenue from the removal of stamp duty, which is now worth about NZ\$21m from the transfer of equities, would be quickly replaced by increased income tax from the new business generated, he said.

Mr Nellson said the removal of ernment and changes relating to underway within a year.

According to the review, this withholding tax could well fit into government economic planning.
Mr Moore said New Zealand's

advantages - apart from its geo-graphical position making it the first finance market in the world to open each day - were becom-ing recognised by international it also recommends a co ing recognised by international financial operators. New Zealand was ideally placed to become an important link between the US and Asian markets. It could offer interest and dividends paid to a deregulated financial sector, a non-residents. floating exchange rate, no Mr Shirtclift exchange controls, no controls on interest rates, no reserve asset ratios on financial institutions, a stable political system, Western-

enthusiastic about the prospects of New Zealand enhancing its position as a world finance cen-

In addition to the necessary moves on stamp duty and with-holding tax, the Market Develop-ment Board also suggests the Government should review the extra 58 per cent company tax on New Zealand-sourced income

Mr Shirtcliffe said New Zealand's moment had come, as Hong Kong-based banks in par-

style legal and accounting the pending transfer of the colsystems and efficient telecommunication and transport systems.

In addition, the costs of establishing and maintaining a financial continuing a financial continuing and maintaining a financial continuing and accounting the political system, we stern the production of the colsystem and efficient telecommunication and transfer of the colsystem and efficient telecommunication and transfer of the colsystem. Cabinet ministers are privately cial institution in Tokyo were five or six times as high as in New Zealand. The most important features New Zealand could tre. They believe this could be offer, however, were its location

U.S. \$250,000,000

New Zealand

94% Notes Due December 15, 1992

Interest payable June 15 and December 15

MORGAN STANLEY & CO.

THE FIRST BOSTON CORPORATION

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

DEUTSCHE BANK CAPITAL

MERRILL LYNCH CAPITAL MARKETS

SALOMON BROTHERS INC

SHEARSON LEHMAN BROTHERS INC.

DAIWA SECURITIES AMERICA INC.

DONALDSON, LUFKIN & JENRETTE EUROPARTNERS SECURITIES CORPORATION

LAZARD FRERES & CO.

NOMURA SECURITIES INTERNATIONAL, INC. PRUDENTIAL-BACHE CAPITAL FUNDING

SMITH BARNEY, HARRIS UPHAM & CO. UBS SECURITIES INC.

DEAN WITTER CAPITAL MARKETS

December 16, 1987

BEAR, STEARNS & CO. INC. DILLON, READ & CO. INC.

DREXEL BURNHAM LAMBERT E. F. HUTTON & COMPANY INC.

THE NIKKO SECURITIES CO.

PAINEWEBBER INCORPORATED

L.F. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

SWISS BANK CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

WERTHEIM SCHRODER & CO.

YAMAICHI INTERNATIONAL (AMERICA), INC.

cial Times Ltd., 1967, Reproduction in whole or in part in

| Section | Sect

| Classe on | Clas

Con day -0.01 on west +0.02

Con. Con.

Chy.

Ch

Prudential Securities Group Inc.

The Prudential Insurance Company of America

US Dollars 750,000,000

Revolving Credit and Tender Advances Facility

Arranged by

BankAmerica Capital Markets

Union Bank of Switzerland

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited

Union Bank of Switzerland

Banco di Roma S.P.A.

Deutsche Bank AG

Midland Bank plc

NMB Bank n.v.

Credito Italiano

The Bank of Nova Scotia

Banque Nationale de Paris

The Toronto-Dominion Bank

N M Rothschild & Sons Limited

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce

The Mitsui Trust and Banking Co. Ltd.

Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft

Lead Managed by

Bank of America NT&SA Arnsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V. Banco di Napoli Bank of Montreal The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd. Barclays Bank PLC

CIC-Union Europeenne, International et Cie Credit Lyonnais The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Dresdner Bank, Aktiengesellschaft

Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino The Mitsui Bank, Limited National Australia Bank Limited Orion Royal Bank Limited

Westpac Banking Corporation

Co-Lead Managed by

Banca Nazionale del Lavoro The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited Lloyds Bank Plc

Kredietbank N.V. Thè Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan, Limited The Sumitomo Bank Limited

Managed by

Daiwa Bank Trust Co.

Sanwa Bank California

Facility and Swing-Line Agent Union Bank of Switzerland

Tender Panel Agent Bank of America International Limited

December 16, 1987

Butcher and Company, Incorporated

has sold newly issued stock and equity notes representing a substantial minority ownership position to

S. D. Fürst von Thurn und Taxis

The undersigned initiated this transaction, acted as financial advisor to Butcher and Company, Incorporated and assisted in the negotiations.

Salomon Brothers AG

Wiesenhüttenstraße 10, 6000 Frankfurt am Main 1, West Germany Salomon Brothers Inc, One New York Plaza, New York, New York 10004 Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Dallas, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Zurich Affiliates: London, Tokyo, Member of Major Securities and Commodities Exchanges,

We are pleased to announce the appointment of

Martin R. Wade III

Managing Director and Head of Corporate Finance

Morgan Grenfell Incorporated New York

U.S. \$110,000,000 Azienda Nazionale Autonoma delle Strade

Floating Rate Notes Due 1990 By virtue of existing legislation direct and unconditional general obligations of

The Republic of Italy

For the six months 16th December 1987 to 16th June 1988.

In accordance with the provisions of the notes, notice in accordance with the factors that the flows, source is hereby given that the rate of interest has been fixed at 8%, per cent per annum and that the interest payable on the relative payment date 16th June 1988 against Coupon No 4 will be: US \$ 428.91 per \$10,000 and US \$ 10,722.66 per \$250,000.

The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited Agent Bank

INTL. COMPANIES

ICL to reorganise **Bombay offshoot**

BY JOHN ELLIOTT IN BOMBAY

pany to raise a lean worth about \$2m (\$3.66m) to cope with short-term cash-flow problems. It is also considering linking up with another Indian company on computer software and wants to expand ICIM's own manaufacturing corrections.

turing operations.

ICIM is 40 per cent owned by ICL, which, in the past few years, has turned down repeated takeover offers from Indian busi-ness houses, including members of the Birls and Modi families. It is India's largest private sec-tor computer company and runs ICL's biggest full manufacturing operation outside the UK, produ-

ring small to medium-size main-In the past four years, ICIM has more than doubled its turn-

ICL OF THE UK is reorganising expansion possibilities at a time the top management of International Computers India Manufacture (ICIM), its Bombay-based offshoot, and a loss much about several to my ICIM is the first software joint venture, probably separate from ICIM, is the first priority, followed by other manufacturing possibilities, including computer peripherals and sub-assemblies.

> ICL also has to solve immediate top management problems. Major-General Shyamal Ghosh, who has been managing director of ICIM for about 18 months, is resigning and has gone on six months' leave. He was previously chairman of Bharat Electronics, a government-owned defence-based company. Until a succes-sor is found, the company is being managed by a three-man committee of non-executive directors, including Mr David Beesley, iCL's vice-president for South Asia.

South Asia.

The cash-flow problems have been caused primarily by a tightening of liquidity on the Bombay inter-corporate market, according to the company. ICL is organising and underwriting short-term bridging finance, expected to be equivalent to about \$2m. has more than doubled its furn-over to an estimated Rs500m (about \$40m) this year. Annual pre-tax profits have been about Rs200m in the past two years. Now ICL, which is part of STC, has decided to adopt a new approach and look for immediate

Israeli privatisation of Paz group in jeopardy

The sale of Paz, regarded as a test of the Government's seriousness about privatisation, has been under discussion for four years. Last April, when four contenders were shortlisted, Mr Refuah said he was confident that it would be a matter of a few months before a final sale

unnounced deregulation of the Israeli oil industry have leopar-dised the Government's chances of selling the billion-dollar Paz oil group, a top priority of its largely fruitless privatisation

Negotiatons with four potenwas agreed.
Mr Moshe Shahal, the Energy
Minister, had earlier dismissed
claims that the implications of
greater competition in the oil
industry might fight off potential buyers, arguing that any
serious contender would insist
on an onest market. regolations with four potential buyers — among them foreign investors — have "become difficult," according to Mr Ze'ev Refush, head of the Government Companies Authority, who claims this results from uncertainty over the future of the tainty over the future of the domestic energy market.

The Israeli Energy Ministry originally intended to put its proposed reforms into effect in January 1987. But these plans have already been postponed three times, as a result of fierce opposition from the country's powerful oil cartel. months, his only remaining option would be to sell a minority equity in Paz on the small local stock exchange. "I will not

The Paz group has 30 subsidiaries, notably the Paz Oil Company, Israel's leading fuel distributor which controls about half chosen to serve as the governthe domestic market. The Gov-ment consultant on the privatis-ernment's 75 per cent holding in ation of some 30 state-owned the company has been valued at companies. Its final recommen-between \$100m and \$125m.

Poseidon in deal with Bond

POSEIDON, the Australian mining company, is to sell its half share of Kalgoorlie Lake View to Gold Mines of Kalgoorlie for A\$375m (US\$267m), giving GMK 100 per cent control, Oar Finascial Staff reports.

KLV owns 52 per cent of the Kalgorlie Mining Associates venture operated by a unit of Homestake Mining. Poseidon earned A\$9.7m from KLV in the first half of 1986-87, against

first half of 1986-87, against A\$0.50 a share after 15 months.

A\$2.7m a year earlier.

Mr Alan Bond, GMK's chairman, said it would pay A\$200m in cash, 214,000 ounces of gold investment company.

Improvement in profits for New Straits Times

BY WONG SULONG IN KUALA LUMPUR

NEW STRAITS Times (NST), as part of the Government's Malaysia's largest news media crackdown on opposition groups group, has reversed two years of The Star's closure assures the falling profits to report a 10 per NST group a virtual monopoly in cent rise in its pre-tax result to the English-language newspaper spector. The final dividend is 8 cents.

The higher earnings largely came from income from its associated companies, particularly from the fast-expanding Televi-sion Three network, and the newly-listed Bank of Commerce.

NST's traditional newspaper No. 18 traditional newspaper business continued to be adversely affected by declining advertising and circulation reve-nues, as reflected by operating profits which fell by 41 per cent, to 5.6m ringgit.

However, the newspaper business is expected to benefit in the current financial year from the closure of NST's rival, the Star, which was banned last October

year to August.

Turnover, however, fell by nearly 9 per cent to 165m ringgit. Profit after tax was 19 per cent higher, at 11.9m ringgit.

The higher earnings largely came from income from its asso-

UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY-indices of industrial production, manufacturing output (1980–100); engineering orders (1990–100); retail sales volume (1990–100); registered unemployment (excluding school leavers) and unfilled vacancies (1990–100). All seasonally adjusted.

157.0 166.0 171.8 169.0 161.3 167.2 178.7 171.0 171.0 189.8

materials and fuels); eng dothing (1980=100); hous

EXTERNAL TRADE-indices of export and import volume (1980–100); visible holonoc current balance (5m); official holonoc current balance (5m); official holonoc (5m

FINANCIAL Money supply MO, MI and MS (three months' growth at annual rate)

on an open market.

Mr Refuah said this week that if the deregulation issue was not settled within the next three +6,783 +8,554 +11,445 +2,202 +2,502 +3,979 +4,530 +2,653 +4,330 +2,894 1,465 1,894 1,211 727 521 556 347 667 197 812 be able to sell more than 10 to 25 per cent of its shares, he said.

In August, First Boston, the New York investment bank, was

ONFILATION Indices of carnings (Jan 1980-100); basic materials and fuels; whole

U.S. \$125,000,000 **Empire of America** Federal Savings Bank

Collateralized Floating Rate Notes, Series A due December, 1995

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest Period from December 17, 1987 to June 17, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest Rate of 81/2% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, June 17, 1988 will be U.S. \$4,320.83 per U.S. \$100,000 principal amount of Notes.

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank December 17, 1987

^{jggej}Card

gecau

Men

_{rege};⇔i.Q

्रकृत ०ग

ese dese

e bre ps



TÜRK EKONOMÎ BANKASI A.S.

We announce the opening of our **IZMIR** Branch on

16 December, 1987-

İzmir Branch

Cumhuriyet Bulvarı 120/6 35210 IZMIR Phone: (51) 19 10 60 Telexc 53704 tebi Fax: (51) 12 33 72

indial Cad. 284 Octable 20050 Beyogin-ISTANBUL TURKEY Phone (1) 151 21 21 Price: 25358 tabu Par (1) 149 65 68 P.O. Box 640 Beyogin-ISTANBUL TURKEY Cable TEBGENEL-ISTANBUL TURKEY

TECHNOLOGY

UK wallpapers go up with a bump

Clive Cookson explains how the introduction of blown vinyl coverings has revitalised a flagging market

THE UK WALLPAPER industry is being transformed by a new manufac-turing process borrowed from textile printing. The resulting product is "blown viny!" wallpaper, sales of which are growing by 40 per cent a year and already account for almost a quarter of the UK wallcoverings mar-

Blown vinyl gives the wallpaper a raised texture somewhat like a traditional embossed paper. But it has a higher surface relief than embossed paper and it is much easier to hang.

The Dutch machinery manufacturer Stork was responsible for the emgence of blown vinyl wallpaper. Stork made rotary screen printers for the textile industry and realised that the same technology could be used to print

a new kind of wallcovering. In traditional rotary screen printing the ink sits inside a thin nickel cylinder perforated with small holes. A rotating metal blade pushes the ink out onto the textile, and the pattern is created by blocking off some of the holes. When the technique is applied to wallpaper, a PVC paste containing a chemical blowing agent is used as the ink. It is baked in an oven after printing, and the pattern puffs up like a

layer of sponge cake on the paper.
The German wallpaper industry was first to use Stork machines to make first to use Stork machines to make blown vinyl paper. The technology reached Britain in 1982, when two or three of the smaller manufacturers ordered rotary screen printers from

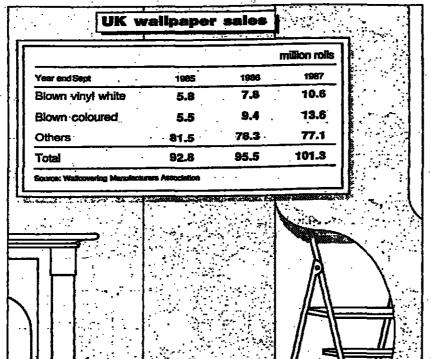
One of the pioneers was Graham and Brown, a family-owned company in Blackburn (traditional centre of the British wallpaper industry). We were desperately looking for a product that would set us aside from our competition," says joint managing director Roger Graham. "Blown vinyl appealed

314 +44 314 +44 314 +44

THE AND SEC.

00.5 1.50 ! 01.8 1.50

96.7 96.7 96.8 120 170 173 173



to us because it is easy to hang - and we have always believed that the use of wallcoverings in this country has been discouraged by the difficulty of preparing the room and hanging the

Graham and Brown installed a £1m Stork rotary printer and, without doing any consumer research, launched the first television advertising campaign in the company's history. Since then the company's turnover has tripled and the

workforce has increased by 50 - all thanks to blown vinyl.

The success of Graham and Brown and the other blown vinyl pioneers, such as Fine Art Wallcoverings (an AG Stanley subsidiary), eventually prompted the larger UK wallpaper manufacturers to install rotary printing machinery. One of them is Nairn Kingfisher, and George Niven, techni-cal director, admits: "There's no doubt that the giants were a bit slow to get

off the ground; the little boys got going

The first blown vinyl wallpapers made in Britain were all white with a puffy, highly-raised surface. These papers, which are designed to be painted after hanging, quickly proved extremely popular in the North of England but were less of a success in

the South. For the second generation of blown vinyl papers the manufacturers added colours to the PVC paste. (The latest machine installed by Naira Kingfisher can print in seven separate colours.) These coloured papers, which have a less puffy and more uniform surface, are appealing more strongly to Southern consumers.

Stork printers, imported into Britain by Samuel Bradley of Stockport, still lead the market. But the Dutch company now faces competition from a UK walipaper equipment manufacturer, Emerson and Renwick of Accrington. This family business launched its own blown vinyl printer two years ago and has already sold 11 machines, costing more than \$1m each.

Emerson and Renwick sales director Keith Spencer says the company responded very fast when it realised that blown vinyl was taking over the wallpaper industry. "We designed and developed our machine from scratch in less than 12 months – taking care not to do a me-too job on the Stork."

Sales of blown vinyl are now increas-

ing by 35 per cent a year for white and 45 per cent for coloured papers, while traditional wallpapers are in decline. The industry expects the blown vinyl boom to continue - and to move up market. Wallpaper designers who shuddered at the crudeness of the early puffy papers are now creating increas-ingly sophisticated multicoloured patterns with blown vinyl in low relief.

WORTH WATCHING

Edited by Geoffrey Charlish

Australians cook chickens on the run

IN MELBOURNE, Australia, it is now possible to "dial" a chicken (or for Christmas, a turkey) and have it delivered to the doorstep, cooked and piping hot, in a matter

"Dial-a-Chicken" is a new idea from Australian Con-solidated Foods (ACF) which deploys franchised delivery vans with on-board cooking facilities. The vans are in radio communication with a central office which receives telephone calls from customers and relays each order by radiotele-phone to the van operating in the area nearest to the customer's house._

fee A\$20,000(£7,800), the franchisee is provided with a van containing a gas oven, a radiotelephone and a UK built mobile data printer and radio interface unit (Spectronics Micro Systems, SMS). SMS's Australian agent, Heyden Spike, commissioned the system in Australia and wrote the

operating software. Linked to the ACF base computer, the printer produces name, address and customer's order, avoiding the confusion that can arise with speech links, and remaining effective even when the driver is away from the vehicle. Less air time is used than with speech, keeping the channel clearer.

The ACF central factory has 16 screen and keyboard operators working into a Digital Equipment Corpora-tion PDP 11 minicomputer. For an existing customer, entry of the telephone number will bring up the name and address immediately on

the screen. The delivery vans contain a number of standard meals that have been collected from the central factory. Stock control software mon-itors consumption and feeder vans top up supplies in the delivery vehicles if

they run short.

The service has been obtaining 1,000 orders an hour in peak periods and an expansion from the present 30 vehicles to 150 is

Business line gets the message across

HILL INTERNATIONAL Business Systems of New-castle upon Tyne in the UK has introduced an office machine which offers a combination of message "store and forward" and centralised dictation.

The system has a bank of four audio cassettes, all of which can be applied by the machine to either function. Messages are sent via the PABX (company phone exchange) using a multi-fre-quency push button phone. A synthesised voice asks the caller to key in his identity number and then the number of the party for whom he wants to leave a message.

The stored message can be picked up by the called party, who rings the machine at his convenience using a similar keying pro-

In the same way, material can be dictated and left for a typist, who can easily find any dictation using the codes.

The "full cassette" problem does not arise because the machine switches automatically from one cassette to another, the system's review and amendment facilities remaining intact. The device, called MTMS, costs about \$2,000.

Siemens electrifies architect sketches

COMPUTERS ARE being taught to turn engineers and architects' free-hand sketches into properly constructed diagrams at the Munich research laboratories of Siemens in Germany.

A camera initially scans the paper sketch point by point and stores the data. Then a computer using artificial intelligence programmes is brought to bear. First, it detects numbers and



letters and processes directly into proper characters. Then it examines branch and corner points on the sketch, looks for straight lines and arcs and compares the patterns it finds with symbols stored in

in an architect's draft, for example, the software will recognise doors, stairs, windows, cupboards and so on, by comparing them with formally drawn memorised ver-

After putting the formal version into the user's electronic "drawing", the whole diagram is printed out. In the case of an electronic engineer's sketch, the printout can also include a list of the components.

Bundespost puts ISDN on trial

IN GERMANY, the Bundespost (Federal German Post and Telecoms Service) is in the process of providing 400 households, in Stuttgart and Mannheim, with trial integrated services digital net-work (ISDN) telephone

Each user will have access to a standard dual ISDN line with two 64,000 bit (64kb) per second communication channels that could carry speech, facsimile, telex. ally any other data that can be digitised.

Subscribers with suitable equipment will be able to send, for example, a page of text in about 0.25 of a second or a colour picture of television quality in four or five seconds. The provision of two channels allows connection either with two other subscribers at the ame time, or the use of two different kinds of service with one other subscriber.

Initially, communication will be within each city.

Later, Stuttgart and Mannheim will be linked.

CONTACTS: SMS: UK, 0954 80888. Hill international: UK, 0932 785691. Bundespost: Deutscher Forschungsdienst in Bonn, 228 302210.

US sheds light on true cost of corporate computing

BY LOUISE KEHOE IN SAN FRANCISCO

CORPORATE computer net- Group, a computer consultancy, works are more expensive to analysed the costs of 17 large operate than most companies computer networks in the US. realise, a recent US study concludes. The study also suggests that the true "running costs" of these complex networks far exceed the initial purchase

We found that none of the 14 this study had any idea of its total network cost, says Michael Treacy of the Massachusetts

The study shows that the major costs of network ownership are not in the initial acquisition of the equipment, as many buyers might expect.

The equipment cost compari-

companies we worked with on sons that most firms typically do he says, personnel costs associprobably don't reveal the true ated with running the network

Treacy of the Massachusetts computer vendors in the cost of Institute of Technology. The real costs start once you've paid for the network, he adds, Treacy together with the Index. differences that exist between

per cent of the problem - or ied. "As networks are becoming works are on average 38 per cent less."

works are on average 38 per cent less." A lot of companies that operate computer networks focus on the

costs of communications as the major issue, says Treacy. Again, this is a mistake, he suggests, because communications typically represent less than ten per cent of the overall costs. Instead, should be a primary concern.

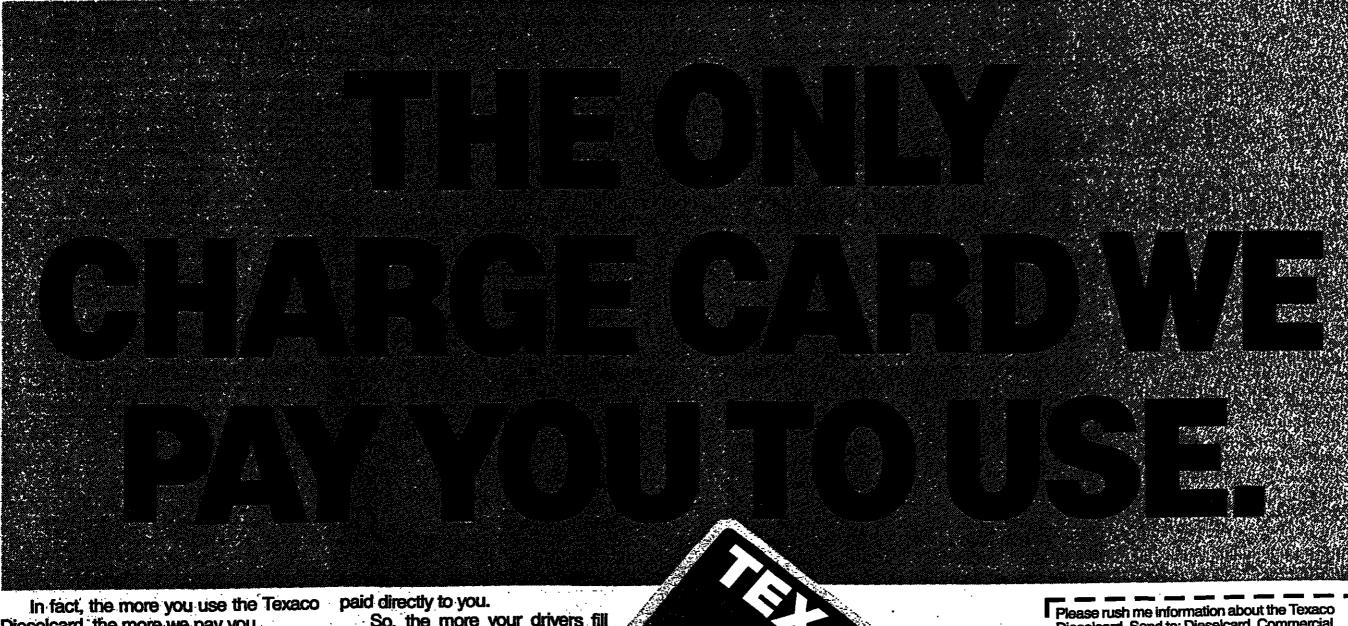
costs are becoming a bigger and bigger component of the cost of network ownership and they are growing," says Treacy.

Adding new terminals to a network, introducing new software or making other changes can significantly add to the costs of running the system, he explains. Comparing the costs of networks

According to DEC, this is

because reconfigurations of its equipment require less manual intervention and because the company offers automatic rerouting and other features designed to reduce the need for network monitoring. Not surprisingly, IBM is scepti-

cal and points out that other



Dieselcard, the more we pay you.

card and a discount card rolled into one. When you sign up your fleet with Dieselcard, we negotiate a discount based on your annual, bought on the

road, diesel fuel and lubricant turnover. That's a discount, off pump prices,

So, the more your drivers fill Because Dieselcard is a free charge up at Dieselcard sites, (we have over seventy countrywide), the more you'll save.

> And you'll save on administration too, because we'll consolidate all your charges into one simple monthly invoice, including your discount.

TEXACO 1 DIESELCARD WITH YOU ALL THE WAY.

Please rush me information about the Texaco Dieselcard. Send to: Dieselcard, Commercial Fuel Sales, Texaco Ltd., 1 Knightsbridge Green, London SW1X7QJ.
Name
Position
Company
Acidress
1
Tel. No.

No. of Trucks

English China up 24% to £112m

English China Clays, the Cornish-based industrial minerals, quarrying and construction group, increased pre-tax profits by 24 per cent to £112.1m in the year to September 30 1987.

The increase from \$90.4m in 1985-86 was achieved through an improvement from all divisions except the smallest, interna-tional drilling fluids, which suffered from fierce competition in the depressed oil exploration

In the clays-based interna-tional division, the operating margin was static despite a 10 per cent increase in sales volumes and a 8 to 4 per cent increase in prices. The result was restrained by costs associated with production at or above capacity for much of the year.

further US acquisitions in the the quarrying and construction aggregates market, where it bought Minnesota-based JL.Shiely last month.

In the UK, the construction division sold 1,144 houses at an average price of \$47,000 (compared with \$40,000 in 1985-86). Unit sales in the first two months of the current year were months of the current year were 19 per cent ahead of the comparable period.

Sir Alan Dalton, chairman, yesterday continued to turn aside questions about ECC's intentions towards its 29.9 per cent stake in Bryant Group, the Midlands-based housebuilder and property developer which ECC narrowly failed to win in a take-over battle earlier this year. ECC's construction division

ECC confirmed its plans for results included \$3.6m from about the five-year demand outof the 1986-87 results. ECC would be free to launch a new bid late in January. The two companies have not had any direct contact since March.

> Bryant's performance in the year to May 1987 comfortably exceeded the forecast during the bid," Sir Alan said. "We look for-ward to a comparable improvement in the current year and will keep the investment under

Sir Alan said ECC was comconditions with its position in "stable and not particularly elas-tic markets." its products were "basic and not subject to whim or high-speed change."

The company was confident

ECC will seek shareholders' approval for a performance-re-lated executive share option scheme, which is expected to apply to about 100 senior managers. In 1986-87, the company contributed £10m to the profitsharing scheme for UK employ

Turnover rose to £762.5m (\$688.6m), net interest expense went up to \$5.8m (\$3.6m), and tax of \$40m (\$32.3m) reflected a stable rate of about 35.6 per cent. Earnings per share increased by 22 per cent to 34.83p (28.44p). A final dividend of 9.5p (8.25p) will make a total of 14.5p (12.5p). ECC plans to introduce a

JFB on target with £5.6m profit

Johnson & Firth Brown, the Sheffield-based metals and engineering group, yesterday reported pre-tax profits 24 per cent ahead at \$5.62m for the year to September 30, 1987, up from \$4.57m.

However, at the operating level, profits were only slightly ahead at \$5.78m, compared with \$5.53m last year. Turnover slipped to \$83.78m from \$92.44m.

There were two disappointing areas, according to Mr Roy Shephard, chief executive. Aerophard, chief executive. Aerospace industry profits - the company makes castings for engines
- fell by \$1m from \$3.3m to
\$2.3m. There were now signs of
an improvement in demand but this would not come through ent financial year. Exchange rate

Kingsgrange, the toiletries manufacturer which joined the main market in July, lifted pretax profits from \$975,000 to

\$1.12m on turnover up from \$7.86m to \$9.06m for the six months to October 31 1987.

Park Rose, ceramics maker, in

October, announced that it is to

purchase Secret Garden, a Canadian company which manufac-

tures potpourri and scented products, for an initial consideration of C\$1.8m (\$750,000), subject to adjustment, to be satisfied by the allotment and issue to the vendors of 292,209 new ordinary

Profit: Pre-tax: (£M)

serving stable markets.

The company, which acquired

volatility meant that while one year ago JFB's aerospace companies were highly competitive in North America, "at current exchange rates we must accept very fine margins to maintain our presence in the market".

The second problem area was against 0.25p last year.

\$\frac{1.54m}{2}\$, which helped to boost is now picking up. No one would question Roy Shephard's success at urning round a company that Earnings per share rose to 4.0p a few years ago was almost bust, from 3.0p. A final dividend of but analysis are somewhat sceptions area was a total of 1.5p for the year, with four divisions each producting which makes cable

our presence in the market.

The second problem area was Greenings, which makes cable trays for the oil industry. The company produced a "quite unacceptable loss" of \$700,000, substantially up on last year's \$150,000 loss. The main problem was overcapacity for many of the products Greenings manufactures and an unwillingness tures and an unwillingness within the industry to take the necessary steps to realign capacity and demand.

The share of profit of associated companies rose to \$1.38m from \$829,000, and the interest charge decreased from \$1.79m to

An interim dividend of 0.75p (0.33p) is declared and earnings per 10p share were increased to 5.9p (5.2p) after tax of \$313,000 (\$309,000).

The directors said that turn-over had increased by 15 per cent notwithstanding the weak-ening of the US dollar and the adverse effect on the sterling conversion of sales by the com-pany's North American subsid-iaries.

There was continued strong demand for the company's branded products and the results

Expanding Kingsgrange

lifts profit to £1.1m

Comment

The City was not surprised by yesterday's figures as the company forecast \$5.5m at the time of the Woodhouse & Rixson be amounced in the spring will be for each. The character will be for each. acquisition in September. The be for cash. The shares closed lp down at 394p last night. City was due to Rolls-Royce cutting their orders by 35 per cent, a for this year of S8m produces a hard knock for JFB, but business

First Debenture placing

Kleinwort Benson yesterday completed the placing of an \$80m debenture for First Debenture Finance, a special purpose vehicle. The purpose of the issue is to raise funds for four investment trusts managed by Kleinwort Grieveson Invest-

issue in the UK domestic debt market this week, following a \$100m unsecured loan stock for British & Commonwealth on Monday. The trusts, which are guaran-teeing the bond, are Brunner, Kleinwort Charter, Kleinwort Smaller Companies, and the Mer-

ment Management.

The 30-year debenture was priced at 99.057 with an 11½ per cent coupon to give a yield of 11.234 per cent, 1.40 per cent higher than the 13½ per cent Treasury Stock 2004/08.

Kleinwort Charter, Kleinwort Smaller Companies, and the Merchants Trust.

First Debenture Finance is lending the bulk of the proceeds to the four trusts, at stepped interest rates

Tricentrol rejects Elf bid

off company, yesterday formally announced that "Tricentrol rejected a \$135m bid from Elf wishes to remain as an independemand for the company's Aquitaine, the French oil combination of the results pany, as "wholly inadequate".

At a board meeting yesterday, or wholly inadequate and production company, with a production company.

At a board meeting yesterday, or wholly inadequate and production company, with a production company, with a production company.

ENGLISH CHINA CLAYS PL.C.

Did you know? Each day ECC products play a part in your life.

Tricentrol, the independent mously against the bid, and

The debenture is the secon

Changes help lift Belhaven to £4.5m

Belhaven, brewing restan-rant group, is showing the benefits of its recent reor-ganisation with group profit rising 55 per cent from 52.9m to 34.5m on turnover up from 223.85m to 526.85m for the half year to September 30 1987. Comparisons are restated to take account of the acquisition of Garfunkeis Restaurants which contrib-ated 52.52m (\$2.25m) to profits.

profits.

Earnings per 25p share increased to 1.58p (1.18p) and the interim dividend rose to 0.45p (0.37p).

Mr Raymond Miquel, chairman, said that all the loss-making operations in the group had been eliminated. It was anticipated that there would be a total of 94 restaurants operating by the end of the year and of 94 restaurants operating by the end of the year and Deep Pan Pizza restaurants would account for around half this total. The first Garfunkels restaurant in Scotland would be opening in Edinburgh this month and additional sites in

and additional sites in other Scottish cities were being negotiated.
Interest and investment activity income brought in £385,000 (£2,000). There was an exceptional debit of £96,000 (£248,000) relating to a brewery product launch. Tax amounted to £1.58m (£1.72m).

comment

Caffyns .

Cheming _____in
Electra Invest ____in
Eng Cana Claye __in
ERF Holdings ____int
Eve Construct § __int

Transformed by the acqui-sition of Garfunkels this June, any estimates of Bel-haven's profits were bound to be shots in the dark. Nevertheless, yesterday's fig-ures were better than most guesstimates. Garfunkels has an impressive opening programme this year, tak-ing it north of the border for the first time. Would that it were so easy to take the home brewery trade south of the border. Still, if anyone has marketing prowess it is chairman Raymond Miquel, the former chair-man of Arthur Bell. His mark is already evident from the new emphasis on selling and re-design, as well as the hefty acquisi-tion of Garfunkels. Miquel's next move is expected to be equally incisive, although the fall in the share price has not helped.

S&N rises 28% to hit £57m as off-sales grow

figures.
Thistle Hotels, the group's chain of 38 hotels with a strong than 1 and 1.

representation in the London

market, produced "sparkling results," according to Sir David,

and continued to trade well

Scottish & Newcastle, the based brewer but no earnings brewer of Newcastle Brown Ale from the acquisition have been important Scottish market where and McEwan's Export, boosted included in the group's first half

and McEwan's Export, boosted pre-tax profits by 28 per cent to \$57.3m in the half year to November I compared with the same period last year.

Earnings per share amounted to 11.4p (10.1p) with an interim dividend of 2.7p (2.41p).

While the consumption of beer in the company's public houses declined in line with sales nationally - hit by the poor sumnationally - hit by the poor sum-mer weather - the group's off-li-cence sales, which account for 20 per cent of its beer sales, grew in

Home Brewery, last year's Mid-lands-based acquisition, made a "sound contribution," according to Sir David Nickson, group chairman. S&N recently acquired Matthew Brown, the Blackburn-

Gibbs Mew beer volume declines

Gibbs Mew, USM-quoted brewer based in Salisbury, improved pre-tax profits from \$553,000 to \$599,100 in the half year to end-September 1987 helped by property diposal income of \$211,600. Turnover was down at £7.55m against £8.18m.

The interim dividend is held at 1.5p and a special "property development dividend" of 1p is also being paid.

Mr P.B. Gibbs, the chairman, reported that since September the company had agreed to buy a 50 per cent holding in Coopers of Wessex, had sold the office development at Kew Bridge and jointly purchased a small shopping complex in

He added that total beer vol-ume in the current year to date had shown a decline but with-some improvement in product mix - notably increased sales of Gibbs brewed traditional ales.

Bavarian-brewed Graf Arco export lager had been well received, and was now available in bottles as well as on draught. Interest took \$223,000 (\$76,000).

After a tax charge of \$209,700 (\$197,100) earnings per share worked through at 7.04p (6.62p).

Total

for year

18.6

Corres -ponding div

3.75 0.87 8.2 10.5

1.67

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. §USM stock. #Unquoted stock. Third market. FFor 18 months period. A 1p property development dividend is also before retainty

Current payment

Date of

and continued to trace well against the good figures achieved in the autumn of 1986. Improved profit contributions also came from Moray Firth Maltings and Waverley Vintners. Blackburn-based prewer acquired recently by S&N after its third attempt, should boost profits by up to \$4.5m. Thistle Hotels have recovered from the absence of visitors in early 1986 with company value boosted to with occupancy rates boosted to more than 90 per cent in London with the tactic of marketing to Far East and Continental cuscomment S&N's results were slightly down on market forecasts, with the share price yesterday going up by 2p, roughly in line with the market. Draught beer sales continue to fall in the pub trade tomers bearing fruit. Pre-tax profits for the full year are likely to beat £110m with a prospective

Acatos and Hutcheson

jumps 70% to £12.3m Acatos and Hutcheson, Kent- and these figures show why based edible oil refiner, lifted tax- When it joined the market eigh

with strong regional variation.

based edible oil refiner, lifted taxable profits by almost 70 per cent to \$12.25m on turnover lahead from \$188.9m to \$201.1m in the year to Setember 27.

The outcome was helped by a lower interest charge of \$1.01m against \$1.89m last time. Tax tal investment which has lower earnings per 50p share of 25.9p (15.3p). A final dividend of 5.5p (3.75p) is proposed making 8.5p (15.75p) for the year.

The directors said that the (3.75p) is proposed making 8.5p as much of the investment programme is complete. Although The directors said that the margarine factory in London's there are still fears of competitive pressure in the bulk oils Docklands was now operational and production was being expanded. New investment in a low operating cost physical refining ple are moving from animal-to plant will commerce operation in language. January

Comment

Acatos has been one of the best performing shares of 1987

Vegetable based products for cooking. Pre-tax profits could hit \$15m this year, which puts the shares, up 4p to 429p yesterday, on a prospective p/e of just over 13.

the biggest and one of the most

efficient suppliers to the growing off-licence trade where the important Christmas trade looks

promising this year. In the second half Matthew Brown, the

Blackburn-based brewer

Wace £2.3m acquisition

pre-tax profits in excess of \$300,000, may be payable for the years ended December 31 1987 and 1988. A large proportion of the deferred consideration would be in Wace shares.

Cadbury in \$18m US acquisition

Cadbury Schweppes Inc is making an \$18m (\$9.84m) acquisition in cash in the US. It is buying Taylor Foods Products Inc from a subsidiary of American Brands Inc.

Taylor Foods markets a range of cocktail mixes under the brand name Mr and Mrs 'T', and is based in Compton, California.

Taylor made pre tax profits of \$1.3m for 1986 on net assets of \$6.9m.

Really Useful Really Useful Really Useful Group said that advance bookings for the Broadway production of Phantom of the Opera had reached \$15m (\$8.2m).

Halma acquisition

Halma is to acquire Fortress Interlocks and its associated \$6.9m

Wace Group, the leading prepress services group in the UK, comprehensive pre-press services an initial \$2.25m of which business, made pre-tax profits of \$280,000 is payable in cash and \$274,000 in the year to March 31 the balance by the issue of unsecured loan notes 1988.

Further payments, to a maximum of \$3m, on a multiple of pre-tax profits in excess of BOWATET

Bowater in \$1.3m Durchase

Bowater Industries has expanded its interests in flexible intermediate bulk containers by the acquisition of US-based Bonar Industries, a subsidiary of Bonar of Canada. Consideration is \$1.3m (£711,000) in cash...

Halma is to acquire Fortress Interlocks and its associated

Cadbury Schweppes will company Fortress Safety Ser-finance the deal through existing vices for an initial consideration facilities.

Michael Donne on the link-up between United and British Airways

Darkening clouds gather over BCal

LAST WEEK'S "marketing merger" between British Airways and United Airlines of the US has injected a new element into the long-running saga of the future control of British Caledonian Airways, the "second force" long-haul international airline now being sought both by BA and Scandinavian Airlines System.

Faced with the choice of accepting either the total take-over bid by BA or the partial stake sought by SAS, BCal's shareholders must now ponder not only the immediate financial aspects of situation, but also the long-term implications of the BA-United link and how it could

affect BCal.
Although BA stresses that its deal with United has been in negotiation for some time, and is not something agreed hurriedly to try either to influence or frighten the BCal shareholders, clearly it could do both.

Many other airlines, British

many other airlines, British and foreign, are looking at the BA-United link with concern. Operating together those two airlines will represent by far the biggest and most powerful longhaul international marketing force in the world airline industry – sufficiently strong to offer formidable competition to every formidable competition to every other long-haul airline, but even more daunting to BCal even when strengthened by the SAS

In fact, there are many in the airline industry who believe that, if BA is thwarted in its bid to acquire BCal, the immediate escalation of competition that it and United could (and almost certainly would) mount against BCal and SAS could severely

BCal and SAS could severely damage the smaller group.

Although neither BA nor United are taking financial stakes in each other, the extent of the marketing links now envisaged over the long term, starting early next year, are such that a major new force in world civil aviation is being created civil aviation is being created -



Lord King, British Airways chairman.

in effect a "mega-carrier" albeit without direct financial links. Neither BA nor United directly compete with each other, so that their co-operation is certain to be beneficial to both.

BA will gain vastly increased access not only to the massive US internal market, but also to the Pacific basin area which is very much a United preserve, especially since the latter some time ago bought the Pacific routes of Pan American.

In turn, United will gain access to the profitable North Atlantic route, as well as extensive openings throughout Europe, Africa, the Middle East and the Far East, where the BA operations meet up again with United's Pacific routes.

Each airline will market the

Each airline will market the other's seats, especially through the big new Galileo computerised reservations system to which both BA and United already belong (with BA also separately planning to buy a financial stake in United's own Covia Apollo CRS system).

BA and United will share passenger terminals, operate joint

routes and share other facilities, and thus each will increase its influence not only in those areas of the world where it is currently dominant but also in those areas where currently it has only a limited presence or In effect, the largest globe-girdling airline in the world is on the verge of being created, with-

out any cash changing hands. But in the light of the United

pact, the question arises: why does BA still want to buy BCal? Will it not be big enough already, with more than enough on its hands to cope with? BA's answer is that while in

bh s answer is that while in the long term its deal with United may well be more valu-able in generating revenues and profits than any benefits from BCal, in the short term those homefits remain substantial benefits remain substantial, despite the fact that after any take-over a major restructuring of BCal will be necessary to bring it back to long-term profit-

By amalgamating the BCal operations with its own on those perations with its own on those European and long-haul routes where the two airlines currently compete, BA would ensure for itself a much bigger share of the market, thereby adding to its strength against foreign competition. especially in Western

surength against foreign competi-tion, especially in Western Europe, at a time of increasing air transport liberalisation. It would also achieve a sub-stantial number of "siots" (take-off and landing allocations) at Gatwick airport that it could never otherwise achieve and never otherwise achieve and would also recover some Middle Eastern routes passed over to BCai under the Government-inspired "route swap" of some time

ago. BA also adds that, with BCal included, the worldwide impact of the BA-United link would be even greater and far from dimin-ishing the UK's competitive air-line power in overseas markets, senger terminals, operate joint would significantly enhance it

Against that, BCal's own view is that by rejecting BA and opting for the SAS deal it would remain an independent force in the UK air transport industry which many other smaller air-which many other smaller air-lines, as well as many politicans, wish to see – while both itself and SAS would gain stronger footholds in markets where one or the other currently does not fly

fly.

Furthermore, it is argued that the BA-United agreement is not secured by financial links, and could be terminated or substantially changed by either of those airlines at any time it suited its convenience; the SAS stake in BCal would be permanent. These are powerful arguments, but BCal shareholders pondering the merits of the rival BA and SAS offers will want to look ahead and try to guage how any SAS investment in BCal could withstand the competitive onslaught that BA and United could mount. They will also be asking what a combined BCal and SAS intends to do in the light of the intends to do in the light of the new situation now created in long-haul airline markets.

FOOD INDUSTRY

The FT is proposing to publish this survey

Friday 22nd January 1988. For full details contact: MARK JONES on 01 248 8000 Ext 3365

PINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

progress that we are making with our plans. Our first priority is to seek always to provide first class products supported by first class service, backed by substantial reserves of minerals and other relevant assets and concentrated in the basic businesses we know well. We

believe that this is a strategy that ensures high performance in good years, and perhaps, more importantly, provides flexibility and strength under difficult In ECC International we have an industrial minerals group, mining, processing and marketing china clay (Kaolin) of which we are the world's largest producer, together with a range of other minerals which

A careful study of the ECC Group's worldwide performance and growth of profitability reveals the

wisdom of an investment in fundamental businesses

In the year to 30th September 1987, Group sales reached £762M, profits before tax climbed to £112M and earnings per share rose 23% to 34.88p, and the final

dividend is up 15% to 9.5p. The chart reflects the solid

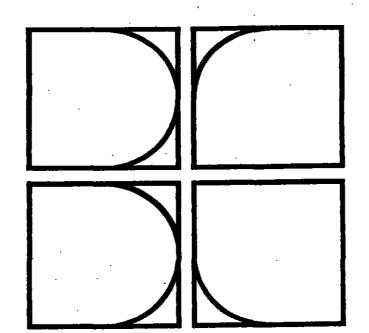
play a critical role in products used in every household in the land.

Today you see the results

International Drilling Fluids supplies drilling muds, production chemicals and technical engineering services to the oil industry throughout the world. ECC Quarries ranks amongst the top five aggregate producers in the UK, supplying a wide range of materials and blacktop to the road, construction, house building and contracting industries. ECC Construction is one of the top 20 UK housebuilders under its trading names of SNW and Bradley Homes.

For more information and a copy of our 1987 Annual Report, write to, telex or fax our Chairman, Sir Alan Dalton, English China Clays P.L.C., John Keay House, St. Austell, Comwall PL25 4DJ, UK. TELEX 455526 ECCSAUG FACSIMILE (0726) 623019

A worldwide success



BRITISH & COMMONWEALTH MERCHANT BANK LIMITED

(Formerly Cayzer Limited)

NEW NAME NEW CONCEPT NEW DIRECTION

2 ST MARY AXE LONDON EC3A 8BP TELEPHONE 01-623 8788 TELEX 884040 CABANK FAX 01-626 1085 Report and Accounts to 7th August 1987 now available.

Woolworth writ seeks damages

MR MALCOLM Parkinson, the also granted against the Evening to be able to preserve that confi-former Woolworth director who has now joined the board of Ben-has now joined the board of Benlox Holdings - a small investment dealing and civil engineering company whose demerger bid for retail giant Storehouse is in its final throes - is being sued for damages by his format for damages by his former

employers.

In a High Court writ issued yesterday, Woolworth is seeking damages against Mr Parkinson for breach of contract and/or breach of confidence. In addition, the high street retailer has been granted an injunction against Mr Parkinson, prevent-ing him from disclosing documents or confidential information obtained while working for Woolworth. An injunction was

Yesterday, Woolworth said that the injunctions concerned the use of highly confidential commercial information contained in board papers belonging to Woolworth Holdings and

During the summer, Woolworth Holdings was widely house in late-September.

Tumoured to be a possible suitor Mr Parkinson left Woolworth

ence Conran, chairman of Store-house, commented that it was not returning calls.

"well-known" that several retailThe Benlox offer is due to

for Storehouse, whose various in early November, and the reachains include BhS, Mothercare, Habitat and Richards Shops.
Woolworth itself has consistently refused to comment on the rumours.
Yesterday, however, Sir Terence Conran, chairman of Storehouse, commented that it was not returning calls.

related for matters that took place during the summer.

"Although the context is now historic," added Woolworth, "the information remains highly confidential and for that reason it is essential for Woolworth Holdings

"Well-KHOWN that several retailing the summer. The answer with day 60 of the bid being the in all cases was no, we were not, following Monday. Yesterday, Mr interested in being broken up," Peter Earl, another director, said that the company had no comfidential and for that reason it is essential for Woolworth Holdings

"Although the context is now in all cases was no, we were not, following Monday. Yesterday, Mr interested in being broken up," Peter Earl, another director, said that the company had no comfidential and for that reason it is go ahead with a bid that was ment to make "on things relating the summer."

"Although the context is now in all cases was no, we were not, following Monday. Yesterday, Mr interested in being broken up," Peter Earl, another director, said that the company had no comfidential and for that reason it is go ahead with a bid that was ment to make "on things relating the summer."

"Although the context is now in all cases was no, we were not, following Monday. Yesterday, Mr interested in being broken up," Peter Earl, another director, said that the company had no comfidential and for that reason it is

Morgan Crucible in £37m acquisition

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

Credit Lyonnais (London Branch)

Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V.

The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd

Banque Paribas (London)

Hambros Bank Limited

Hill Samuel & Co. Limited

Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited

Credit Lyonnais (London Branch)

Barclays Bank PLC

Banca Nazionale del Lavoro (London Branch)

Banque Nationale de Paris London Branch

Credit Commercial de France (London Branch)

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft London Branch

Hessische Landesbank-Girozentrale (London Branch)

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation

The Governor and Company of the Bank of Scotland

Midland Bank plc

Lloyds Bank Plc

Morgan Crucible, the industrial materials and electronics group, yesterday unveiled the 58.2m and 578.1m acquisition of the Insulating Products Group (IPG) from McDermott International, of the US, to be financed in part by a \$30m issue of convertible in the year to the end of March on a turnover of \$71.7m, compared to 58.2m and \$78.1m next year at 275p, compared to portfolio of US Government yesterday's closing price of 242p for Morgan Crucible shares, McDermott, which is based in Norgan Grenfell, advisors to Panama, lost \$285m before tax when it became anxious about a by a \$30m issue of convertible convertible from on a turnover of \$71.7m, compared to 58.2m and \$78.1m yesterday's closing price of 242p for Morgan Crucible shares, McDermott, which is based in Norgan Grenfell, advisors to Panama, lost \$285m before tax when it became anxious about a by a \$30m issue of convertible from on a turnover of \$71.7m, compared to 58.2m and \$78.1m yesterday's closing price of 242p for Morgan Crucible shares, McDermott, which is based in Morgan Grenfell, advisors to Worgan Crucible, said the shares will be convertible from on a turnover of \$71.7m, compared to 58.2m and \$78.1m yesterday's closing price of 242p for Morgan Crucible shares, McDermott, which is based in Morgan Crucible, said the shares will be convertible from on a turnover of \$71.7m, compared to 58.2m and \$78.1m yesterday's closing price of 242p for Morgan Crucible shares, McDermott, which is based in Morgan Crucible, said the shares will be convertible from on a turnover of \$71.7m, compared to 58.2m and \$78.1m yesterday's closing price of 242p for Morgan Crucible shares, McDermott, which is based in Morgan Crucible, said the shares will be convertible from on the store of 242p for Morgan Crucible shares, McDermott, which is based in Morgan Crucible, said the shares will be convertible portfolio of US Government yes the shares will be convertible from the shares of 242p for Morgan Crucible shares, McDermott, which is based in Morgan Crucible, said the shares wil of the US, to be financed in part by a \$30m issue of convertible

losses, manufactures and distrib-utes high temperature insulating bricks used in the petrochemical and other industries. Dr Bruce Farmer, Morgan Crucible manag-ing director, said the acquisition would fit with Morgan Crucible's ceramic fibre business in the UK and Europe and make it one of the leading companies in the the leading companies in the dividend of 7.5 per cent net, world in this field.

which is equivalent to a gross

tion costs at IPG by the introduction of new technology, and expects to increase the marketing of Morgan Crucible, said the shares through IPG's distribution system, as well as to increase exports of IPG products through Morgan Crucible.

Dr Farmer said that he now saw the US as a low-cost manufacturing base and planned to invest in new manufacturing facilities with an eye toward exports.

The measurement is used in New Orleans but incorporated in Panama, lost \$226m before tax when it became anxious about a rise in interest rates and sold off its \$1.3bn holding in long-term bonds at below-par prices in the summer. Bonds then rallied strongly after the stock-market crash in October.

The group, which bought Babover in new manufacturing facilities with an eye toward exports.

The measurement is used in New Orleans but incorporated in Panama, lost \$226m before tax when it became anxious about a rise in interest rates and sold off its \$1.3bn holding in long-term bonds at below-par prices in the summer. Bonds then rallied crash in October.

The group, which bought Babover in 1978, has depended on bond income and its capital gains for its reported profits since oil prices collarsed. by a \$30m issue of convertible expects to increase the marketing of Morgan Crucible products through IPG's distribution system, as well as to increase losses, manufactures and distribution of IPG products through

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

BRITISH & COMMONWEALTH

HOLDINGS PLC

£225,000,000

MULTI-OPTION FINANCING FACILITY

BRITISH & COMMONWEALTH MERCHANT BANK LIMITED (Formerly Cayzer Limited)

Managing Underwriters

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft London Branch The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation

International Westminster Bank PLC

Co-Managing Underwriters

TSB England & Wales plc

The Sumitomo Bank, Limited

Underwriters

Standard Chartered Bank

Tender Panel Members

Agent

BRITISH & COMMONWEALTH

MERCHANT BANK

Arranged and Managed by

facturing base and planned to invest in new manufacturing base and planned to applications in the usual profits since oil prices collapsed would attract an early converponts.

The preference shares carry a dividend of 7.5 per cent net, which is equivalent to a gross base been severely depressed by the recession in the US oil but lost \$46.Im on operations in post in the usual plantact an early converpont in 1986. The company has enjoyed income and gains on th

Viking slips to £957,000 | H.Barrett in £3.8m deal Viking Packaging, manufacturer of plastic packaging materials, as expected saw pre-tax profits fall in the year to September 30.

After tax of £333,000 for materials handlers and industrial fastening shares, 2.3m of which were congroup, is establishing an operating division for materials handling with the £3.825m acquisition and placed at 106p, subject to a one-for-6.28 offer to share the first would be lower than the directors proposed a final division in Park Pallet.

The acquisition is being funded by an issue to the ven-fixed part of the profits and industrial fastening shares, 2.3m of which were conditionally placed at 106p, subject to a one-for-6.28 offer to shares the profits would be lower than the directors proposed a final division is being funded by an issue to the ven-fixed part of the profits fell to services and industrial fastening shares, 2.3m of which were conditionally placed at 106p, subject to a one-for-6.28 offer to shares. The acquisition is being funded by an issue to the ven-fixed part of the profits fell to services and industrial fastening shares, 2.3m of which were conditionally placed at 106p, subject to a one-for-6.28 offer to shares. The acquisition is being funded by an issue to the ven-fixed part of the profits fell to services and industrial fastening shares, 2.3m of which were conditionally placed at 106p, subject to a one-for-6.28 offer to shares.

Barclays Bank PLC

The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd

National Westminster Bank PLC

J Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Ltd.

Kleinwort Benson Limited

Lloyds Merchant Bank Limited

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

N M Rothschild & Sons Limited

National Westminster Bank PLC

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

Samuel Montagu & Co. Ltd Standard Chartered Bank

The Sumitomo Bank, Limited

TSB England & Wales plc

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

County NatWest Limited

Lloyds Bank Plc

Midland Bank plc

International Westminster Bank PLC

The Governor and Company of the Bank of Scotland

Firmandale banned from **KIO** lifts its stake voting TR Tech stock in BP to over 15%

THE KUWAIT Investment

THE KUWAIT Investment Office yesterday declared that its stake in British Petroleum had passed the 15 per cent point at which stock market analysts had expected the huying to stop. It now has just under 896m shares, or 15.92 per cent of BP's equity. also prohibit the transfer of the shares involved. According to TR The KIO said it had nothing to add its earlier state-ments to the effect that it saw BP as a good long-term

The breach of the 15 per cent level means that the KIO is no longer allowed to accomplate more than a further 10 per cent of BP's equity on a rolling sevenday basis, and that purchases have to be declared within 24 hours. If the stake reaches 30 per cent, the KIO must bid.

Britoil at 406p on bid rumours

406p yesterday during active trading as the market waited for an announcement from the two rival suitors, British Petroleum and Atlantic Richfield of

HP said yesterday morning that its tender offer last week at 300p for 15% of the shares had falled to attract 5.1m shares, so that the tender offer had lapsed.

After Atlantic Richfield offered to buy up to 29.9 per cent of the company at 350p on Friday, BP said it would buy Britoil shares for more than that figure when its tender offer expired.

ers to consider turning the fund into a split level investment trust also prohibit the transfer of the shares involved. According to TR Technology, the order was applied for because both it and its advisers were dissatisfied with the response received from its investigation of the interests in those shares under section 212 of the Companies Act. However, TRT and its advisers, I how are going to have discussions, we have got to know who seems to the TRT share register, two and a half months of inquiries whave elicited that there are four ordinary shares in Firmandale seems.

TR Technology, a \$300m holding in TR Technology in ear-investment trust and part of the ly-October. Initially, its advisers - ries of Firmandale Trust are 11-strong Touche Remnant sta-ble vesterday ways a High Court - and had dis-trust are Francis James Truscott Mullens investment trust and part of the 11-strong Touche Remnant stable, yesterday won a High Court order, barring its 27 per cent shareholder, Jersey-based Firmandale Investments, from voting its stake.

The order imposes the restrictions set out in part XV of the 1985 Companies Act. Apart from the ban on voting rights, these also prohibit the transfer of the into a split level investment trust in the same and same and same are trusted and same are trusted in Jersey, acting as trustee for a discretionary meeting at which it planned to ask TRT shareholders.

In addition, Firmandale are ries of Firmandale Trust are francis James Truscit Mullens francis James Robert Hinchcliffe to the prefence share belongs to plan a discretion francis James Truscit Mullens francis James Robert Hinchcliffe francis James Truscit Mullens francis James Truscit Mullens francis James Robert Hinchcliffe francis James Robert Hinchcliffe francis James Truscit Mullens francis James Robert Hinchcliffe francis James Truscit Mullens francis James Robert Hinchcliffe francis James Robert Hinchcliffe francis James Truscit Mullens francis James Robert Hinchcliffe francis James Robert Hinchcliffe francis James Robert Hinchcliffe francis James Robert Hinchcliffe francis James Robert Hinchc

"In addition, Firmandale has disclosed the names of nine banks financing Firmandale: they comprise Union Bank of Switzerland, Swiss Bank Corporate (Singapore) ration, Credit Suisse (Singapore branch), Commerzbank (South East Asia), Swiss Canton Bank International, West Deutsche Landesbank, Bank Leu, Handelsbank NW, and Bank in Leichten-

Not on the list is JHI Finance, which was named earlier by Ber-keley Govett as part of the con-sortium financing Firmandae. Mr Arthur Truegar, chairman of Berkeley Govett, "and hope to get the order removed".

Firmandale first disclosed a company shares in Firmandale in Firmandale first disclosed a company shares in Firmandale in Firmandale in Firmandale first disclosed a company shares in Firmandale first disclosed a company s Mic

#Eve (

Electra Investment progress

which has a particularly high proportion of its investments in unlisted securities, yesterday announced a 62 per cent increase in fully diluted net asset value per share in the 18 months to September -but also reported a near 26 per cent drop in the wake of the stock market crash. Attributable profits totalled \$11.48m in the 18 month period from April 1 1986 to September 30 - an extended period covering a change in Electra's accounting reference date. That was an unlisted securities, yesterday reference date. That was an increase of 11.87 per cent on an annualised basis and compared to \$8.84m in the year to March

cent. This compared with an increase in the FT-All Share index of 49.16 per cent over the 18 months. Adjusted for full dilution, it represented net asset value per share of 306.52p, compared to 189.32p 18 months earlier.

Electra said it had also taken the state of many companies' shares after flotation.

Electra said it had also taken an exceptional second, unaudited valuation of the portfolio at November 23, after the market crash. This showed fully diluted in at November 23, after the market by value of quoted investments crash. This showed fully diluted in the portfolio had risen to net asset value per schare of about 60 per cent and it had 226.95p, down 25.96 per cent started to redress this by reducsince September 30. Over the same period the FT-All Share fell market broke, it had sold over \$1.37 per cent.

Mr Michael Stoddart, the chair-

By late summer the proportion

The final dividend is 2.3p

Not assets attributable at Sep.

Man, said the results were partictember 30 totalled £498.26m, ularly satisfactory, given that
compared to £293.05m on March
31, 1986, an increase of 70 per and the associated conservative

Mr Michael Stoddart, the chair
making a total of 6.7p for the 18
month period, equivalent on an
investing in unlisted securities
annualised basis to 4.47p a share,
an increase of 9 per net.

Hatfield Estates placing price cut by share fall

THE EFFECT of October's stock the crash market crash on new issues is Guidehouse Securities is placillustrated by flotation of **Hat**ing 750,000 ordinary Hatfield

Market.

Hatfield is joining the USM at historic p/e of 6.5.

la placing price of 100p compared with the 140p which the com-

field Estates, a construction shares giving the group a market and property development company, on the Unlisted Securities last year's pre-tax profits of Market.

before October 19. Black Monday. The group is also placing Royal Veterinary College and a
just 10 per cent of the equity, the retail warehouse in Welwyn Garminimum permissible on the den city. Around 70 per cent of
USM, whereas it had planned to its building work is done for
issue a higher percentage before third parties.

WCRS expansion

WCES Group, the UK com-munications group, is expanding its direct marketing activities with the acquisition of Cohn and Wells, a San Fransisco-based company specialising in direct response marketing.

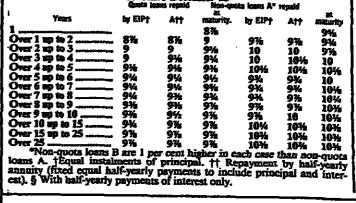
The maximum total consider-

ation for the acquisition is:
\$14.8m (\$8.2m) tied to performance over the next four years.
In the year to December 1986,
pre-tax profits were \$1.15m

Emess sells MDC

Emess has sold its MDC International division for \$1.8m to its management team led by Mr Paul McCarthy. MDC produces laminated lampshade materials from its plant at Acton and had pre-tax profits of \$230,000 on sales of \$2.6m in 1986. Consideration has been satisfied by the issue to Emess of \$1.5m 7.3 per cent cumulative preference shares 1989-93 with the balance in cash at completion.

Public Works Loan Board rates



Fisons \$4m US buy

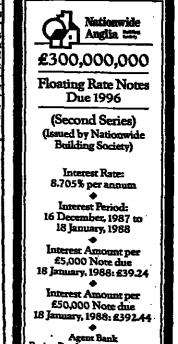
Fisons has acquired Markson

Science, an Arizona-based mail order distributor of laboratory scientific equipment and supplies for \$4m (\$2.19m).

Markson, the second largest mail order laboratory supplies company in the US with annual sales approaching \$5m, will join the Houston-based Curtin Maiheans Scientific part of Frence P son Scientific, part of Fisons Scientific Equipment division.

Moorgate Inv. un

Moorgate Investment Trust had a net asset value of 187.9p per share at November 30 1987. An interim dividend of 1.9p (1.67p) was declared. A final of not less than 4.3p was foreshad-



This advertisement is issued in compliance with the Regulations of the Council of The Stock Exchange. It does not constitute an invitation to the public to subscribe for or purchase any Securities of the Comapny.

Thermal Scientific plc

(incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Acts 1948 to 1981, Registered Number 1734380)

Introduction to The Official List

SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised £10,900,000

Ordinary shares of 25p each

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the whole of the issued Ordinary Share Capital of Thermal Scientific pic, now dealt in the Unlisted Securities Market, to be admitted to the Official List. It is expected that dealings will commence on 17 December 1987.

Listing Particulars relating to Thermal Scientific pic are available in the Extel Statistical Services and copies of such particulars may be obtained during normal business hours up to and including 21 December 1987 from the Company Announcements Office, The Stock Exchange, London EC2P ZBT and up to and including 21 December 1987 from Thermal Scientific pic, Bamford, Sheffield SS6 2AU and from:

County Natwest Ltd Drapers Gardens 12 Thregmerton Avenu LONDON EC2P 2ES

Shearson Lehman Brothers One Broadgate LONDON EC2M 7HA

17 December 1987

Issued and fully paid \$8,126,540

The Six

UK COMPANY NEWS

Borthwicks slides into the red

The losses for the year to Sep-tember 1987 compared with ana-lysts' expectations nine months ago, when confidence in the company was high, of profits in excess of \$4m. In August, how-ever, Borthwicks warned share-holders to expect little or no

Mr Robertson said yesterday that results for the half year would not be good but the indications for the year as a whole are somewhat better.

Losses per share were 4.4p, against earnings of 1.5p, and there will be no final dividend. Borthwicks will in future con-

exposed to fluctuations of weather, trade and currency, and is also under review.

Last year's results reflected problems in international commodity trading as well as man-agement difficulties and tough markets for the UK meat division. A special low-fat meat product, codenamed Mango, was also taking longer to develop than expected.

Mr Robertson said marketing for Mango had outrun manufac-turing capabilities. The product was, however, still capable of producing good profits and a

number of banks.

comment

Horrific though these results were, the market was prepared for them and it preferred to look forward yesterday rather than reflect on history. Comfort came from the company's strong hints that it intends to pull back from Australia and get out of slaugh-

Borthwicks, food manufacturer and international trader, yesterday reported annual sealts which Mr Lewis Robertson, chairman, described as unacceptable Pre-tax losses were \$2.1 m, against a profit in 1986 of \$1.17 m.

The losses for the year to September 1987 compared with analysts' expectations nine months

ing-up.

Debt fell to \$15m by the yearago of \$25m. The company has
resumed normal banking relationships with a much reduced is not inspiring. Assuming the is not inspiring. Assuming the company can achieve pre-tax profits of about \$1.5m this year and that is by no means assured the shares, at 38p, down Ip, are trading on a p/e of about 13. With net assets at about 40p and the worst presumably over they are unlikely to fall much further.

Midsummer surges past £2m mark

growing developer and operator of public houses, discotheques and snooker clubs, yesterday reported pre-tax profits more than doubled from \$1.08m to \$2.23m in the year to Sentember of the same profits and snooker clubs, yesterday tax of \$260,000 (\$12,000) earnings per 25p share grew from \$1.31p to 17.3p. The final divi-\$2.33m in the year to September 30, 1987.

Strong growth was being maintained in the current year, new acquisitions had already been made and the process of development had continued.

Midsummer said its newly expanded management team was eagerly anticipating the challenges that lay ahead and the company was confident that 1988 would be another record

ing lost \$40m on Boddington's shares, it still sees plenty of 'subs from £7.65m to £17.52m. After tax of £260,000 (£12,000) earnings per 25p share grew from 13.1p to 17.3p. The final dividend is 2.5p making a 4p total.

In October, the company withdere between Boddington in the face of opposition from two of the brewer's largest shareholders. The two, Whitbread Investment Trust and Britannic Assurance, with the board controlled about 34 per cent of the votes in Boddington.

Midsummer's 2.1 per cent of the votes in stake in Boddington was subsetings of £260,000 (£12,000) earnings per 25p share grew from the final dividence in the previous management. Have stantial opportunities in regional brewing, However, the company is less forthcoming on how much growth is due to acquisitions makes it harder to judge its ability to produce long-term growth have caught up with it. Operations of the brewer's largest shareholders. The two, Whitbread Investment Trust and Britannic Assurance, with the board controlled about 34 per cent of the votes in Boddington was subseting the company is less forthcoming on how much growth is due to acquisitions makes it harder to judge its ability to produce long-term growth have caught up with it. Operations makes it harder to judge its ability to produce long-term growth increase in tax, albeit from almost nothing. Midsummer is a fallen share price which still lave worn off. And the company increase in tax, albeit from almost nothing. Midsummer is a fallen share price which still lave worn off. And the company increase in tax, albeit from almost nothing. Midsummer is a fallen share price which still lave worn off. And the company increase in tax, albeit from almost nothing. Midsummer is a fallen share price which still lave worn off. And the company seems to produce long-term growth in two tiresome factors seem to two tiresome stantial opportunities in regional

ERF makes sharp recovery

ings per 25p ordinary were 19.4p (0.2p). On a notional 35 per cent per cent on South African profits, the EPS would be 12.7p. The major part of the convertible

A SUBSTANTIAL increase in UK loan stock has now been contruck business with vehicle registrations up by 55 per cent compared with the same period last year was reflected in a substanding which is to be redeemed at the earliest ness again produced acceptable opportunity on March 31, 1988.

Mr Peter Foden, chairman, says UK vehicle orders have remained buoyant during the satisfactions from £35.16m to £52.06m.

After tax of £71,000 (nil) earnings per 250 confident that the higher level of sales will be continued for the same period to ordinary leaving only. Elsewhere export markets continue to be difficult, especially in the Middle East. The plastic business again produced acceptable opportunity on March 31, 1988.

In view of this high level of activity, the board expects the final year results to be satisfactory. Having settled the arrears of negative produced acceptable opportunity on March 31, 1988.

In view of this high level of activity, the board expects the final year results to be satisfactory. Having settled the arrears of negative profits in a very competitive profits in a very competitive market.

sales will be continued for the remainder of the year. Customer acceptance of the E series range pany resumes payments on the pany resumes payments on the preference and ordinary capital. There is an interim dividend of

has been very encouraging and with a healthy order book, current production is at record levels. 2p; the last payment was made on August 11, 1982.

Marginal rise at Eve Const.

2778 EEE .

್ಷ ನಡ

V-2.27

e jarti

, s $x\sim_{\rm co} 2^{m}$

أجأ

by 33 per cent to £19.52m; and Mr Roger Ames, chairman, said that the lower ratio of profit to turnover was attributable to changes in the type of work completed. The profit ratio for the full year was not expected to alter significantly, he added.

An unchanged interim dividend of 1.5p is being paid from earnings of 10.3p (10p) per share.

share. The second half has start well with a number of new contracts totalling 55m awarded to the group. The Trakway temporary portable road system was now being marketed in France, while Eve had also won the contract to replace the artificial playing sur-face at Queens Park Rangers' Loftus Road ground with its Cell-

system natural turf pitch.

Chemring rises 26% and order prospects good

contractor and civil engineer which joined the USM in September 1986, revealed a marginal increase in pre-tax profits to tradar chaff and which takes in \$1.38m (\$1.14m), and minority debits of \$21,000 (\$11,000), earnings per share came out at 62p (54p) on a mil distribution basis and at 51.6p (51.1p) on a fully diluted basis. operation, increased taxable (51.1p) on a fully diluted basis, profits by 26 per cent to \$3.85m. The linal dividend is set at 12p in the year to end-September. making 18.6p (16.5p) for the

During the year, Chemring was awarded a substantial and ongoing contract against British the supply of Sea Gnat Chaff ammunition to the Royal Navy.

Caffyns advances 55%

Caffyns, the Sussex-based motor distributor, increased taxable profits by 55 per cent to \$1.15m in the six months to

end-September.

The outcome was scored on turnover up from \$54.43m to \$58.95m, and took into account operating charges of \$6.26m (\$5.95m), a reduced interest

charge of \$471,000 (\$626,000), and an exceptional profit of \$201,000 (\$208,000) from the dis-posal of properties after deduct-ing rationalisation costs. After tax of \$67,000 (\$61,000), earnings per 50p share rose 64 per cent to 32.1p (19.6p). The interim dividend is raised to 4.2p against 3.2p last time.

with a forecast of not less than \$725,000. After tax of \$250,000 (\$226,000) earnings per share fell from 14.2p to 12.4p. The directors proposed a final divi-

Northamber up sharply to £1.86m

Northamber, a supplier of computer printers and peripher-als, doubled turnover to \$24.88m in the half year to October 31 and pre-tax profits increased substantially from \$1.01m to

Earnings per 5p ordinary go up from an adjusted 4.2p to 7.8p after tax of £652,000 (£340,000).

The directors said the second half had started extremely well and in keeping with the policy of organic diversification the com-

pany continued aggressively to seek further opportunities to expand markets.

They said cash flow remained comfortable, though Northamber would have extra commitments if full advantage was to be taken of the new distribution opportunities.

Tops Estates profits more than doubled

Tops Estates, property investment, more than doubled its tax-able profits from £121,000 to £302,000 in the six months to

The directors said that rental income from the freehold shop portfolio continued to show satisfactory increases arising from

isfactory increases arising from re-lettings and rent reviews.

Tax charges accounted for \$72,000 (nil) and earnings per share rose from an adjusted figure of 0.382p to 0.719p.

In March, the company received \$8.05m from an issue of \$976,097 7½ per cent convertible unsecured loan stock 2014 and bank loans were repaid. Some \$4.3m was held on short-term deposit.

dend of 2.25p, making 3.75p for

the year.
The directors said that the cur-

rent year had started well and

the company's forward order position for forgings was at a record level. Craftsman tool sales continued to expand and the

mining equipment subsidiary was now making a positive con-

tribution.
In November, Thornton

acquired the Computer Services Company and Greenwood Taylor Clark Systems and these were both currently performing in line with expectations.

Thornton rises over 12%

G.W. Thornton Holdings, manufacturer and marketer of SPONSORED SECURITIES high-precision forgings for the aerospace and medical indus-Yield % P/E tries, lifted taxable profits by over 12 per cent in the 53 weeks to October 3, its first year end results since joining the USM in March. 7.2 On turnover down from \$8.62m to \$8.5m, profits jumped from \$651,000 to \$732,000 in line

8.9 10.0 2.1 2.7 4.7 11.5 15.7 5.4 10.7 3.7 3.7 8.8 1.7 26.7 3.4 11.2 4.4 6.6 12.1 4.1 11.3 10.7 2.6 3.7 140 259mi 130 130 100ml 3.4 3.7 10.2 0.1 14.1 13.1 3.7 10.1 12.3 11.5 50 Scruttotis
67 Terday & Cardate
10 Terday & Cardate
11 Unificot Holdings (ISE)
115 Water Alexander (SE)
100 W.S Yestes
17 Water Mark Hom (USM)

Securities designated (SE) and (USAO are dealt in subject to the rules and regulations of The Stock Enclarge, Other securities listed above are dealt in subject to the rules of FIMBRA

Granville & Company Limited 8 Lovat Lane, London EC3R 8BP Telephone 01-521 1212 Member of FIMBRA

Granville Davies Coleman Limited 8 Lovet Lane, London EC3R 8BP Telephone 01-621 1212 Member of the Stock Exchange

The Sixth

Plaisterers Hall., City of London 11, 12 & 15 February,



London SWIY 4UJ

Fax: 01-925 2125

Alternatively, telephone 01-925 2323

telex 27347 FTCONFG

At the year-end review of the FT-Actuaries share indices, it was decided to delete the following companies: Lec Refrigeration Midsummer Leisure (29), Wace (04), Systems Reliability (05); Group (32), Alexandra Workfolkes Group (06), MS intni.(06), Ricardo Cons. Engineers '5), Whessoe (06), Edbro Froudfoot soon) (41), Reed Executive (41), Tibbett and Britten Electronic Rentals (29), Morceau (45), Astra Hidgs. (48), J. S. Hidgs. (42), Jacobs (John 1.) (45), Pathology (43), Pittard Garner (48), Thomson T-Line (48), Asda Property (69), Dares Estates (69), Greinger Trust (69) and Baltic (70).

There will be no reclassifica-

The following companies will tions.

BOARD MEETINGS

FT-ACTUARIES YEAR-END CHANGES

The following companies have notified dates of beard meetings to the Stock Exchange. Such acceptance are usually held for the cuspose of considering dividends. Clificial indications are not available as to whether the dividends are interime or finals and the gall-diseases shown below are based memby on last year's translations. TODAY

This approuncement appears as a matter of record only



STC PLC

U.S.\$150,000,000 Eurocommercial Paper Programme

£100,000,000 Sterling Commercial Paper Programme

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

U.S.Dollar Dealers

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Sterling Dealers

Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited County NatWest Limited Midland Montagu Commercial Paper

THE HAMMERSON PROPERTY INVESTMENT AND DEVELOPMENT **CORPORATION** plc

£100,000,000

REVOLVING STANDBY CREDIT FACILITY

(To underwrite sterling commercial paper programme)

Arranged by

BARCLAYS de ZOETE WEDD LIMITED

Lead Managers

Bank of America NT & SA **Barclays Bank PLC** The Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Ltd. The Fuji Bank, Limited The Sanwa Bank, Limited

Bank of Scotland

Credit Lyonnais (London Branch) Dresdner Bank

Aktiengesellschaft (London Branch) The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited

Managers

Bayerische Vereinsbank AG Daiwa Europe Finance PLC

CIC-Union Européenne International et Cie (London Branch) The Sumitomo Bank, Limited



Floating Rate Notes 1996

Interest Rate: 8.875% Interest Period: 16 December, 1987 to 16 March, 1988

Interest Amount per £10,000 Note due 16 March, 1988 £220.66 Interest Amount per £100,000 Note due 16 March, 1988

£2206.63 Agent Bank Baring Brothers & Co., Limited

CONSOLIDATED MURCHISON LIMITED Reg. No.05/05478/06 Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

Interim dividends No 80 and No 1 of 30 cents per share have been declared payable to holders of ordinary and "S" ordinary shares respectively, registered in the books of the Company at the close of business on 8 January 1988. The dividends have been declared in the currency of the Republic of South Africa and payments from London will be made in United Kingdom currency. The date for determining the rate of exchange at which the currency of the Republic will be converted into United Kingdom currency will be 18 January 1988 or such other date as set out in the conditions subject to which the dividends are paid. These conditions can be inspected at the registered office or office of the London Secretaries of the Company. Warrants in payment of the dividends will be posted on or about 12 February 1988. The transfer books and registers of members of the Company in Johannesburg and London will be closed from 9 January 1988 to 15 January 1988, both days inclusive.

Declaration of Interim Dividends

By Order of the Sourci Anglovaal Limited Secretaries per: E J Thomas Registered Office Anglovael House 56 Main Street 2001 Johannesburg

Anglo-Transvaal Trustees Limited 295 Regent Street London W1R 8ST

NZ board may widen wool price support

THE NEW Zealand Wool Board is considering buying New Zeal-and-type wools grown in other countries in order to promote price stability, reports Beuter from Wellington.

Mr Pat Morrison, the board's chairman, said that offshore purchases would become part of the board's stocks and be freely available to the international

All transactions would be All transactions would be through export houses in the overseas countries, he explained. Purchases would be on a selective basis targetted on particular types, with the board likely to hold only small stocks offshore at any one time.

Mr Morrison said small quantities of comparable wools from other countries sometimes depressed prices to New Zealand

"The problem can be com-pounded in some countries where grower organisations like the board do not exist to stabilise the market," he said.

"The recent suggestion that wool from South America may be sold at New Zealand auctions in an attempt to lift South Amer-ican prices closer to New Zealand prices, highlights the current problems in the international wooi market."

EC Ministers thrash out compromise fish deal

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY Fisheries Ministers vesterday ended a bruising all-night negotiating session with a breakfast time agreement on new catch limits

The accord came after a carefully worded compromise by the Danish presidency and the Euro-pean Commission had removed a number of major hurdles, including the problem of migrating mackerel in the North Sea and access to the Spitzbergen fishery off the coast of Norway.

The final deal on so-called Total Allowable Catches and quotas for a wide range of spe-cies nevertheless left a sour taste in the mouth of some member states, and underlined the grow ing pressures on the Communi-ty's fishing fleet since the introduction of the Common Fisheries Policy in 1983.

This set up the system of TACs and quotas, designed to prevent over-fishing and conserve threatened species, but increasingly unpopular with some Commuhity fishermen who interpret the imitations it imposes as a chalenge to their livelihood.

It was not altogether clear which member states voted which member states voted against yesterday's package — carried by a qualified majority — but Spain and Portugal, which between them account for half the EC's fishing capacity, and to a lesser extent France, were clearly dissatisfied with the

The outcome of the EC fishing talks was described yes-terday as "very satisfactory for the UK" by Mr John MacGregor, the UK Fish-eries Minister, writes Our Commodities Staff. The British fishing industry should be highly satisfied with the outcome of the tough nego-tiations, he said.

UK fishermen could look forward to increases in the total allowable catches on 26 fish stocks, as well as higher guide prices for white fish and greater pro-tection for the nation's fishing stocks in the New Year.

There is a gradual tightening mesh size of the screw, which is obviously proving uncomfortable for some member states," he said last exchanges,

night.
In the end, several key conces-

while the EC share of the key Western mackerel TAC, which had been the subject of lively dispute, was reinstated to 372,000 tonnes (the same as this year's level).

The problem of mackerel mig

rating to the East of the so-called four degrees West line running to the north of Scotland - mak-ing pursuit by Scottish fishermen illegal - was sorted out by a council declaration inviting the commission to examine possible solutions to such problems by March 31 next year, and an undertaking that the Council will consider any solution that may be proposed by the Commission by May 31 1988."

The Commission meanwhile

The Commission, meanwhile, was forced to climb down after explained, the mood was not improved by the terms of some of the fishing agreements negotiated with non-EC countries, which were also approved yes of 120 mm in the first and last terday.

"There is a gradual tightening mesh size of 100 mm will now be

> Some of the most bitter exchanges, however, were those devoted to the Community's share of cod in the Spitzbe share of cod in the Spitzbergen fishery (a matter of particular interest to Spain and France).

Canadian farmers to get £1.2bn aid

CANADIAN farmers mainly western grain producers will get almost C34bn in direct cash paynents from the Federal Govern ment this year representing 22 per cent of total cash revenues as up from C\$2.9bn (£1.2bn) in 1986.

The subsidies, plus provincial aid programmes, will keep the western grain economy afloat in the worst conditions since the Great Depression. Canadian dol-lar prices are down about half from the 1980-1981 peaks

Department of Agriculture officials say about 35 per cent of the average farmers' income goes to debt service and at least ten per cent of western grain farmers are are in periods fireworked diffi-

.The livestock industry has recovered, however, and is doing well.

Farm problems in the east are less serious because of a prosper-ous dairy products industry and more diversification of crops

It was not altogether clear which member states voted against yesterday's package — mise, which at least partially interest to Spain and France).

The Commission's consent to begin a recovery, from the present to Spain and Portugal, which between them account for half between the maccount for half between the maccount for half between them account for half between the maccount for half between them account for half between them account for half between the maccount for half between them account for half betwee

US forced to cut sugar import quotas by 25%

MR RICHARD Lyng, the US Agriculture Secretary, said it was "difficult and painful" but, forced by law, he has slashed US sugar import quotas by 25 per cent to 750,000 short tons.

The secretary has consistently backed legislation to reduce US sugar price supports and depress US production to make way for imports. The quotas will lighten still further the economic noose around the necks of many poor developing nations. World mar-ket prices were virtually unaffected by the quots cut.

fected by the quota cut.

Traders, who had expected a 700,000 to 800,000 ton quota, were focusing instead on potential new sales to China, the Soviet Union, India, Indonesia, and Venezuela stemming from poor crops in Cuba and the Soviet Union, according to Miss Judy Weissman, an analyst with Shearson-Lehman.

Brazil, she said, is rolling forward some deliveries scheduled in mid-1988 to meet the demand and Thailand is expected to ship

and Thailand is expected to ship 300,000 tons. Under the new lim-

last four years, was cut from almost 144,000 tons last year to WORLD SUGAR consump 110,600 tons. tion looks increasingly likely to outstrip produc-tion substantially for the 1987/88 season, according to the latest Gill & Duffus

The quota cuts are required by a 1985 law, which ordered the USDA to run the US sugar price support programme at no cost to the Government. As long as US Sugar Market Report, writes Our Commodities Staff. producers continue to increase production – which is expanding rapidly – and demand shifts to The London trader has raised its estimate for maize sweeteners, then imports world production this season by 400,000 tonnes to a total of 102.4m tonnes raw

So far, they have declined from about 5m tons in the late 1970s to only 1m this year. The sugar producing nations may get sugar producing nations may get some relief, however. A congressional conference committee yesterday was scheduled to vote on a measure which would give the Caribbean nations and the Philippines the right to ship an extra 400,000 tons to be refined and

The USDA would have to pay the easts of subsidising the re-exported sugar, bought at the high
internal US price but sold at the
world price. Thus, the administration is fighting the scheme,
which it says is a short-term palliative.

India delays cotton futures INDIA WILL not restart cotton futures trading in view of the bales, unchanged from the previ-

123,200 tons for 1988.

INDIA WILL not restart cotton futures trading for the time comfortable level of stocks made being because of fears of price rises due to hoarding following a severe drought and delays in getting the crop to market, traders ting the crop to market, traders supply situation meant the Government now feared futures that rece

recently prevented a resumption of trading.

In the last few months EICA has set up facilities for resuming cotton futures trading but may have to wait till the next sesson, depending upon the crop situa-tion," said Mr D. Damle EICA, an association advisor.

demanding the resumption of cotton futures trading for the last few years during which cot-ton output has risen and the

The association has been

total of 102.4m tonnes raw value from an earlier forecast of 102m tonnes. But its forecast for consumption has been raised by \$90,000 tonnes to 104.9m tonnes.

Gill & Duffus estimates that the 2.5m tonnes gap between production and consumption will leave end of season stocks at 34.6m tonnes – about 33 per cent of expected consumption.

Republic dropped from more than 160,000 tons in 1987 to

The quota for the Philippines,

The East India Cotton Associa-tion said the Government rises due to hoarding by specula-

While futures trading would help genuine users book their stocks in advance with sellers, he said there was no fullproof sys-tem to prevent hoarders from

cotton harvest and arrivals in back-up of imports, cotton prices the market, leading to short supply and a sudden rise in prices. said Mr Satish Modi, the rederaply and a sudden rise in prices. said Mr Satish mon, we the farmers were also holding back tion president said.

Prices have risen 50 per cent with the popular

ous year.

The board puts current season supply at 11.5m bales, including a carryover of 2m bales from last a carryover of 2m to the state and a season, against a demand of 10.05m bales, leaving a balance of 1.45m to be carried over.

But the Indian Cotton Milis' Federation puts the 1987/88 crop at only 9m bales and has asked for immediate imports of

355# 136

23 570

THE PLAN

THEY EAT

MENCY MOV

EN CURREN

BEY MAF

Even the CAB estimated balance of 1.45 mln bales is far below the three months stocks, of two mln bales, that mills are compelled to maintain, it said. Mr Damle said unseasonal The situation on the cotton rains last month had delayed the front is critical. Without the

ton output has risen and the Government has released large quantities for export.

Last January the Government conceded the association's demand for resumption of the conceded the association of the conceded the conceded the conceded the association of the conceded the conced

Indonesia's coal plan behind schedule

THIS WAS to have been the year in which Indonesia became a net exporter of coal. That the target date has now been officially revised is a reflection of the uncertainty of world markets and the confusion in Indonesia's own domestic coal policy.

Some five years after signing contract of work agreements not one of the eight foreign mining companies has yet started comfort of the country's mercial production. Indeed an main source of electric power Indonesian joint venture with generation, accounting for 67 per two US companies, Atlantic cent of production as at March

high.

Meanwhile PLN continues to ation of 5,635 mw. Meanwhile PLN continues to ation of 5,635 mw.

tender for overseas coal principally from Australia, to run its cation strategy, some foreign in West Java, which supplies be excluded. There is no committee and the supplies be excluded. There is no commitment in the long term to Kalmantan can be awesome.

Africa it is said to be a wesome.

Africa it is said to be a wesome.

That shipments have been sold to major utilities in The Nether-involved developing prospects in Kalmantan can be awesome. Jakarta. The state-run Bukit mitment in the long term to Kal-Kalimantan can be awesome.

Asam mine in South Sumatra – imantan (the main area of for-Many contract blocks are located a \$1.12bn investment, 60 per eign interest). To develop such far from the coast where there is cent funded by the World Bank, low quality deposits we have to which was to have fully supplied have guaranteed base load business in Indonesia, comments freight and the use of logging problems. Its jetty points the one contractor. Some are looking roads is ruled out. strong cough to carry the load cement industry, while others low eastern seaboard of Kalising

Dr Soetaryo Sigit, the director general of mines at the Ministry of Energy, insists that the Gov-ernment's plan is unchanged. errament's plan is unchanged.
"As far as domestic consumption is concerned our coal policy remains," he says, insisting that Indonesia will be fully self-sufficient by 1993.

In today's model to cover coal production and profits.

In today's model to cover coal one independent coal.

According to one independent

Indonesian journation of two US companies, Atlantic cent or processed two US companies, Atlantic cent or processed to Usah International, recently had a trial coal tively estimated at around 25 ming. The state-run electricity utility, combined oil and gas reserves. While Indonesia may enjoy the state-run electricity utility, combined oil and gas reserves. Cheap labour it lacks skills. If it yet coal currently makes up only takes 700 men to work a mine in Australia, and 1,000 in South Africa it is said to take around

hope to tie up business with PLN.

the oil business, coal contractors charges for such small shipments are now gently lobbying for an improvement in the terms of the

panies currently have to pay a venture with CRA 13.5 per cent royalty to the Government. According to one ture called Kideco.

The BP-CRA 1

Meanwhile, like companies in to load the export coal. Freight work out at about \$5 per tonne.

ient by 1993.

In today's world coal market estimate, there are just two sites many consider the terms onerous which stand some chance of sucliversify energy supply away and one-sided. For example comwhich stand some chance of suc-cess - British Petroleum's joint venture with CRA of Australia and a South Korean joint ven-

The BP-CRA prospect for example is sited about 20 km from the shore, where deep water allows larger tomnage ves-sels with greater draught to take on the coal. The coal itself is said to be high calorific quality, with

next year. Cargoes hav also been sent to Japan and South Korea.
According to officials in Jak-

East buyers.

installing a nuclear power plant,
More optimistically some anausing natural uranium from Kaimantan prevents vessels of more distribution mantan distribution dist

traded steam coal may be improving. Trade in steam coal is currently put at about 140m tons a year, which represents between 5 per cent and 10 per cent of total world production. For metallurgical coals, as used in steel manufacture, over 60 per cent of the 220m ton is actually traded. The result is that steam coal prices tend to be more vola tile, and linked to supply demand factors rather than cost

Firmer prices may encourage the foreign investor and should spur the Government to its self sufficiency goal.

Longer term prospects for Indonesian coal remain unclear, however. The Government has cently decided to switch 2 of the 10 units of the proposed Pai-ton 400 mw power station in East Java from coal to gas. And power project, also in Java. Official vacillation is in many

According to officials in Jakarts, 2m tons of the mine's proposed 6m ton annual output, is destined for customers in Europe and gas, to coal, hydro and geother the balance going to Far East buyers. August.

US MARKETS

Energy futures opened firmer i

quickly came under pressure on

energy futures fell. However, tracie

buying was noted around the lows.

nt trade, local and specu

Unleaded gasoline options approved

three years, said its Board was due to meet next month to fix a start-up date for the options. The contract launch is expected to coincide with the major driving season that runs from May to

The new contract's specifications parallel those of the futures

THE NEW York Mercantile lons or 1,000 barrels per conExchange (Nymex) is set to tract.

Iaunch an unleaded gasoline options contract after receiving regulatory approval last week.

Nymex, which has been tradNymex, which has been tradThe wake of its successes with the wake exchange reports strong interest from the trading community in the new contract. The addition of the options offers interesting crack spreads for traders already trading on the relationship between futures in crude, heating oil and gasoline.

Meanwhile, Nymex expects to gas futures trans submit its delayed natural gas as spot deliveries.

development for several years, had been held up by the difficul-ties of providing a means of delivering natural gas. Last week, however, four pipe lines in Texas applied to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for approval to set up interchange service near Katy in Texas. The Katy Interchange Service will facilitate delivery resulting from Nymex's natural

LONDON MARKETS ALUMINIUM PRICES continued to rise on the London Metal Exchange, underpinned by news that Spain's biggest aluminium plant had closed down because of a strike. Manageme at the state-owned Alumina-Aluminio plant has said it could take six months to restore normal production. Continued mand for cash metal rai backwardstion, or premium for cash metal over three-month metal, to 250.50 a tonne, compared with Tuesday's 236. Nickel prices also continued to rise strongly, with the second position contract breaching the £4,000 a tonne level for the first time since June 1985. from end-users in the West German stainless steel industry. In contrast, copper prices retreated further on profit

easing of the premium for cash over SPOT MARKETS Crude oil (per barrel FOB January) + Ot -Dubai Brent Blend W.T.L(1 pm est \$14,90-15,10-0.20 \$16,40-16,50-0.55 \$16,32-16,35-0.615 -0.50 -1.00 -1.00 -0.50 \$171-173 \$151-153 \$72-73 \$143-145 Gas Oil Heavy Fuel Oil Naphthe Petroleum Argus Estin + OT --2.00 +4 -6.40 -2.00 Gold (per troy oz)-\$491.40 \$117.75 \$1810 134-142c Nickel (tree market)

king and currency factors. But lers said market sentiment remained

bullish and there was no sign of any

£3815 17.00r +20 -0.01 -1.00 44.375c Zinc (US Prime Weste Cattle (live weight)† Sheep (deed weight)† Pigs (live weight)† +5.40 +3.50 +3.00 London daily sugar (raw) London daily sugar (white) Tate and Lyle export price \$212.40 \$219.50 Rubber (spot) ♥ 62.50p Rubber (Jan) ♥ 64.75p Rubber (Feb) ♥ 84.75p Rubber (KL RSS No 1 Jan) 274.00m \$540.00% \$412,50 \$365.00 Coconut oil (Philippine Pain Of (Maleysian)§ -2.50 Soyabeens (l Cotton "A" in

2. a tonne uniess otherwise stated, p-penca/kg. c-centa/lb, r-ringgit/kg, w-Dec/Jan, w-Jan/Feb, z-Jan, y-Feb/Mar, u-Apr/May † Meat Commission average tatebock prices. * change from a week ago, * London physical merket. § CIF Rotterdam ‡ Bullion market close. m-Malaysian/Singapore

Barley

LONDON METAL EXCHA CDCOA 2/tonne Close Close 1030 1054 1075 1093 1114 1136 1160 , 99.7% purity (5 per tonne) 1750/1740 .19.5% purity (2 per tonn 1031-3 981-2 981-2 945-6 3 months Tumover: 2325 (5293) lots of 10 tomes ICCO indicator prices (SDRs per tonne). Delly price for December 16: 1356.96 (1343.80) .10 del average for December 17: 1371.28 (1377.18). COFFEE E/tonne Copper, Standard (2 per tonne) 1198 1222 1242 1256 1270 1287 1320 1300-10 1206 1195 1232 1218 1252 1239 1268 1256 1280 1272 1300 1267 1205 1230 1252 1279 1289 1320 Lead (E per tonne) Cash 354.5-5 3 months 344.5-5 Turnover: 2317 (3274) lots of 5 tonnes ICO indicator prices (US cents per pound) for December 15: Comp. daily 1979114.58 (114.83); Nickel (£ per tonne) 4130-50 4058-80 Zinc (2 per tonne Cash 3 months 188.40 188.00 187.80 189.00 191.00 193.60 196.00 185.20 185.40 185.20 186.40 188.60 191.20 194.00 188.20 184.80 187.80 184.80 187.00 184.60 POTATOES 2/tonne Close 193,00 192,00 103.50 87.50 Previous High/Low

103.50 87.50 144.40 158.00 145.00 158.00 86.00 92.50 224.20 227.50 231.50 231.50 231.80 237.00 240.00 222.00 226.00 230.00 232.00 233.00 236.00 242.00 233,30 220,00 227,00 224,00 233,00 228,00 230,00 228,70 231,00 231,00 238,00 237,50 87.50 98.50 Turnover: 100 (238) lots of 100 to SOYABEAN MEAL L/honne Close Previous High/Low 140.50 132.00 121.00 120.00 Turnover: Raw 1996 (2820) lots of 50 tonne White 2567 (1885) . 120.00 121,50 124,50 GAS OIL \$/tonne Turnover: 125 (31) lots of 100 tonnes. FREIGHT FUTURES S/Index coin 150.50 147.25 143.00 138.50 138.00 140.00 141.75 152.50 149.25 149.00 146.00 145.00 142.50 140.25 139.00 146.50 143.25 138.00 1255.5 1290.0 1137.5 1268.0 1292.5 Turnover: 8684 (10818) lots of 100 torres **GRAWS E/tonn** Close Previous High/Low 114,80 114,20 118,00 115,55 116.20 118.35 120.90 103.45 115.55 118.00 173.55 118.20 147.70 120.60 120.50 103.45 103.40 105.50 106.30 Close Previous High/Low

107.70 107.15 109.50 108.75 110.70 110.70 97.80 97.70 100.20 102.45 102.85

106.70 108.60

110.30 97,70

100.10 102.35

Turnover: Wheat 201 (110), Barley 92 (92)

107.15

109.00 110.70 97.80

102.45

1025-8 982-3 53.261 lots 965-6 Ring turnover 44,250 tonne 1560-6 1345-7 1316.5-17 80,171 lots Ring turnover 100 tonne 1510-30 619 lots 354-4.5 345-5.5 343-4 11.863 lots 4025-80 3970-1 9,372 lots 465-5.5 467-8 13,806 lots Gold (fine oz) \$ price 265%-6 266%-26 486% 488%-488 484%-484 273%-276% 273%-276% 273%-276% 264%-286% 137%-142½ 266%-73% 273-275% 278-30% 62%-63% 82%-63% 276%-276% 276%-276% US Eagle Maplehat Britannia Krugerran 1/2 Krug 1/4 Krug 501-506 501-606 501-508 48514-48814 252-251 128-134 500-505 51-58 11414-11514 Angel 1/10 Angel New Sov. 1250.0 1253.0 1292.5 1285.0 1137.5 1260.0 US cas equily p/fine CZ Silver St 367.50 376.65 384.35 402.15

WOOL.
Work prices have shown no clear trend at the final sales before the Christmas recess. In Australia, the week brought slight estimate at times, but this was sporadic and the market was basically steady, in the UK industry business recently has been dull and there is now this hope of revisal before Christmas closures, which from a production point of view text until Jenuary 4. The worsted sector is well placed for orders for aometime yet, but there are occasional difficulties elsewhere, in the woollien and hand-initing yern sectors. The Australian Wool Corporation market indicator was at ASP, 14 a kg., 56 down on a week ago. Bradford top quotations are unchanged at 484p per lg. for 54s, 364p for 56s, and 335p for 50s. Concer (Grade A)

ting turnover 0 eza Ring turnover 2,730 tons Ring turnover 4.150 tonne S9.5% Jan Mar Jan Mar 110 91 27 79 69% 45 53 52 69 89 117 148 Puts Copper (Grade A) . Jan Mar Jan Mer 284 257 49 267 216 181 8014 314 159 151 123 377

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

AM Official Karb close Open Interes

Ring turnover 500 tonne

Ping turnover 22,800 tonne

2,571 lots

(Prices supplied by Ameigen

1860-90 1810-30

New York GOLD 100 troy oz.; \$/troy oz. 485.3 498.8 490.1 496.4 502.6 500.0 515.7 522.4 529.4 482.7 483.9 487.2 493.6 499.8 506.2 512.9 519.8 528.6 491.9 496.5 504.3 510.7 515.5 524.1 0 PLATROUN 50 troy oz; \$/troy oz. 490.4 492.9 501.8 510.4 619.4 628.4 Dec Jan Apr Jai Oct Jan G 498.5 506.0 515.0 625.0 SILVER 5,000 troy as; centa/troy cz. High/Lov 670.5 674.2 0 660.5 680.5 701.0 716.0 728.0 0 675.6 677.0 884.5 968.2 671.4 677.0 686.9 696.5 706.3 721.1 725.9 736.6 0 694.0 702.0 710.0 721.0 735.0 COPPER 25,000 tos; cents/fbs 127.50 124.50 117.00 109.50 99.70 91.90 89.55 87.90 87.65 87.10 127.00 123.50 115.50 107.50 196.50 86.50 86.15 84.50 84.20 83.50 0 109.70 0 91.00 0 87.20 0

CRUDE Oil (Light) 42,000 US gells S/bartel Chicago SOYAMEANS 5,000 bu min; cents/60to bushel 16.75 16.64 # High/Low 583/4 582/6 600/0 604/4 601/2 588/2 584/2 582/4 600/4 selling, reports Drexel Burnham Lambert. As crude oil broke \$16, ba February, stops were hit, accelerating the decline in a market devoid of serious buying. The precious metals were steady initially, but falled to hold gains as the HEATING OIL 42,000 US got SOYABEAN OIL 60,000 tos; cents/fb Cotton ratied to limit-up as trade buying touched off commission house buy stops around 65.30c, basis March. Coffee and cocca firmed on speculative and trade 52.10 50.80 47.95 45.80 44.75 44.00 44.00 44.80 45.50 49.10 47.70 45.25 43.00 42.60 42.35 41,70 43.70 44.00 45.50 buying and short-covering. Sugar was firm reflecting continued buffish fundamentals. The grains were under pressure. Soys off futures discounted an offer to India, meal reflected weakness in premiums and this tended to ease soyabeans as well. In make and wheat continued efforts by the USDA to lower 1790 1803 1832 1852 1896 1931 terminal prices to stimulate demand led 205.5 195.4 188.6 182.6 180.5 180.0 180.0 177.7 178.2 Dec 124.55 123.86 124.75
May 130.50 129.80 131.00
Jul 132.50 131.95 132.95
Sep 134.60 134.13 134.80
Oec 136.25 136.50 136.50
Mar 137.25 136.50 136.50
May 138.45 136.70
SUGAR WORLD "11" 112,000 Be; cer Previous. 183/4 187/0 192/2 196/0 196/4 194/2 200/6 7.95 8.28 8.24 8.25 8.29 8.34 8.54 8.39 8.37 8.37 8.40 8.23 8.21 8.23 8.28 304/0 313/4 307/0 294/6 297/4 306/0 302/4 312/0 306/2 294/4 287/4 305/4 0 8.65 COTTON 50.000; cents/fibe Close Previous LIVE CATTLE 40,000 bis; capta/bit High/Low 63,88 64:71 64.90 62,76 61,85 63,05 63,26 56.88 66.71 56.90 64.73 63.80 63.50 0 May Jul Oct Dec Mar May 65.80 62.50 64.80 64.70 62.20 61.60 62.70 65.25 61.40 63.60 63.70 61.40 80.80 62.70 64.93 65.81 61.05 82.70 E JUNCE 15,000 lbs; cents/fbs LIVE HOGS 30,000 to; cen 167.70 168.90 165.95 164.50 164.50 162.00 168.25 167.35 166.10 185,50 43.45 41.90 38.72 41.86 42.55 41.17 38.32 39.30 42.10 30.10 42.05 42.00 42.00 38.70 39.40 REUTERS (Base: September 18 1931 w 100) Dac 15 Dec 14 mith ago yr ago PORK BELLIES 38,000 fbs: 1696.5 1687.6 1683.3 1687.2 DOW JONES (Bass: December 31 1974 = 100) 50.97 51.10 52.47 52.80 Spot 131.96 132.88 128.61 Futures 133.18 134.31 131.60 51.56 51.65 62.65 118.5R

V

STATE OF BUTTON AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF

CURRENCIES, MONEY & CAPITAL MARKETS

The Bundesbank did not intervene when the dollar was fixed

at DM1.6313, compared with DM1.6282 on Tuesday, which was the second lowest fixing on record. Yesterday's fixing was around the middle of the dollar's relatively parameter trad-

relatively narrow morning trad-

JAPANESE YEN-Trading

range against the dollar in 1987 is 159.45 to 127.55. November average 135.90.

Exchange rate index 239.2 against 221.3 six months ago.

The yen lost ground to the dollar in Tokyo, mainly on covering

of short dollar positions, but underlying sentiment remained against the US currency.
There were no new factors and

trading was very quiet. The dol-lar rose to Y127.60 from Y126.95, but finished little changed from Tuesday's New York close of

ing range.

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Dollar quiet as pound recovers

THE DOLLAR appears to have entered a quiet period ahead of the dollar's index was the year end holidays, which will involve a considerable amount of book squaring.

Trading is already winding down and in the absence of fresh factors dealers are not expecting to the dollar in the dollar in quiet frankfurt average 1.7770. Exchange the dollar in quiet frankfurt average 1.7770. Exchange the dollar in quiet frankfurt average 1.7770. Exchange the dollar in quiet frankfurt average 1.7770.

year. Many market operators have squared their books and are content to wait until January.

before taking out new positions.
Sentiment surrounding the dollar is bearish because of the US trade and budget deficits, and speculation that the Reagan Administration is not prepared to take corrective more transfer. to take corrective monetary and financial measures for fear of provoking a recession in the run up to next year's Presidential measures.

Dealers will keep a close eye on the Federal funds rate for signs of tighter monetary policy after Tuesday's Federal Open Market Committee meeting. The Fed drained reserves from the New York banking system yesterday with overnight matched sales, but this was a technical operation.

The market will be looking for Federal funds to rise from a recent level of around 6% p.c. as a sign of tightening, but yesterday the rate fell to 6 p.c., because of severe weather conditions in parts of the US, which have prevented cheques from reaching the authorities.

reaching the authorities

At the London close the dollar eased slightly to DM1.6305 from DM1.6310 and to Y127.30 from Y127.55, but was unchanged at FFr5.5275 and rose to SFr1.3285 from SFr1.3280.

Clase 0.030m-par 0.28-0.24cm 1.18-1.08cm STERLING INDEX

CURRENCY RATES

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

ي. د

1.12 : 3.1 3.04 : **2.**

G P Examination

The property the second of the

- =

OTHER CURRENCIES

MONEY MARKETS UK rates firmer

INTEREST RATES were a little higher in London yesterday. Some dealers said that rates were

Some dealers said that rates were creeping up, partly because of sterling's weaker trend but also in recognition of fading hopes of a cut in base rates this year.

"There is no point in getting up a head of steam before Christmas," one dealer suggested. Consequently three-month interbank money rose to 8% 8% p.c. from 8% 8% p.c. and the one year rate was higher at 9% 9% p.c. from 9% 9% p.c. Overnight money opened at 8% 8% p.c. and traded between 9 p.c. and 8% p.c. before finishing at 9% p.c. A further revision took the forecast to a shortage of around \$1,150m, before taking into account the morning help and the Bank gave additional assistance in the afternoon of \$202m through carrieght purchases of tance in the afternoon of \$322m through outright purchases of \$2m of Tressury bills and \$144m of eligible bank bills in band 1 and \$31m in band 2 all at 8% p.c. In band 3 it bought \$32m of eligible bank bills and \$93m in band 4 again at 8% p.c. Late help came to \$275m, making a total of \$1.074m. finishing at 9½ p.c.

UK clearing bank base lending rate 8½ per cent from December 4

The Bank of England forecast a shortage of around £700m with factors affecting the market a shortage of around £700m with factors affecting the market including the repayment of late assistance and bills maturing in that the pending season of tax official hands, together with a take up of Treasury hills draining £646m and a rise in the note circulation of £340m. These were partly offset by £xchequer transactions which added £265m and banks' balances brought forward requirement of the month.

S25m above target.

The forecast was revised to a shortage of around \$1,050m and again to \$1,100m and the Bank tion rate unchanged at 7% nc. gave assistance in the morning of \$497m through outright purchases of \$1m of Treasury bills and \$20m of eligible bank bills and \$20m of eligible bank bills cants receive their allocations today and the agreement expires and \$20m of eligible bank bills cants receive their allocations in band 1 at 8% p.c. and \$20m of today and the agreement expires on January 6.

down and in the absence of fresh average 1.7770. Exchange factors dealers are not expecting rate index fell 0.1 to 75.7, any major shift before the new compared with 73.1 aix months ago.

Sterling opened weaker in London yesterday, but recovered to close little changed on the day. Suggestions that the Open production agreement, reached this week in Vienna, will not hold oil prices at \$18 a barrel depressed the resund. the pound.

Recent UK economic data have been encouraging however, helping the recovery. Tuesday's industrial production figures for October pointed to continued strong growth, while yesterday's PSBR figure for November showed a repayment towards the showed a repayment towards the top end of market expectations.

The pound rose 10 points to \$1.8315-1.8325, and also improved to SFr2.4250 from SFr2.4325 and to FFr10.1275 from FFr10.12, but was unchanged at DM2.9875 and eased to Y233.25 from Y233.50.

D-MARK-Trading range Tuesda against the dollar in 1987 is Y127.65

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES Ohorgence Smit % #1.5344 #1.5404 #1.0981 #1.3674 #1.4684 #4.0752

POUND SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND

DOLLAR SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

One Year

Long term Eurodiffers: two years S_2 - S_3 per cest; three years S_4 -S per cest; four years S_2 - S_4 per cest; five years S_2 - S_3 per cest intensity. Short term rates are call for SS Bollers and Lapinotte Ver; editors, two days notice.

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

gible bank bills in band 2 at 8% p.c. In band 3 it bought £73m of eligible bank bills and £232m in band 4 all at 8% p.c.

In Frankfurt the Bundesbank said it would not hold a news conference after today's meeting of the central council. This came

as no surprise since the discount rate was cut to a record low of 2½ p.c. only two weeks ago.

of \$1,074m.

month.

78.08 3.390 0.813 1.124 735.0 0.803 3000 43.42 30.42 14.39 904. 30.29 1.809 2.950 290.3 10. 0.754 1.229 95.99 4.168 2.399 3.315 2168 2.370 61.76 1 1.382 903.6 8.998 25.74 0.298 0.596 0.890 69.47 1.016 0.724 1 654.0 0.715 0.425 0.894 1.361 106.2 4.612 1.107 1.529 1380. 1.013 0.407 0.763 1.265 97.39 4.220 1.999 2.929 4.776 372.9 16.39 1013 1399 914.9 1 1885 5348 2520 3857 Yen per 1,000; French Fr. per 10; Uha per 1,000; Belgian Fc. per 100.

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

6 months US Dollars (11.00 a.m. Dec.16) 3 months BS dellars The finding rotes are the arithmetic means rounded to the neurest one-statement, of the bid and offered rates for SLDes quoted by the market to the reservate banks at 11.00 t.o.s. each verticap day. The banks are Mational Westminuter Sank, Sank of Tokyo, Destuche Bank, Europe Mational de Parks and Morgan Gunganty Trans.

MONEY RATES

Treasury Bills and Books
3.00 Three year
5.41 Four year
6.25 Five year
6.72 Some year
7.17 10 year
7.90 30 year 340-175 4305 4305 45025 45025 11.50 63025 830 369-175 8625 3.75 4.8125 1.90625 11.50 6.875 8.825 295-3.05 8.3125 1.00 4.50 9.78125 10.25 4.55 8.625 3.60-3.75 8.6075 4.50 7.75

LONDON MOREY RATES

1.625 2.505 2.50 2.50 2.505 2.625 2.505 2. 9.50 9.25 9.25 9.25 9.825 9.825 9.825 9.875 9.875 8.375 8.375 4375 805-800 625 650 725 7125 8.45-8.40 6.875 6.625 7.25 7.125

Tremery Balls (self); not-count \$2, per count; stone mouths \$2, per cont; Bank Bills (self); not-count \$4, per cont; three mouths \$2, per cont; three mouths \$2, per cont; three mouths \$2, per cont is self-count \$2.5 p. ECGD Final Rath per count; became the count finance. Make up only incomes \$3, 1967, Aprend cases for pariod finance \$2, p. ECGD Final Rath States for the count of the pariod finance \$2, p. Ecgling \$2, p. Ecgling \$2, p. Ecgling \$2, p. Ecgling \$3, 1963, Schools 1: 10.51 p.c., Schools \$4 ist. 10.55 p.c. Reference part for pariod detaber 1 to Movember \$3, 1963, Schools \$4, p. Ecgling \$2, p. Ecgling \$3,
FINANCIAL FUTURES

Gilts drift as lethargy grows

The D-Mark fell back against market, one dealer suggested, the dollar in quiet Frankfurt This was evident after early trading. The US currency closed at tempts to open on a steady at DMI.6350, compared with note failed to meet with any success and the March price was counted at 116-08 down from

17050 17105 14830 1482 17335 17400 17130 1710

91.68 91.40 91.17

High Law 87-08 86-12 86-07 85-05

Lates High Low Pres. 1.8340 1.8245 1.8220 1.8440 1.8170 1.8160 1.8245 1.8225

Estimated Velore 19049 (24657) Presions day's open int. 24732 (24402)

CHRRENCY FITTINES

LEFFE-STERLING \$25,000 \$ per \$

Close With Law 1,8263 1,8243 1,8297 1,8207 1,8207 1,8207 1,8156 1,8156 1,8156 ed witness 50 (7) 5 day's open inc. 117 (112)

91.61 91.50 91.34 91.25 91.32 91.25 - 91.03 - 90.66

attempts to open on a steady in reaction to fading hopes of an note failed to meet with any success and the March

uninspiring session in the Liffe financial year so Iar, provided a market yesterday, above the brief fillip but failed to cut 7-year note auction may also day's lows, but slightly down through market letturgy.

Tuesday's postponement of the 7-year note auction may also have increased demand although from Tuesday's settlement price.

Once again trading volume remained commarket, one dealer suggested, trend was led from the short is shed below their best level. US housing starts in November

rose sharply by 7.5 p.c. The March bond price opened cess and the March price was considered at 116-08, down from 116-15 on Tuesday. It weakened further to a low of 116-04, after it had been announced that the UKTreasury's latest tap stock had been under subscribed.

Earlier in the day, news of a PSBR net repayment of \$1,550n in November, giving a cumular search and subscribed and a decline in the gold price, and fell to a low of 90.73 before both of which pointed towards in November, giving a cumular search of \$1,550n in November se

19.18 0.83 11.28

0.6380

Company Notices

Following its announcement on 11th November that the Board of APP had received a formal approach which might lead to proposals being put to shareholders for the sale of its operating subsidiary, APP Production Inc, the Board of APP announces that it has received further approaches and is inviting offers to acquire all the share capital of APP Production Inc. This is in line with the Board's previously expressed objective of maximizing shareholders' value.

Potential purchasers will be invited to submit premliminary offers to acquire APP Production Inc, after receipt of an information package. In assessing offers for APP Production Inc., the Board will have regard to other options for the group, including the recruitment of full time executive management and the raising of new capital. The Board has a preference for cash consideration although alternative forms of consideration will be examined.APP continues to trade profitable and to generate surplus cash.

All enquiries should be directed to one or other of the following at Schroders: Patrick Drayton Paul Mullins 01-382-6252

Corrected Entry Contracts

& Tenders

NOTICE PORT OF LONDON AUTHORITY RIVER BYELAWS

Notice is hereby given that the Port of London Authority leased to apply to the Secretary of State for Trensport for the confirmation of certain byelows made by them to amend the Port of London River Byelows 1978. A copy of the byelows will be open to public inspection free of charge at the office of the Port of London Authority at Europe House, World Trade Centre, London Ef SAA between the hours of 3 ah and 5 pm on weekdays, excluding Saturdays. Copies of the byelows will be supplied either on personal application or by post to the office of the Solicion to the Authority at the exhibes stated at the foot of this notice (price E1 percopy, post free! Any objection to representation respecting the byelows should be addressed to the Secretary of State for Transport. Room 1/12, Sunley House, 90-83 High Holbors, London WCTV 6LP (spoting the trial-ence PS/I/O187) on or before 29th January 1988. Anyone melting an objection or representation is asked to send a copy to the Port of Condon Authority.

Deted 17th December 1987.

BRIAN GOLDS Solicitor to Port of London Authority 3 Titoury Gentlers Titoury Essex RM18 7NH: CLALFINANCE N.V. US \$12 MILLION GUARANTEED FLOATING BATE NOTES 1990

RATE NOTES 1990
The legarest rate applicable to the above Wotes in respect of the interest period commencing 19th December 1997 will be 9% per anome.
The interest amounting to US \$467.60 per \$10,000 principal amount of the Notes will be paid on 19th June 1988 against presentation of Courson No.5. BANK LEUNE (UK) PLC Principal Paying Agent

benk leumi 🕬 📆

BANK LEUMI (UK) PLC US \$30 MILLION UNDATED FREMARY CAPITAL FLOATING RATE NOTES The interest rate applicable to the above those in respect of the interest period commencing 16th December 1967 has been fixed at 8742 per assuming to US 245.11 per us \$1,000 and US 245.15 per US \$10.000 principal amount of the Notatival be paid on 18th Juna 1968 against presentation of Coupon No.5.

BANK LEUMI (UK) PLC Principal Paying Officer

bank leumi vouch paa 🛞

Diversify into Gold and Minimize Your Risk. Now!

Because gold moves independently of paper investments, it tends to-ilize your portfolio. The historical trend of the gold price has always been up. You can never be certain which way paper will move, but with 10-15% of your essets in gold bars or gold builtion coins, you can always be some they

Ask your bank or broker today, or write for your free copy of the

Gold Information Center B.P. 351 - CH - 1211 Geneva 3 - Switzerland

Money you can trust.

FOOD INDUSTRY

The FT is proposing to publish this survey Friday 22nd January 1988. For full details contact: **MARK JONES** on 01 248 8000 Ext 3365

FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

DO YOU FEEL LIKE JONAH **INSIDE THE WHALE?**

We are a new firm of stockbrokers, totally independent of any bank or institution, rapidly expanding our private client business. If you have an established business base and want to change your environment, we would like to hear from you on 01-626 2366 now.

1.G INDEX LTD, 9-11 GROSVENOR GARDENS, LONDON SWIW OBD Tel: 01-828 7233/5699 Reuters Code: IGIN, IGIO

FT 30 FTSE 100 WALL STREET

Dec. 1351 1363 +19 Dec. 1694/1704 +20 Dec. 1935/1941 -15

Mar. 1373/1385 +19 Mar. 1722/1734 +20 Mar. 1935/1951 -15

Prices taken at 5pm and change is from previous close at 9pm



Italian International Bank Pic

U\$\$45,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate Notes due 1996

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six month interest Period from December 16, 1987 to June 16, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest Rate of 84/6% per annum and the Coupon Amount per US \$ 10,000 will be US \$ 435.26

The Agent Bank KREDIETBANK S.A. LUXEMBOURGEOISE

TRANSWORLD BOND TRUST 2, boulevard Royal LUXEMBOURG

DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT

The Transworld Bond Trust will pay a dividend of SUS. 0.25 on December 18, 1987 to registered shareholders at the close of business December 11, 1987 and shares will be ended ex-dividend after December 14, 1987.

By order of the Board of Directors of the Management Company

Art Galleries

EFEVRE GALLRY 30 Bruton Street, W1. 01-493 2107.An exhibition of works b Edward Surra (1905-1976).4th November 18th December Mon-Fri 10-5, Sats 10-12.30

Clubs

EVE has cutilized the others because of a policy on fair play and value for money. Supper from 16-2-30 am. Disco and top mu-sicians, glamprous hosteases, exciting floor-shows. 188, Regent St., W1. 01-734 0557.

ADVERTISEMENT RATES

etingle colum (min

47.00

41.00

48.00

34.00

14.00

Public Notices

MONOPOLY INVESTIGATION OF INDUSTRIAL GAS SUPPLIES IN GREAT RRITAIN

The Director General of Fair Trading has asked the Monopolies and Mergers Commission to investigate the supply of gas to large industrial assers of more than 25,000 therms a year, following complaints about British Gas' pricing policies.

The Commission has been asked to report in uine months whether a monopoly situation does exist, and if so, whether any practices are against the public interest.

Four under areas concern the Director General:

"There is no clear basis for individual prices and no clear relationship to change; in the price cither of alternative fuels or British Gae's own costs.
"These appear to be wide differences in the prices paid by British Gae's cublosters with number requirements.
"British Gae's about term contracts make it difficult for companies to product future costs.
"British Gae, is unwilling to quote a price for interruptible supplies until after the customer has installed dual-firing equipment.

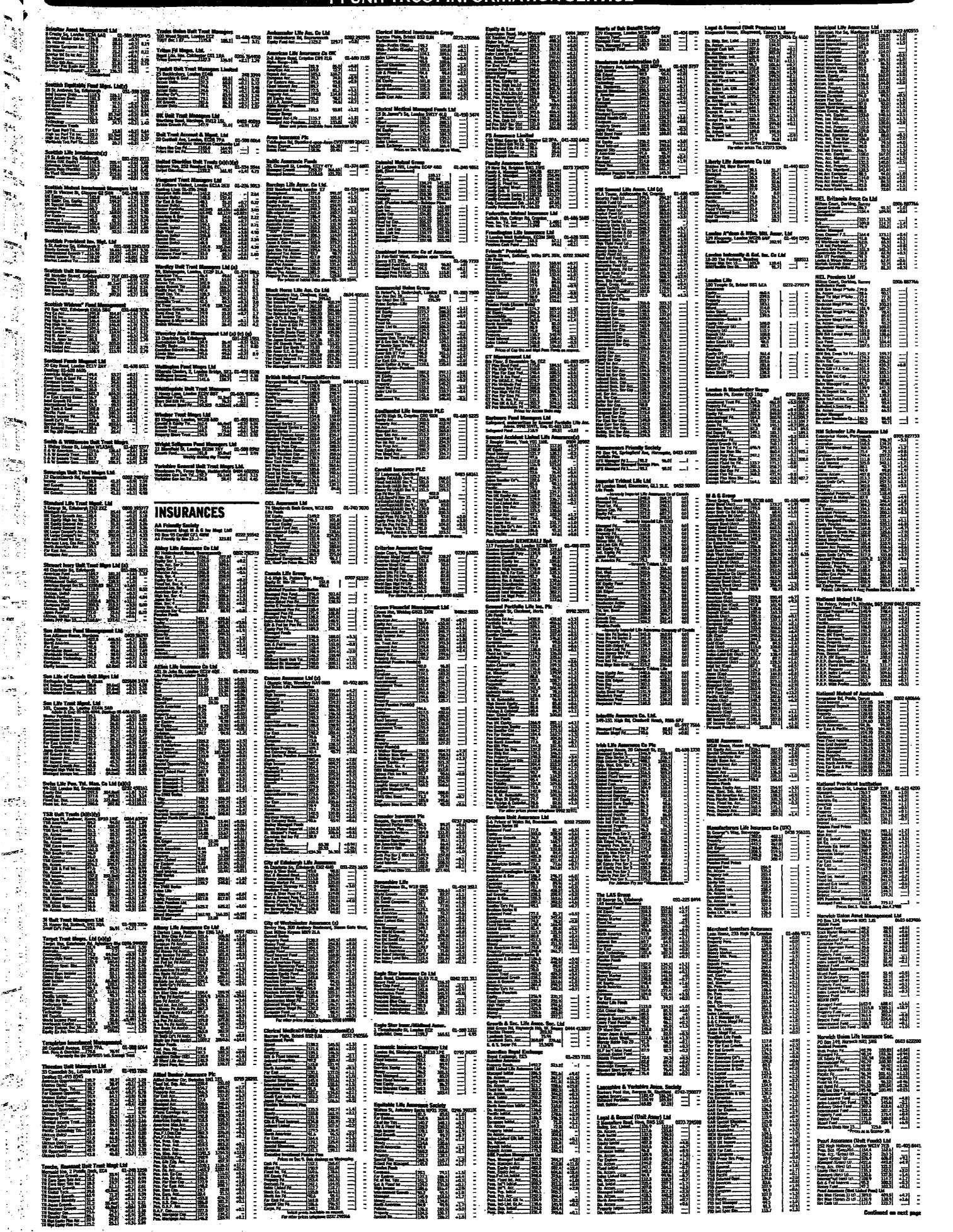
If you or any organization to which you belong have any evidence or views on the above points or others which may help the Commission in their inquiry, please write as soon as possible for

The Secretary
Monopolies and Mergers Commis
New Court, Carry Street
London WC2A 2JT

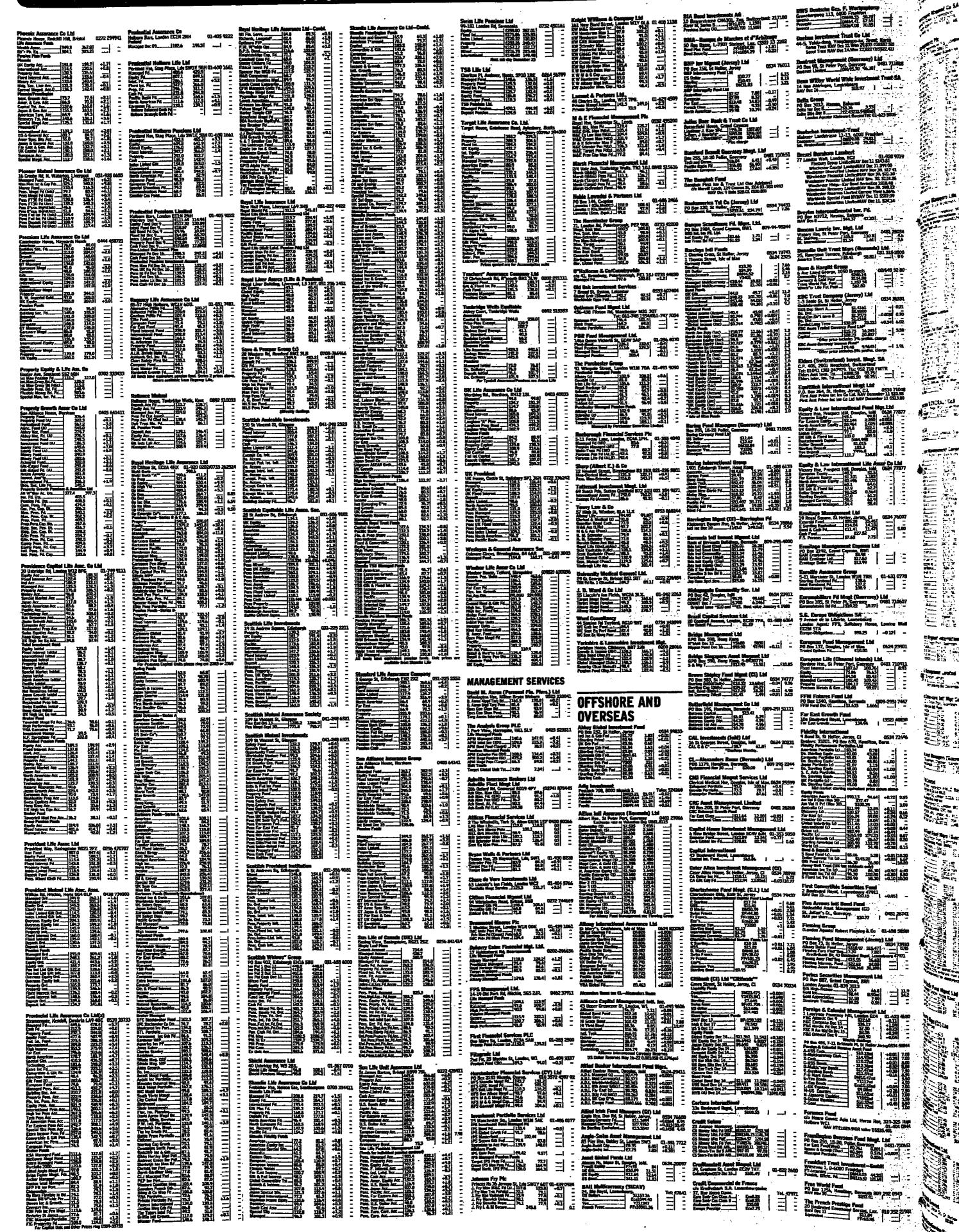
Appointments
Commercial and
Industrial Property
Residential
Property
Business 12.00 10.00 Opportunities 14.00 Businesses For Sale/Wanted 13.00 10.00 10.00 Motor Cars, Travel Contracts, 13.00 44.00

Premium positions available \$10 per Single Column om extra (Alin 30 cms) All prices exclude VAT For further details write to: Classified Advertisement Manager FINANCIAL TIMES, 10 CANNON STREET, LONDON ECAP 48Y

<i>.</i> 30	•		Thursday December 17 1987
EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE Feb. 88 May 88 Aug. 88 Series Vol Last Vol Last Stock		FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE	
GOLD C 5 480 256 24 8 \$ 486.30 GOLD C 5 500 109 15 643 28 8 10 40 5 486.30 GOLD C 5 500 5 8 8 16 18 500 29 5 486.30 GOLD P 5 460 132 6 8 5 5 486.30 SILVER C 5 700 40 1 1 5 5 676	AUTHORISED UNIT TRUSTS	CCI. Unit Trusts Limited Fidelity Investment Services Ltd Fidelity Inves	5 18.46 Group letni Tet. Fri 108.6 10.45 10.45 207 81 10.46 Francis Trans Frand 108.5 10.046 425 627 81 10.46 Francis Trans Frand 25.0 87.5 4.15 2.5 2.5 10.4 American Tet Frand 17.4 75.254 40.5 2.02
EOE lester C Fl. 160 43 16.50 A 5 120 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester C Fl. 165 192 127 126.50 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester C Fl. 165 192 127 126.50 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester C Fl. 175 270 3.90 39 10 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester C Fl. 185 466 0.50 A 132 6.90 7 10 A Fl. 175.09 EOE lester C Fl. 185 466 0.50 A 132 6.90 7 10 A Fl. 175.09 EOE lester C Fl. 190 36 0.20 A 7 20 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester C Fl. 190 36 0.20 A 7 3 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester C Fl. 200 48 0.00 10 150 A Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 160 41 0.50 39 1120 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 180 66 5.50 39 1120 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 180 66 5.50 39 1120 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 180 66 5.50 39 1120 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 180 66 5.50 39 1120 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 180 66 5.50 39 1120 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 180 66 5.50 39 1120 Fl. 175.09 EOE lester P Fl. 180 66 0.55 20 130 32 5 Fl. 184.16 34Fl P Fl. 180 166 0.55 20 130 32 5 Fl. 184.16 34Fl P Fl. 180 166 0.55 20 20 680 Fl. 184.16 34Fl P Fl. 180 166 0.55 20 20 680 Fl. 184.16 34Fl P Fl. 180 108 5.50 22 6.80 Fl. 184.16 54Fl P Fl. 180 108 5.50 22 6.80 Fl. 184.16 54Fl P Fl. 180 108 5.50 22 6.80 Fl. 184.16 54Fl P Fl. 180 108 5.50 22 6.80 Fl. 184.16 54Fl P Fl. 180 108 5.50 22 6.80 Fl. 184.16 54Fl P Fl. 180 108 5.50 22 6.80 Fl. 184.16 54Fl P Fl. 180 108 5.50 22 6.80 Fl. 184.16 54Fl P Fl. 180 108 5.50 22 6.80 Fl. 184.16 54Fl P Fl. 180 108 5.50 22 6.80 Fl. 184.16 54Fl P F	Rid	Compare Number 1965	DECEMBER 1
EOE lenter C PI 165 192 617 47 13 PI 175.09 EOE lenter C PI 175 270 3.90 39 10 - PI 175.09 EOE lenter C PI 180 422 1.40 A 99 8.10 11 12.60 B PI 175.09 EOE lenter C PI 180 422 1.40 A 99 8.10 11 12.60 B PI 175.09 EOE lenter C PI 190 36 0.20 82 4.90 PI 175.09 EOE lenter C PI 190 36 0.20 82 4.90 PI 175.09 EOE lenter C PI 200 PI 175.09 EOE lenter C PI 200 PI 175.09 EOE lenter C PI 200 48 0.10 19 2.40 PI 175.09 EOE lenter C PI 205 48 0.10 19 2.40 PI 175.09 EOE lenter C PI 155 184 0.10 19 2.40 PI 175.09 EOE lenter P PI 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 PI 175.09 EOE lenter P PI 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 PI 175.09 EOE lenter P PI 160 41 0.20 34 1.50 PI 175.09 EOE lenter P PI 160 45 55 0.60 73 5 A PI 175.09 EOE lenter P PI 180 66 5.50 39 11.20 PI 175.09 EOE lenter P PI 180 66 5.50 39 11.20 PI 175.09 EOE lenter P PI 180 66 5.50 39 11.20 PI 175.09 EOE lenter P PI 180 166 0.05 39 11.20 PI 175.09 EOE lenter P PI 180 166 0.05 39 11.20 PI 175.09 EOE lenter P PI 180 166 0.05 30 30 30 50 PI 175.09 EOE lenter P PI 180 166 0.05 20 1.30 132 3.10 PI 184.16 SYPI P PI 180 166 0.05 20 1.30 32 5 PI 184.16 SYPI P PI 180 166 0.05 20 1.30 32 5 PI 184.16 SYPI P PI 180 166 0.05 20 6 FI 184.16 SYPI P PI 200 66 16 PI 184.16 SYPI P PI 200 66 16 PI 184.16 SYPI P PI 200 66 16 PI 184.16	Assertage Grands	### ##################################	Appendix 123 145 152 1
EQE Index P F1 165 S1 0.60 73 5 A F1.175.09 EQE Index P F1.175 61 2.70 52 11.20 F1.175.09 EQE Index P F1.175 61 2.70 52 11.20 F1.175.09 EQE Index P F1.180 66 5.50 39 11.20 F1.175.09 EQE Index P F1.180 50 9.50 F1.175.09 EQE Index P F1.180 17 15 37 17 F1.175.09 EQE Index P F1.255 77 80 30 80.50 F1.175.09 EQE Index P F1.270 33 95 F1.175.09 EQE Index P F1.270 33 95 F1.175.09 EQE Index P F1.180 166 0.05 20 1.30 132 3.10 F1.184.16 SYFI P F1.180 166 0.05 20 1.30 132 3.10 F1.184.16 SYFI P F1.180 108 5.50 22 6.80 F1.184.16 SYFI P F1.200 66 16 F1.184.16 SYFI P F1.200 69 10.88 5.50 22 6.80 F1.184.16 SYFI P F1.200 99 120.80 F1.184.16	Authory Wieler Unit Tal. Myori. Ltd. 19 Wiespale St. London El 7819 01-577 1010; Weler Gold Fel. Inc. 42.5 92.0 07.8 00.465m. — 113.9 126.5 0.78 Weler Gold in Res. 30.7 30.0 2.74	Total Tota	Accord Units 1183 1253 1264 1264 1265
ABN C FI. 46 257 0.30 72 1.20 - FI. 40 ABN P FI. 40 112 1.80 125 3.20 202 4 FI. 40 AESON C FI. 60 71 1.80 31 4.30 2 5.70 FI. 57.80 AHOLD C FI. 60 77 1.70 8 4.20 - FI. 62.50 AHOLD P FI. 60 26 1.50 41 4 - FI. 62.50 AKZD C FI. 90 199 5.10 69 10.50 138 12.80 FI. 92 AKZD P FI. 90 510 3.20 8 144 8 5 12 FI. 92 AMEN C FI. 30 - FI. 62.50 AMEN C FI. 30 - FI. 57.10	Arkwright Management 1 King St. Mandester H50 3AH Arkwright for Dot 15 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Damping Growth 192 192 +0.51 2.06 (Account Inst) 1520 104.77 +0.1 4.54 (1) British Treat 152.06 (Account Inst) 1520 104.77 +0.1 4.54 (1) British Treat 152.06 (Account Inst) 1520 104.77 +0.1 4.54 (1) British Treat 152.06 (1) 152.07.51 +1.0 4.54 (1) British Treat 152.07 +1.0 4.54 (1) British Treat 1	256101 713 7
AMRO P F1.60 2 3.80 A 42 5.50 F1.57.10 ELSEVIER C F1.50 385 3.10 71 5.80 23 7.90 F1.45.30 ELSEVIER P F1.40 51 1 53 3 F1.45.30 GIST-BROC C F1.30 3 0.60 480 2 3 2.50 F1.45.30 GIST-BROC P F1.25 Z1 1.60 A 479 3.60 98 4.80 F1.24.50 HEIMERER C F1.30 172 6 166 162 12 - F1.27	Aspet Unit Trust Magrs Lbd Pywin He, Fresterri S, London E13 00-220 7231 Growth Face De 11 32 98 98 11 1.72 Aspens Find De 11 95.0 100.3 5.52	36 Queen St. London, ECAR 18M 01-236 4210 Realth Ford	
HOOCGVENS C P. 30 462 1.40 32 3.20 - 4.50 F. 28.80 KLM P F. 27.50 200 1.40 17 2.50 - 5 F. 28.80 KLM P F. 27.50 200 1.40 17 2.50 - 5 F. 28.80 NAT.NED. C F. 55 37 0.60 588 2.30 2 3 F. 48.30 NAT.NED. P F. 45 32 1 10 2.30 3 3.50 F. 48.30 PHILIPS C F. 35 147 0.30 526 1.30 30 2 P. 29.80 PHILIPS P F. 30 118 1.90 62 3.70 118 4.20 P. 29.80 PHILIPS P F. 30 118 1.90 62 3.70 118 4.20 P. 29.80 PHILIPS P F. 20 226 0.70 598 4.20 - F. 192.30 PROYAL DUTCH C F. 220 226 0.70 598 4.20 - F. 192.30 PROYAL DUTCH P F. 220 4 4.50 - F. 192.30 PROYAL DUTCH P F. 220 4 4.50 - F. 192.30 PROYAL DUTCH P F. 220 4 4.50 - F. 192.30 PROYAL DUTCH P F. 220 4 4.50 - F. 192.30 PROYAL DUTCH P F. 220 4 4.50 - F. 182.70 PROYAL DUTCH P F. 220 4 4.50 - F. 182.70 PROYAL DUTCH P F. 220 4 4.50 - F. 182.70 PROYAL DUTCH P F. 220 4 4.50 - F. 182.70 PROYAL DUTCH P F. 210 4.00 PROYAL DUTCH P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	Atlanta Unit Managers Ltd Lings Wharf, 2 MH S, Landon SE1 20001-232 1415 Jap For East 63.8 67.4 +1.0 217 Atlanta lands 72.6 72.1 -0.4 224 Actions lands 95.0 102.1 -0.5 224 Actions lands 102.0 102.1 -0.5 224 Actions lands 102.0 107.5 -0.4 5.17 Atlanta lands 103.0 107.5 -0.4 5.17 Atlanta lands 103.0 107.5 -0.4 2.24 Actions lands 103.0 107.5 -0.4 2.25	Clause Manifestam Fund Manges List Clause Server, Sultanor, Wife. 197 Registrativity. Lenters SW7 1876. 197 Registrativity. Lenters SW7 1876. 198 Server, Sultanor, Wife. 197 Registrativity. Lenters SW7 1876. 198 Server, Sultanor, Wife. 198 Server, S	22 Profife Unit Truce measures 22 Bishopspots, London EC 22 Bishopspots, London EC 24 31 247 243 443 443 60 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 62
A=Ask 8=Bid C=Call P=Pax BASE LENDING RATES ABI Bask 82 • Charterhouse Bask 82	Atlanta Sinis Sator Fr. 40.6 43.0 +0.3 2.75	Discount Column	2 30 Unbridge Road, Logica W12 0" +12 000 3 151 lagar lot 900 958 +12 000 3 151 lagar lot 900 958 +12 000
Action & Company 82 Critistant MA 82 Martivestantister 82 Allied Arab Dit 9 City Merchants Bank 82 Morthern Bank Lid 82 Allied Doublar & Co 82 Cycetcle Bank 82 Norwind Ges. Tirest 82 Allied Irish Bank 82 Comm. Bb. II. East 82 Provincid Ges. Tirest 82 Aurerican Exp. Bk 82 Comm. Bb. II. East 82 Provincid Tirest Lid 92 Aurerican Exp. Bk 82 Comm. Bb. II. East 82 Provincid Tirest Lid 92 Aurer Bank 82 Comm. Br. II. 83 Aurer Bank 82 Comm. Br. II. 83 Aurer Bank 83 Aurer Bank 84 Aurer Bank 84 Aurer Bank 84 Aurer Bank 85 Aurer Bank 185 A	Statistics General 0.5 Limits 0.5 Limi	Geometric 12.1 12.5 1.	
Associates Cap Corp 10 Equit'r TistC'p pk 9 Rogal Trust Bank 82 Exister Trust List 9 Sunhi & William Sexs. 82 Santo de Billiam 82 Fireratio List 645 80 9 Sunhi & William Sexs. 82 Bank Happalim 82 First Mat. Fin. Carp. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		DA Account 193	Pu N American Growth 38.0 38.1 0.17 Put Derropan Growth 38.0 38.1 0.17 Put Sept Growth 48.0 38.1 0.17 Put Sept Growth 40.0 42.6 0.17 11 1.44 Productical Hodinary Unit Trests Lin(a) (b) (c) 51-69 libord Hill, Rend, Esset (6) 201. 00.478 3377 Note that the sept sept sept sept sept sept sept sep
Bank of Ireland 82 Girokank 82 Westper Trest Bank Pt. 82 Bank of India 92 Gradiers Bank 92 Westper Trest — 82 Bank of Scotland 82 Galenes Malons 82 Westper Bank Corp. 82 Bantye Belge Ltd 82 HFC Trest & Savings 82 Westper Bank Corp. 92 Barclays Bank 82 Heritable & Gen law 83 82 Beneficial Trest Ltd 82 Heritable & Gen law 83 82 Beneficial Trest Ltd 10 Bis Savind 882 C. Hoare & Co. 89 Wile Marses of the Acception Hauses	20 Chiveell St. London ELTY 4TY American. St.6 St.01 -0.11 2.38 American. St.6 St.6 St.01 -0.11 2.38 American. St.6 St.6 St.01 -0.11 2.38 American. St.0 St.01 -0.11 2.38 American. St.0 St.01 -0.11 2.38 American.	W. Cartin Rev. 19.1 19.2 13.5 Germany Horse, 16-18 Monagers Spring Sprin	Productical Molitors Unit Trusts L08(2) (47 (C) 51-69 Hond Hill, Hord, Esset (5) 201. U-78 3077 Hollows Unit Lett. 10 000 010395 7 45184 Hollows Cates Tat 53.9 57.3 -40.7 0.53 +0.6 41.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 1
Bertiner Bank, AG	Ranciags Unicero Ltd (a)(c)(g) Usicom No., 252 Remierd Rd, 67 Usicom Area Usicom Area 1425 1515 Da. Arel, Arc. 1425 1515 Da. Arel, Ire. 1425 1515 Da. Arel, Ire. 1425 1515 Da. Erre Geth. Arc. 1504 100-401 Da. Erre Geth. Arc. 1506 Da. Erre Geth. 1506 Da. Erre Geth. Arc. 15	manual mini minimum manual minimum mi	1.66 1.66
CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENT RATES (effective January 1988) single Per line col cm (min. 3 lines) (min. 3 cms)	De Extra Nichola 52 71.6 403 525 52.6 52.5 5	Prop 28 in Sec. Act. 28.1. 20.1. 30.1. 40.3. 40.3 40.5 Feet country (10) 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5	179 Reliance Unit Silyrs, Ltd 179
Appointments	On Leaves 132 184 222 184 121 227 184 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185	Continue	1.06 RC State Canalan Day 28.5 25.15 1.3 1
Contracts, Tenders 13.00 44.00 Premium positions available £10 per Single Column cm extra (Min 30 cms) All prices exclude VAT For further details write to: Classified Advertisement Manager FINANCIAL TIMES, 16 CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4P 45Y	Rawing Fund Managers Ltd	Description Property Proper	2279
FT CROSSWORD No.6,510 SET BY QUARK	Descript Treet	22 54 St. James St. London SWIA LIT 01.499 6383 GAR Fr East No. 1848 775 inc & Gris Pring Oct 9 1.120.0 1270.0 - 7.8 Access thints 56.1 60.5 -1 oct & Gris Pring Oct 9 1.120.0 1270.0 - 7.8 Access thints 1.120.0 1270.0 - inc & Gris Pring Oct 9 1.120.0 1270.0 - 7.8 Access thints 1.120.0 1270.0 - inc & Gris Pring Oct 9 1.120.	100 100
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	Bell Court Food Mingt PLC 1.1 Blooffeld St, London ECON 21.8 01-374 25234 For Ession	Shaddenn Floration Flora	1.55 PO Box 34, Peterfuronesh PEZ OUE 0733 220000 0.27 6.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 2.64 0.69 0.69 0.68 0.69 0.68 0.68 0.68 0.69 0.68
12 13 13 14 15 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Bishopopata Programive Mgrat. Co 13 St. James Pinist. Leadon SWIA 1899 01.—973 8111 Programbe Inc	Samiler Earn Graff 73 1 27 9.27 +0.3 3.04 Spreshant Unit Transk Managers Liupis Bit. Unit Tst. Mingrs. List (a) Unit rest (a) Unit rest (a) Unit rest (a) Unit rest (b) Unit rest (b) Unit rest (b) Unit rest (b) Unit rest (c) U	4.44
20 21 21 22 23 23 24 25 26 26 26 26 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	Brewin Polishin Unit Tet Moure Ltd	Price Computer 1987 12.5 12	2.06 Repail Treat Frant Management Ltd 0.51 3.47 3. Findary Sq., EC2A 1RT 0.458 2933 3.07 2.07 2.07 2.07 2.07 2.07 2.07 2.07 2
26 29 29		See	Second Dec 4 22.59 25.28 1.58
ACROSS 1 Language refinement (6) 4 I'm seedy 'n rocky, needing comtemplation (5,3) 6 Often taken off in the forces (10) 7 Pick rock that's not soft (5) 8 Tree in storms that's unda-	Bridge Fails Seedings 1942 23 Copital Res, London, EC28 799 25.5 -113	Or. GAL & Fall in late	September Sept
10 A bitter exchange put on by father (7) 11 Father has a steady pace round one, a country lover (7) 12 A special day in Rome dies out (4) 13 Passionate entreaty from the maged (6) 9 The man to worry? (5) 14 One with talent when young subject to king in turn (10) 17 Chemical substance (aluminium) relating to water? (9) 18 For an interval no newspaper	Breven Shipley & Co Ltd (a)(g) 9-17 Perrymont fet Hamands Htb 1844 412262/3445 Values of Parishe fee 77.4 79.8 +1.9 2.17 Values of Parishe fee 77.1 15.4 +1.9 2.17 Values of Parishe fee 77.1 1840 +1.1 2.14 S.S. Carerton fe	Without St., Affections, Seeding, MP22 703, Acres 4 1040 Exercises 17.2 704 405 177 Exercises 17.2 704 1	133 American 1907 106.01 145.175 135.275 145.28 1903.1 196.61 145.175 145.
French (3.2.5) 15 Musician loses heart, changes motive (6) 16 The Rivals' (but not in play (7) 20 Took a course that's deliberately contrived (7) 21 Aim for bit of 'elp with tan-	Managad Particle logo 73.4 79.8 -1.5 2.17 Managad Particle logo 73.4 79.8 -1.5 2.17 Managad Particle logo 73.4 79.8 -1.5 2.17 B.S. Convertion Ge -7.1 20.5 2.46 B.S. Convertion Ge -7.2 20.5 2.46 B.S. Convertion Ge -7.2 20.5 2.47 Company Front -7.2 20.5 2.47 Company Front -7.2 20.5 20.7 Company Front -7.2 20.5 20.7 Company Front -7.2 20.7 20.5 Company Front -7.2 20.7 20.5 Company Front -7.2 20.7 Company Front -7.2 20.7 Control -7.2 Control -7.2 20.7 Control -7.2 20.7 Control	Fig. 197 15.	1 225 Secondary 1982 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 9
gled net (6) 24 Not receptive? I am, by means of Open University, being vested in power (10) 26 Part of danger medic warms us about (4) Solution to Puzzle No.6,509	Brycourt Unit Trust Highert Ltd (a)(c)(d) Hesteth Hop Portners So, Wilk Olik (0),495 6362 taxoner Growth	Second Trial 27.5 21.7 42.7 42.8	1.54 Salve & Pressper Group 6.76 28 Wirsten Rd, Romford Rist 31.8 6.76 Capital No. 2 Presidal Sa, Edidorrio EH3 95X (Romford) 0.73 Rom No. 4 Geol File Land CC 228 9300 0.73 Rom No. 4 Geol File Land CC 228 9300
28 One being in wine company provides covered feature (7) 29 Tough member not welcome in joint (7) 30 Around the finish the judge is more with it (8) 31 Understand about everything in the Australian plant (6) SCAREDSTIFF SAW OUTER ANGOSTURA REET DOR'T ANGUSTURA TAMGERINE LUSZT VILETNAMS STEIN		F & C Flored by F 54.5 54.	C54 Services (2) C52 C53 C54 C
1 Tax collector called to the bar? (8) 2 Trial scene endlessly re-enacted? He could be there (9) 3 Piece of ground used to make		F & C. Layle-Nigers 1294 1910 40.2 2	148 191 192 193
alignment, we hear (4) 5 Lacking discretion, lacking right, lacking modesty (8) I E I L A I S D NO D DEADLETTERS	Barringe Unit Trust Magnet List 117 Festbards St. London ECSM SAL 00-480 7216 Shet Bul Cit & F1 (50.7 SL0) -0.1] L67	De Calcums	23 W. Seet Car's Grit. 104.0 206.3 4.27 128 23 125 Cd 206 206 206 206 206 206 206 206 206 206



くら、 (1947年) かいこう (1947年) かいこう (1947年) かいこう (1947年) (



The state of

1

-

1,4

4

100 mg

7

≇ किस्त ुरुर ही

44 4 --- 1-5 --- 1-5- 2

The second secon

.

1 K-

2 mg 3 mg

7**6 (4)** 33 (4) (8)

التحاسطة مسران

-

Market A.

34	LONDON SHARE SERVICE	INDISTRIALS (MISCEL) - LEINE.	INSURANC
224 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\frac	DRAPERY AND STORES - Contd ENGINEERING - Contd 1997	1987 1986	
1520 282- Dantas Re. 1	**************************************	206 199 189A Grosp	
14-2- Schopfield Canach 14-2- Schopfield	174 CAF 106 175	**************************************	
200 240 Br. Lami (UKI)21 380 1 12.4 4.5 274 Coaline Group 332 at 418 1437 310.9 669 395 Bark Sociard CL 381 4.5 13.1 3.4 4.5 89. 483 21.0 Coates Box. 324 4.1 145.7 3.1 23 16.9 685 68 Bark of Wales. 65 413 Bark Sociard CL 381 4.5 13.1 3.4 4.5 89. 483 177 Da. Y WY. 227 4.4 15.7 3.1 3.3 12.0 625 63 375 Benchmark 20p. 37 -1 1.43 1.6 6.0 14.6 17.0 2.7 14.6 17.6 17.0 1.2 17.0 2.7 14.6 17.6 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0	91. 48 Electronic Riminis. 37 91. 47 93.23 11 & 65 289 Electronic Riminis. 37 94. 47 95.8 289 Electronic Riminis. 37 95.8 42 16.3 289 Electronic Riminis. 37 96. 42 17 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180	1	THE AIRCRAIGHT AND AI
123 51 10, Warrants	28 135 Rammat & Handell Ma. 199 125 16 6.9 127 255 13 Les Reinformation. 269 125 16 6.9 127 255 13 Les Reinformation. 269 125 16 6.9 127 255 13 Les Reinformation. 269 125 16 6.9 127 255 16 Les Reinformation. 269 125 16 6.9 127 255 16 Les Reinformation. 269 125 16 6.9 127 255 16 Les Reinformation. 269 125 16 6.9 127 255 16 Les Reinformation. 269 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	150 50 Delaney 10p.	
76 540 Errorn (Mastew)	238 Newmark (Look) 248 45 148 7.7 12.5 253 106 207 5.5 118 42 13.25 31 43 118 134 50 Attention Elec. 5p. 46 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25 27.6 13.25	**************************************	SPAPERS.
25	197 25 25 26 26 26 26 26 26	2259 105 Do. 7pc Pt L. 135	AND THE STATE OF T
136 76 Frith	10 11 11 12 12 13 13 13 14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15	Section Sect	

A. Carlo	Financial Times Thursday Decemb	per 17 1987	LONDON SH	ARE SERVICE		35
Prid a H	INSURANCES - Contri	PAPER, PRINTING,	TEXTILES — Contri	TRUSTS, FINANCE, LAND - Contd	OIL AND GAS — Central	MINES - Contri
्रास्त्रीत क्षेत्रकारित्रीत्रीत्रीत्रीत्रीत्रीत्रीत्रीत्रीत्री	100 /5 Safure Ins. Inst	1987 Sinck Price	1997 1998 1,000 1998 1,000 1998 1,000 1998 1,000 1998 1,000 1998 1,000 1998 1,000 1,00	57 20 Rioreis Ser Annes Sep. 22	165 SR Ringston Of & Cut Style 65 10 23 Wilcomer (OR AS) 25 162 394 161 ASSED 269 192 122 101 Dr. Vigor 100 198 123 101 Dr. Vigor 100 198 123 26 Hillsander Pet 50 32 124 135 26 Hillsander Pet 50 32 24 137 38 12 77 Narrietz 100 29 37 138 12 77 Narrietz 100 29 37 139 3 Wilcomerat OR 50 13 15 3 [1 Mercy Per 50 13 15 198 30 9 Hillsander OR W. F2 198 30 9 Hillsander OR 50 13 15 3 [1 Mercy Per 50 13 15 198 68 14 New London OR 50 22 38 180 23 Abits See Cer 25 275	25 Wilestathurra 28c 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39
igy (1934) (or a goldy a bligger alleg 1934 (or a late) (or a late) 1934 (or alleg Albert de Albert alleg	Pining	167 27 Santhi Up	175 Common (in the part 1955 1975	33 15 De Werrankt 15	34 13 Freschin Res. 13 12.0 1 12.0 13 13 12.0 14 12.0 14 12.0 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	Procure Mining 19
understättig etterfettigen ett i 19 maart – 1900 – 190 (1900) Referenske sakkligen in Reggen i	274 211 275 286	129 70	TOBACCOS 709 382 BAT Ind	106 97 80 2cm Div Pri	110 50 Africas Labora 53	Miscellaneous 47
gingi i goja ti galandi ingigera gigika 1900 - Palandi I alan 1901 - Palandi 1915 - Palandi Batti Mana Hri Bittina	150 150 Medminster 10p. 276 -77 2.3 -5 2.1 2.3 3.0 1.5 Medminster 10p. 287 -21 4.0 4.1 4	275 130 Day She Estates 190 1.53 4 1.4 6 170 76-12 train Releases 190 1.53 4 1.4 6 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170	197 122 Altan bu	38 33.2 17 Pacific ion Tat Sp. 322 +12 134 12 23 135 136 137	416 200 Do. W HV 10p. 395 +10 7.1 pt. 3.2 5.2 500 422 134 Phyl Park ind 10p. 265 +11 7.88 4.2 4 6 52677 2533 Do. Spr. Do. Spr. Do. 2533 2-2 0.99% -1.8 6 526 110 100 100 100 100 527 110 100 100 100 100 528 100 100 100 100 539 100 100 100 100 549 100 100 100 100 540 100 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 550 100 100 100 550 100 1	10
្លាក់បានម៉ូត្រូវ មាលល់ ក្រើយនេះ ជាការការ រូប ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី	220 12 Sags Note: 20 171 45 22 31 51	769 290 Rement Valley S. 515 +7 466 1.11 1.2 405 105 Dayer. 133 90 Egerina Treet. 139 +17 1.75 2.2 1.5 3.8 132 210 1.0 130 10.0 130 10.0 130 10.0 130 1.	2014 205 Dr. Sepchell S 1995 205 2 1 0/4 273 275	73 42 Wate & Harmer (1919) 73 42 Wate & Harmer (1919) 73 42 Wate & Harmer (1919) 74 16 17 10 10 64ge Or Nr PF. 122 121 141 6474 711 308 93 Water Scording 10p. 128 +8 11.9 82 2.0 98 43 Water Response. 5122 -2 2.0 8.9 5.3 101 15 Week had by Tu Sp. 255 101 15 Week had by Tu Sp. 255 101 15 Week had by Tu Sp. 255 101 10 Week had by Tu Sp. 255 101 10 Week had by Tu Sp. 255 101 10 Week had by Tu Sp. 255 101 102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	76 43 Angle-East Plants	Contained Courters
्राप्त्रकार विकास स्थापना स्यापना स्थापना स्थापना स्थापना स्थापना स्थापना स्थापना स्थापना स्य	MOTORS, AIRCRAFT TRADES 294, 150	710 375 Ramessar West. 481 48 11.5 14 31.072 131 527 Ramessar Breet Ib. 48 48 11.5 14 31.072 132 52 165 Ramess Breet Ib. 49 42.25 10 12.7 12 1105 570 Ramess Breet Ib. 5754 425 14.6 3.5 3.5 11.2 363 85 Refera Res 54. 151 41 104.68.6 04 7.7 94 42 Filk Land. 51 41 104.68.6 04 7.7 95 10 BROD Ib. 59 50 99 12.7 14.6 3.5 13.1 201 575 Bark in Phys 50.01 770 416 32.00 - 7.1 - 9.0 201 575 Bark in Phys 50.01 770 416 32.00 - 7.1 - 9.0 201 575 Bark in Phys 50.01 770 416 32.00 - 7.1 - 9.0 201 575 Bark in Phys 50.01 770 416 32.00 - 7.1 - 9.0 201 575 Bark in Phys 50.01 770 416 32.00 - 7.1 - 9.0 201 575 Bark in Phys 50.01 770 416 32.00 - 7.1 - 9.0 202 105 Bark in Phys 50.01 770 416 32.00 - 7.1 - 9.0 203 105 Bark in Phys 50.01 770 416 32.00 - 7.1 - 9.0 205 315 Bark in Res 200 - 5.0 207 107 107 B	853 780 Continental & Ind	256 132 Ratiks 50 123 125 15 22 103 23 23 25 25 132 Ratiks 50 16 17 125 16 27 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	985 22 ENGO 10.30 386 -10 10000 27 81 are 970 136 irrotofel 25c 46 40 40 13113 are 126 131 174 are 126 131 are 126	28 Tonorous (eleve 20) 31 28 Tonorous (eleve 20) 31 29 L2
Allering objects dominate of reservations of the second MORNING THERE FRANCISCHI	129 70 Reft's 106 25 3 4.25 1.3 7.0 1.19 300 133 Bouty 506 172 41 46.2 27 50 98 448 227 FR Grapp 258 438 43 25 147 249 95 Kapti-Fit Hildes 106 254 412 338 1.7 20.4 755 465 Leas Inds. 20 527 415 360 338 42 6.7 249 96 Kapti-Fit Hildes 106 257 415 360 338 42 6.7 240 100 Released in Section 106 22 -1 0.71 0.2 4.4 520 175 Released IG. D. 435 425 446 43 1.3 1.3 521 175 Released IG. D. 435 425 446 43 1.3 1.3 521 175 Released IG. D. 435 425 446 43 1.3 1.3 522 125 Eases Relations 236 425 446 446 523 245 245 245 245 524 247 247 248 247 106 525 125 Eases Relations 236 437 448 2.7 106 125 125 Relation 126 437 448 2.7 106 126 Relation 126 437 448 2.7 106 126 Relation 126 437 448 2.7 106 126 Relation 126 441 448 2.7 106 126 Relation 126 441 448 2.7 106 126 Relation 236 441 457 448 2.7 106 127 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 129 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 12	113 93 Lanin Scardins 15p 21 +15 139 37 93 129 129 120	155 266 Eng. & Stot. Inn. 285 1.7 2.2 2.	80 36 Edithuryk Fra Tit 39 41 84 -21 -39 37 161 Edithuryh Fra Tit 39 41 82 -29 37 30 Ed Laws 10p. 35 42 37 30 Ed Laws 10p. 35 42 37 30 Ed Laws 10p. 35 42 37 31 32 37 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	Section Sect	Interim state increased or resisted interim state reduced, pasted or deferred Tast-free to non-residents on application. Figures or rebard availated. Tast-free to non-residents on application. Figures or rebard availated to application. Figures or rebard availated to state described to same despres of regulation as listed securities. Dealt in under Rule 535(3). Price at time of asspection indicated divident after pending scrip auditor rights issue; cover relates to previous divident or forecast. Merger bid or reorganisation in progress. Not comparable. Same interior, reduced final auditor reduced earnings indicated Forecast dividend; cover on earnings updated by latest interim statement. Cover allians for conversion of shares not now ranking for dividends or ranking only for restricted dividend. Cover does not allow for starces which may also rank for dividend at a future date. No P/E association of the state of the forestime.
មិនមាន មិនមួយនេះមារិបានមាននេះ បា ប្រជាពលរដ្ឋបាន បានប្រជាពលរដ្ឋបាន មានមាន នាងការមានមានការបានស្វាន់ក្រុមប្រាប់	200 150 170	260 66 Parishin Hidgs. 10p. 31d 412 12d 22d 32d 32d 32d 32d 32d 32d 32d 32d 3	233 111 Finning Far Entiters. 140 141 140 141 141 142 142 142 142 143 144 145	198 70 Kalent Kirj Nu 120 110 110 127 127 127 128 110 128 110 128 110 128 110 128	\$\frac{\partial \text{int} \text{ int} \te	To be place it in the control of the
** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	130 160	19	17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	112 69 Revisionance Holes 20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	160	r official estimates for 1987. a Scott. R Forecast associated rided, cover and pie hased on prospector or other official mater. I Figures associated. W Pro forma figures, 2 Divided total hate. REGIONAL & IRISH STOCKS Infloring is a selection of Regional and Irish stocks, the latter being quotest in Irish correctly. REGIONAL & IRISH STOCKS Infloring is a selection of Regional and Irish stocks, the latter being quotest in Irish correctly. Fig. 19. 710. Fig. 19. 7
AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	## ADVERTISING 10 43 14 14 15 14 14 15 14 14	SHIPPING 101 Charless (Horses) 128 +3 4.72 12 5.5 14.1 99 35 Fisher (L) 72 +4 4.22 4.3 4.7 120 211 Colonia - Luman St 27.1 +4 4.22 4.3 4.7 120 65 Reals Ship (L) 250 +4 4.22 4.3 4.7 120 75 Real Sin (L) 250 +4 4.3 4.7 120 20 20 20 4 4.3 4.7 120 20 20 4 4.3 4.7 120 20 20 4 4.3 4.7 120 20 20 4 4.7 120 20 20 4 4.7 120 20 20 4 4.7 120 20 20 4 4 120 20 20 4 120 20 20 4 120 20 20 4 120 20 20 4 120 20 20 4 120 20 20 4 120 20 20 4 120 20 20 4 120 20 20 4 120 20 20 4 120 20 20 4 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20 20 120 20 20 120 20 20 20 120 20	25. 25. 1f. Far. Wit SA for 94. 252. 42 22. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25	2 2 9 Nakehish Per. III 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	138 22 Wacara Sacarities 20c 22	IRISH Delder 300
AND	228 57 Secret High 105 23 21 22 23 21 22 23 23	220 125 04.63 pc Car Ref P1 144 -55 6.7% -528 159 159 150 pc 65 pc CD P1 1 127 -13 157 -1 158 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159	200 Ca. 2nd Cap. 40 225 215 247 217 218 227 228 229 239 245	6 665 24 Convertall Sp. 28 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	153 22 Nontrell Pacific	TSB
のでは、100mmの	170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170	00 135, there is 10.30 40 42 415 2.71 a.d 32 215 2.71 a.d 32 3.71 a.d 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 3	190	20 27 Residency for 4 Cas. 28 27 27 28 28 28 28 28	67 12 Windlas Ocean Res 28	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
. · ·						

Account Dealing Date:

Dealings Dec 18 Jan 8

UK EQUITIES took a more confident stride along the road yesterday which both traders and investors hope will lead to a sustained recovery in leading shares before the end of financial calendar year. For the seventh time out of the past eight trading sessions, the main market indices progressed with the FT-SE 100 share extending its rise over the current Account to 107 points. On the day the "Footsie" index was 19.8 higher at 1689.8.

This was not a a particularly sharp gain by any standards but, taken in context, was an impressive movement for the trend had been easier in pre-market busi-ness. Uncertainty over the out-look for crude oil prices together with Wall Street's rather indecisive performance overnight were the factors citedfor the dull start.

The announcement of a net repayment of \$1.55bn on public sector borrowing during November - estimates had ranged from a deficit of \$300 to a surplus of \$1.75bn - was encouraging news but prices had begun their move higher before the 11.30 am dis-closure.

Agency brokers reported some decent early orders for the major exporters on the back of the slightly lower pound, while-technical demand for the underlying securities was prompted by the expiry of the December traded options contract institutional operators continued to trade stock on a short-term basis without displaying enthusiasm

to invest longer. The morning surge carried the FT-SE index up over 28 points but with business thereafter largely confined to marketmakers squaring their positions the tone softened. A reactionary trend early yesterday on Wall Street ensured a continuation of the movement in London.
The Wood Mackenzie research

team comments * FT-SE is mov-ing solidly towards the top of our trading range. The downside now appears clearly established and longer term UK equities offer reasonable returns. However, the bond markets are telling us that major uncertainties exist, and therefore the major break above 1700 will have to wait until the New Year.

Gilt-edged securities shied at the good PSBR news after failing to respond earlier to a stronger tone in US Treasury bills. The action switched to the shorter end of the market following the £1bn issue of new Treasury 8 per cent Convertible 1990 stock.

heavier than had been anticipated with market sources sug-gesting that some £750m, in £50-paid form, could have been reflect. sold. Tenders were allotted in

full at the minimum tender price

of \$98. UK building societies, and certain overseas institutionals, were thought to be the main buyers because the stock offered serious opportunities for future

lower reflecting a lack of investment funds and the belief that the unsold supplies of the new stock could weigh on the market. Most railied from the lowest to close with losses of 4 or so on the day. The longs eased only marginal amounts.

Britoil shares continued to mirror market stories that a full bid could be on the way from BP and moved ahead strongly to close a net 14 higher at 406p. The UK independent oil com-pany's shares were well bid first thing as Salomon Bros, the US

securities house, moved back into the market, apparently on behalf on ARCO and bid 390p a share for up to 22m Britoil shares, or around 4 per cent of Britoil's equity. Salomon's success was apparently limited.

A full bid by BP for Britoil,

some time today is still expected by dealers who pointed to strong buying yesterday by marketmak-ers known to have acted previously on behalf of other major international oil and gas groups.

programme aimed at acquiring a Sentiment in the oils sector 15 per cent stake in BP — a story was additionally upset by news confirmed after hours when it that Brent crude for January was announced that the KIO delivery had dipped back to close stake had been increased to 15.02 at \$16.75 a barrel after initially per cent. This news immediately edging up to \$17 a barrel. through the system. But what interested traders and analysts of the oils sector more was the big-ger than usual turnover in BP "old" or fully-paid shares where a turnover of 25m shares saw the share price close a net penny off

Demand for the "new" was apparently carried out via the normal channels for the KIO stake but buying of the old was

ent Convertible 1990 stock. eveson had offered a 9.5 per cent Demand for the stock was stake in Tricentrol to the merchant bank advising Elf at 200p

Equities advance for the seventh time in the

past eight trading sessions FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES gearing on conversion.

Shorter-dated bonds turned

	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec	Uec.	TOOL	-	~		
	26	15	14	111	10	Ago	High	Low	High	Low
Government Sera	87.66	87.98	87.94	88.37	88.94	82.13	93.32	83.73	127.A	49.18
		ĺ	l	i	Į.	Ι.	(8/5)	(19/10)	(9/1/35)	פתעט
Fixed laterest	94.90	96.05	96.01	96.21	96.52	89.15	99.12	90.23	105.4	50.53
_	l	i	l	i	l	l	0.5/6)	2D	(28/11/47)	G/1/75)
Ordinary \$	1348.9	1332.0	13124	1310.7	1285.0	12761	1926.2	· 1232.0	1926.2	49,4
_	l	l	l	Į	l	l	CIEM)	(MII)	Q67/87).	(26/6/40)
Gold Mines	320.4	327.5	336.0	327.3	324.3	315.9	497.5	261.6	734.7	435
	ŀ	}	l [.]	i	l	1	(4/8)	S.E.AC	0.5/2/83)	(26/10/71)
Ord. Ohy. Yield	4,64	4,70	4.77	4.72	4.83	4.47	<u> </u>			
Earnings Yld. %(full)	i1.59	21.74	11.87	13.68	11.95	10.60	<u> </u>	ndices	Dec.15	Dec_14
P/E Ratio (setX*)	10:57	10.43	30.32	10.48	10.24	11.57		Bargalus		11118
SEAQ Bargains (Seet)	24,387	21,238	21,883	23,258	25,469	34,415		PMS		151.3
Equity Turnover (Earl)		1130.65	934.61	1318.86	1149.41	1270.07		g		
Equity Bargalos		24,017	23,344	25,993	25,222	62.517	GDt Edged i	B aryales	103.3	109.7
• • •		555.2	350.0	616.4	588.8	586.9	Equity Barg	#186		159.4 2298.2
Shares Traded (mi)) 222/	35,431	010.9	300.5	200.7	Equity Value	ŧ	22541 	22702
							<u></u>			_
♥ Opening 1.0 a	LITT.	11 a.m.		Noon	1 p.r	n.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	. 4	p.m.
1331.2 134	4.4	1351.4	ıl 12	359.7			1359.1			49.7
		1	., ,		,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		[1 1	

Day's High 1360.9 Day's low 1331.2 out. Sess 15/10/26, Fixed lot. 1928, Ordinary 1/7/35, Gold Mines 12/9/55, S E Activity 1974, * NH=10.45

LONDON REPORT AND LATEST SHARE INDEX: TEL. 01-0898 123001

Sentiment in the oils sector are expected to be revealed to the sector was additionally upset by news \$450m compared with last year's Regional brewers continued to that Brent crude for January delivery had dipped back to close at \$16.75 a barrel after initially debts failed to trouble a banking ments. J.A. Deventsh met with

could now be gearing up for a much bigger stake in the UK's 706p after RTZ moved to biggest company. BP "new" increase its offer to 700p a share, shares were finally a penny off at 70½p with another big turnover in the shares - 47m moved through the system But what increase its offer to 700p a share, valuing the company at some \$253m. The mining group originally offered 550p a share for MK after launching a dawn raid which accumulated a near 22 per cent stake in the electrical group. cent stake in the electrical group.
French group Legrand subsequently topped RTZ's offer and bid 660p a share for MK.

Buying of MK after RTZ's agreed bid reflected minor speculative interest based on hopes of yet another bid for the company,

stake but buying of the old was persistent and carried out by at least two other traders, mainly on the inter-dealer broking system.

Tricentrol, currently the subject of a 145p a share bid from French group Elf, slipped 4 to 168p despite the revelationthat securities house Kleinwort Grieveson had offered a 9.5 per cent stake in Tricentrol to the merstake in Trice Grand Metropolitan continholding. The news seems to con-

edging up to \$17 a barrel. sector which, according to deal-MK Electric shares raced ers, lacked any substantial interest. Lloyds were a shade off and closed 4 down at 223p. Merchant

> tors. Pearl, a bid candidate in recent, weeks were the outstanding performer in lifes and rose 6 to 348p on the back of a buy recommendation from BZW, while **London and Manchester**, boosted by a brokers recommendation, added 5 more to 230p.
>
> Commercial Union continued

Brokers proved one of the mara share.
Other leading oils continued to reflect recent take-profits advice from at least three top UK secu
Other leading oils continued to reflect recent take-profits advice its shareholding in Martell from the last three top UK secu
10 to around 20 per cent with sector. Minet, where St Paul of

BP continued to attract substantial interest with the Kuwait dropped 15 more to 249p,
Investment Office said to have virtually completed its buying programme aimed at acquiring a progr

further support following the preliminary figures and closed 20 up at 288p. Despite the 49 per cent rise in profits, County NatWest the investment house. is looking for a further substan-tial increase in earnings and rate the shares as a "buy".

wort Benson added 4 at 285p.

The insurance sector was again featured by heavy buying interest triggered by rumours of edged a few pence higher to edged a few pence highe market expectations while Guin-ness, reflecting news that the proposal to purchase its own shares has been approved by shareholders, gained 2 to 290p.

Allied Lyons were a relatively lively market and closed 9 to the

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

reports of a broker's recommendation, added 2 to 158p. Elsewhere, Nurdin and Peacock revived strongly with a gain of 8 at 129p, but William Morrison eased back on profit-taking to close 14 cheaper at 271p. Borth-wick shed a penny to 38p follow-401p. Ragby touched 220p at one stage before settling a net 12 up at 217p following a sizeable ing poor annual results, but Acatos and Hutcheson added 4 to
429p in response to good preliminary figures. Appletree gained
12 to 135p in a restricted market.

Trusthouse Forte were sup-ported at 215p, up 5, as vague bid rumours resurfaced. Lad-

up at 217p following a sizeable buying order reportedly conducted through market makers Smith New Court. Blue Circle firmed 2 to 327p helped by traded option activity. BPB Industries found support at 245p, up 5, while Mariey, still reflecting a broker's recommendation, gained a similar amount to 135p. Ruberoid enjoyed a speculative run and touched 140p prior to closing 7 higher on balance at 134p. In the Construction sector, Barratt Developments made fresh progress to close 9 higher at 179p, but recent speculative favourite George firm start, but closed well below the best as starling rallied from an initial fall. Hamson were one of the most actively traded stocks (some 5.7m shares changed hands) before settling 4 firmer on the day at 131p. Among the other more notewor-thy movements, **Reed Interna-**tional held a rise of 12 at 394p. but the volume of trade was only corell while BOC coded a similar speculative favourite George Wimpey encountered profit-traking and shed 10 to 222p. Tar-mac edged up 7 to 227p and Wil-son (Connolly) gained 8 at 294n 294p.
Chemicals met with selective small while BOC ended a similar buying interest. Laporte rose 10 to 358p and Allied Colloids added 3 to 108p, the latter helped by a broker's recommendation. ICI flucutated narrowamount higher at 377p. Glaxo remained a subdued market and closed with little alteration at 968p, Salomon Brothers, the US investment house, are taking a tactical stance on the stock and lyignoring the better overall tone and closed virtually unchanged

are advising clients to sell on any rise in the share price. Storehouse shares raced up to close 18 higher at 264p amid talk that a counter bid to the Benlox any rise in the snare price.
Elsewhere, Wellcome, up 15
at 384p, remained in the limelight in the wake of a Press article in the Financial Times sugthat a counter bid to the Benlox offer, which closes on Friday, could be on the cards. Turnover in Storehouse totalled 6.3m shares. Dixons, upset by rumours of a profits downgrading by a leading broking house, slipped 4 to 202p.

Among the Engineers, Whessee came into prominence, closing 9 to the good at 100p as Overseas Strategic Investments gesting that the company's anti/ Aids drug Retrovir is unlikely to meet with a competitor for at least the next 18 months. Morgan Crucible, in contrast, dipped 10 to 242p in the wake of the agreement to purchase Insulating Products Group from McDermott International for a consideration of \$37m. The deal

Overseas Strategic Investments announced that it had disposed announced that it had disposed of its 6.2 per cent holding in the company. **Eolls-Royce** were an active market (around 9m shares changed hands) and settled 6 better at 116p. **Birmid Qualcast** put on 6 to 316p following the company's further rejection of Blue Cimilers 30th per share cash is to be partly financed by the issue of 320m Convertible Preference shares of \$1 each at par. However, acquisition news prompted a gain of 11 at 389p in British Vita and left Bowater a few pence firmer at 341p. Red-fearn, in which Overseas Strate-Blue Circle's 300p per share cash gic investments increased its stake to 29.95 per cent, featured with a fresh gain of 19 at 444p making a two-day rise of 95.
English China Clays closed a Selected leading Foods moved higher amid a much healthler turnover. Tate and Lyle, with 645,000 shares traded, rose 10 to

few pence easier at 391p after announcing preliminary figures much in line with market expec-tations. Bid hopes enlivened fresh interest in Bridon which rose 8 to 154p. BAA, reflecting the November traffic figures, improved 3 to 98p.

Midsummer Leisure replied

strongly to news of doubled annual profits, the price rising 21 to 297p.

The Motor sector displayed several good gains. Jaguar attracted fresh support at 283p, up 6, while Lucas rose 13 to were reported.

517p. ERF were a feature following details of sharply increased half-year profits and ruse 30 to 218p. Among Distributors, Caffyns scored following excellent interim figures and closed some 32 higher at 415p. Appleyard advanced 20 to 328p and C.D. Bramall put on 25 to 475p. Lex Service firmed 8 to 271p.

Confirmation of the acquisition of Californian based Men-doza Dillon and Asociados left WPP 8 to the good at 366p. WCRS, up 10 at 205p, reflected the purchase of Cohn Wells for an initial consideration of \$1.8m with further payments of up to 2 maximum of \$8.2m. VPI, helped y currency influences, dvanced smartly to close 16

broke, mentioned as a possible suitor, agined 9 to 339p on talk of a broker's recommendation.
International stocks made a firm start, but closed well below the best as storling vallied from higher at 284p. ued to move ahead strongly, clos-ing 40 higher at 503p. The com-pany is expected to be used as a vehicle to build up a Scottish consumer products and services

Leading Properties made fresh progress although the excitment caused by the market raid on Great Fortland Estates on Tuesday was lacking. In fact, Great Portland, after Tuesday's heady gain following the pur-chase of a 122 per cent stake by an institutional client of War-burg Securities, eased back on profit-taking to close 10 cheaper

at 296p.
Peachey attracted renewed speculative buying and firmed 5 afresh to 365p, after 368p, while Egerton Trust, in a market short of stock, put on 17 to 159p a three-day rise of 31. Parkdele revived with a gain of 12 at 114p and Speyhawk advanced 22 to 200m.

P. and O. Deferred came to life, rising 18 to 514p

Bat Indsutries, reflecting currency influences, moved ahead to around 437p before settling 11 higher on the

day at 432p. Traded option activity expan-ded in line with increased volded in line with increased out-umes in equities. Contracts totailed 32,078 comprising 22,842 calls and 9,236 puts. Hanson contributed 2,646 calls and 129 puts. Boots registered 709 calls and 1,604 puts. The FTSE con-tract attracted 619 calls and 777

Traditional Options • First dealings Dec 14 Last dealings Dec 31
Last declarations Mar 17

• For Settlement Mar 28
For rate indications see end of Stocks to attract money for the call included Oxford Instruments, NatWest, Brunswick Oil, Sainsbury, Lonrho, Fisons, STC, MS Interna-tional, Pentland Industries,

FT - ACTUARIES INDICES

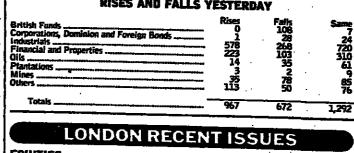
	EQUITY GROUPS & SUB-SECTIONS	Wednesday December 16 1987							Mon • Dec 14	Fri Dec 11	Year ago (approx)
F	igures in parentheses show number of stocks per section	Index No.	Day's Change %	Est. Earnings Yield?\(\)	Gross Div. Yield% (Act at (27%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	nd adj. 1987 to date	ladex No.	Index No.	ludex No.	index No.
1	CAPITAL 6000S (214)	699.56	+1.4	10.42	4.19	12.84	28.46	679.82	669.84		674.25
2	Building Materials (30)	879.23	+15	11.21	4.28	11.09	26.06	866.27	852.63	841.93	#58.83
3	Contracting, Construction (33)	1300.91	+1.0	10.16	3.85	13.06 13.85	34.66 64.72	1287.73			1162.80
. 4 5	Electricals (14)	1949.00 1481.60	+2.0	9.39 10.75	4.77 3.51	12.15	38.48	1911.20 1459.45			1723.94 1434.15
6	Mechanical Engineering (60)	351.63	+24	30.60	4.69	11.88	12.17	343.42		337.22	
8	Metals and Metal Forming (7)		+1.7	9.97	3.96	12.10	12.48	416.79			
ĕ	Motors (14)	245.67	+28	12.25	4.74	9.51	7.36	240.90	235.27	233.64	262.67
1Ó	Other Industrial Materials (23)	1194.34	+0.2	8.84	4.35	13.45	37.65				
21	CONSUMER GROUP (182)		+17	8.73	3.63	34.57	24.88	984.29	974.72		935.07
22	Brewers and Distillers (21)	952 16	+14	10.95	4.03	11.51	24.09	939.35	937.56		934.76
25	Food Manufacturing (23)	874.22	+0.9	9.46	3.96	13.55	22.50	807.32	797.66	792.29	730.18
26.	Food Retailing (17)	2008.77	+0.5	7.98	3.04	16.71	47.36	1990.65	1986.60	1964.89	1826.51
27	Health and Household Products (10)	1716.57	+1.4	6.84	2.62	17.44	33.67	1692.76	1675.23	1719.63	1598.61
29	Lelsure (29)	1079.57	+1.3	8.08	4.32	15.45	29.83	1966.13			963.34
31	Packaging & Paper (16)	483.35	+2.9	8.72	3.75	15.09	12.53	469.62	462.58	452.15	482.56
32	Publishing & Printing (15)	3217.14	+2.9	6.83	4.54	18.55	98.06	3726.33		3820.27	2708.80
34	Stores (35)	82A.84	+1.5	9.14	3.67	14.68	20.18	812.77	805.67	814.05	814.86
35	Textiles (16)	588.25	+22	11.18	4.00	.10.30	17.60	575.72	556.19	553.A4	543.21
40	OTHER GROUPS (87)	8JA.37	+1.6	11.33	4.54	10.97	22.64	801.79	767.77	785.29	799.03
41	Agencies (17)	972.00	+0.6	7.25	2.45	17.85	17.18	972.90	948.60	953.38	0.0
42	Chemicals (21)	1622,11	+1.7	18.00	4.58	12.28	33.55	1010.97	982.31	973.85	1008.29
43 45	Conglomerates (13)	1889,04 1698,64	+1.8	10.92 10.03	4.79	10.51 13.67	28.57 57.73	1069.95 1659.05	1942.47 1624.15	1036.15 1637.61	0.0 1513.40
47	Telephone Networks (2)	847.06	+1.4	12.71	5.00	10.47	20.21	235.50	129.69	228.69	883.05
48	Miscellaneous (23)	1120.29	+22	13.72	4.26	8.67	34.90	1996.48	1987.88	1088.45	1102.84
			_	_							
49	INDUSTRIAL GROUP (483)	876,17	+1.4	9.86	4.61	12.77	23.54	863.70	857.16	850°čī	\$48,71
51	Oil & Gas (17)	1630.90		20.19	6.83	12.18	65.84	1631.69	1612.85	1633.88	1469.89
<u>59</u>	500 SHARE INDEX (508)	948.14	+1.2	9.91	4.31	12.67	27.18	928.81	914.65	917.63	893.99
61	FINANCIAL GROUP (121)	698.74	+0.7	-	514	Ī	22.25	604.22	578.94	595.92	606.20
62	Banks (8)	692.96	-0.1	22.12	6.49	5.98	26.94	683.78	618.37	689,45	668.73
65	Insurance (Life) (8)	898.68		l - 1	5.12	-	32.56	898.16	893,05	880.92	256.96
66	Insurance (Composite) (7)	504.57	+2.0	ļ <u>-</u> . ļ	5.46		20.16	494.62	483.47	473.29	452.21
67	Insurance (Brokers) (8)	889.58	+5.9	12.48	6.46	10.26	40.26	840.37	827.18	132.95	1159.62
68	Merchapt Banks (11)	372.29	+0.2	-	4.57		10.09	311.72	370.11	311.57	343.76
69	Property (49)	936.48	+0.7	5.60	3.28	22.83	22.00 31.96	930.64	984,78	905.86 962.54	798.88 363.15
70	Other Financial (30)	357.51	+0.7	10.14	4.43	12.47		354.94	357.26		
71	Investment Trusts (87)	777.61	+0.8	<u></u>	3.25		27.32	771.78	762 M	766.52 426.10	869.27
81	Mining Finance (2) Overseas Traders (10)	435.97 925.11	-0.2 +1.3	10.43 9.77	3.91	18.80 12.01	12.77 37.80	434.91 912.85	47.97	884.25	327.76 750.55
91	CVERSES (TOURS)				5.40				893.48	831.09	#3U33 #37.34
99	ALL-SHARE INDEX (720)	457.61	+1-1	-	4,41	-	25.52	\$42.23	832.18	وسنده	97174
	-	lastex No.	Day's Charge	Day's Hilab	Day's	Dec 15	Dec 14	Dec 11	Dec 10	Dec 9	Year
_	FT-SE 100 SHARE INDEX &									1639.3	_

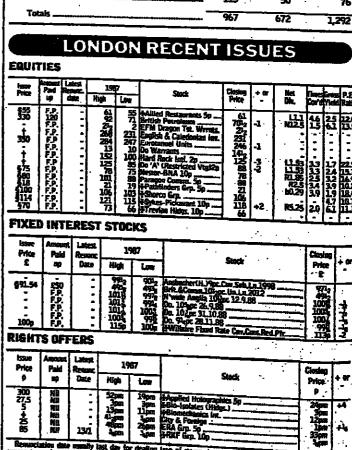
	FD	(ED I	NTE	REST	•			AVERAGE GROS REDEMPTION Y	Wed Dec 16	Tue Dec 15	Year age . (approx.)	
	PRICE INDICES	Wed Dec 16	Day's change %	Tue Dec 15	zd adj. today	xd adj. 1987 to date			5 years 15 years 25 years	8.98 9.68 9.49	8.84 9.65 9.47	9.89 10.46 10.46
. 3		159.34	-9.42 -0.42 -0.17 -0.58	123.29 138.83 144.88 160.27	0.54 1.21 -	13.71 14.01 13.59	6 7 8 9	Medison Cospois High Cospois	5 years	9.46 9.49 9.69 9.75 20.02 9.75 9.41	9.50 9.84 9.66 9.57 9.98 9.72 9.29	11.21, 10.80 10.47 11.26 10.98 16.53 10.20
6 7	All stocks	134.22 124.41 117.03 117.46	+0.01	135.25 124.40 117.02 117.45	0.52 - -	2.18 3.15 3.06	11.11	Index-Linked inflation rate 5% inflation rate 5% inflation rate 10% inflation rate 10%	Syrs Oner 5 yrs 5 yrs Oner 5 yrs	2.83 3.88 3.20 3.95	2,32 3,88 3,19 3,95	3.82 3.76 2.23 3.59
	Debeubres & Loans	117.10	-0.31	117.46 85.50		10.64	持	Deix & Luans	5 years 15 years 25 years	10.89 10.91 10.92	10.82 10.86 10.89	11.76 11.68 11.59
10	Preference	85.51	+0.02	60.50	<u> </u>	-	18	Preference		10.66	18.60	11.85

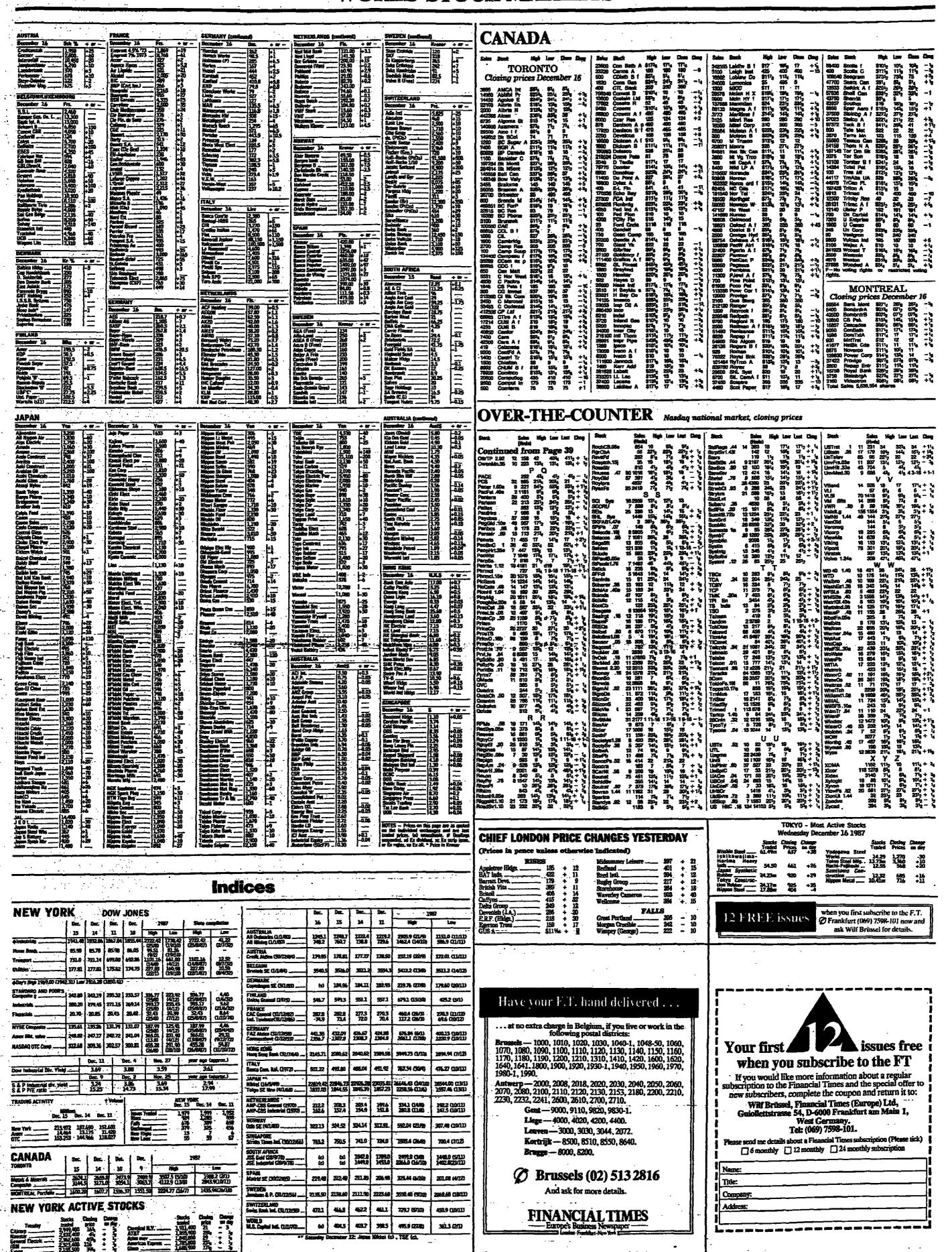
ut \$10%.

I	- 12t - 12		. ·				•				7	7.					1
ľ	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		-	CALLS		_	PUTS					CALLS			PUTS	 _	ľ
ì	Oction		Jaa	Apr.	Jal	Jan.	Apr.	J#4L	Option		Feb.	YELLS YELLS	Apg.	Feb	May	Aug	ı
Į	Allied Lyees (*338)	300 330 360	48 25 11	60 42 28	68 50 37	5 15 30	13 23 38	22 33 48	LASI60 (*267)	250 280 300	35 25 20	49 42 33	60 53 45	27 37 52	38 53 65	48 58 73	١,
ĺ	Brit. Alineys (*148)	130 140 160	21 14 5	30 25 16	36 30 22	3 7 18	9 14 22	13 18 26	P. & O. (*520)	460 500 550	80 52 22	95 45 45	108 80	13 23	22 35 73	30 50	AAA
l	Brit. & Consts. (*296)	280 300 330	30 18	45 35 22	57 45 35	12 20 40	22	30 40 55	Pikington (*204)	200 220	20 10	30 20	38 28	17 28	22 33	27 40	8
	8.P. (*244.)	220 240 260	33 18 8	40 27 17	48 37 27	4 9 20	11 20 35	17 27 37	Plessy (*156.)	190 140 160	32 24 13	39 32 22	44 37 27	31 ₂ 8 16	7 12 20	10	8 8 8
l	Bass (*808)	750 900 850	77 45 22	115 85 63	140 113 90	17 35 65	35 55 85	45 68 95	Projectial (*802.)	750 800 850	95 60 40	110 80 60	125 100 90	30 50 80	50 75 105	65 80 135	888
l	Çable & Wise (*327)	280 300 330	55 39 18	68 55 35	78 65 52	10 20	13 18 28	20 28 37	(*224) RTZ	200 220 240 300	35 22 13	22 23	40 29	17 30	14 23 35	17 27 38	8
l	Coss. Geld (*940)	900 950 1900	105 75 50	140 115 90	180 155 130	50 80 110	115 150 180	150 185 225	(*335) Vani Reefs	330 340	50 28	85 65 63	80 65	30 50	35 50 70	53 65 85	8888
l	Courtastis (*347)	300 330 360	55 30 15	70 51 35	80 62 48	11 28	13 26 42	23 37 55	(*\$114)	126	13,	25 20 16	33 28 -	16 23 30	20 28 37	<u>35</u>	888
Į	Com. Unique	280	82	85	95	2	8	13	Option		Dec.	Mar.	.bn.	Dec_	Mar.	Jest.	č
١	(*357)	300 330 360	40 20	70 50 33	89 47	10 22	13 22 37	18 30 45	Anstrad (*133)	100 110 120	12 2 11 ₂	24 17 12	30 24 20	1 1 8	11 16	11 14 20	00000000000
١	British Gas (*126)	120 130 135	12 6 4	17 20	16	4 9 13	14	끏	Bardays (*435)	420 460 500	17 2 1	55 25	67 50 32	27 67	27 47 75	37 57 85	0000
١	(*162)	140 165 180	114	33 19 11	25 17	3 8 22	13 26	10 17 30	(*464)	420 460 500	45. 5	70 43 27	#25	2 38	15 30 55	22 67	E
I	G.K.N. (*278.)	240 260 280	43 29 18	51 39 30	56 47 38	17	20 29	16 24 33	Seets (*235)	200 220 240	36 16 11 ₂	48 35 22	S2 49 50	1 8	12 23	13 20 30	
l	Grand Met. (*412.)	360 390 420	60 37 20	70 50 35	82 65 50	13 25	15 25 40 65	20 25 45	Blue Circle	240 260 280	33	45 25 25	52 52 30	11 ¹ 2	15 25	18 30 37	B C
l	(*1078)	1050 1100	67 42	105	142 120	37 65	90 120 20	110 135 28	(*329)	35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 3	39 1 1	50 52	58 43	25 22	13 28	29	Oi
١	(*283)	260 280 300 330	35 22 12 4	48 37 27 18	58 45 40 25	16 30 52	3248	37 47 45	fibus; (*199) Glass	180 200 220 1000	22	35 22 15	45 23 23	11 ₂ 22	7 17 30	13 22 35	O
l	Land Securities (*464)	420 440 500	52 35 18	72 50 32	84 47	년 5	20 34 57	27 45 72	(=976)	1050 1100 1150	1	77 63 43	110 90 70	25 80 130 180	120 155 195	120 140 170 200	
	Maris & Speecer (*182)	160 180 200	28 12 5	36 22 15	40 28 20	22 22	18 26	11 22 30	(*131)	120 130 140	12 2 1 ₂	19 12 8	24 17 14	10 1,5	8 12 17	11/2	E
l	Britoil (*401.)	330 360 390	85 58 37	95 65 53	105 87 70	5 11 22	17 25 37	23 35 45	(*231.)	200 220 236	15	郑 -	1.81	128	12 20 -	16 26	_
	Rolls-Royce (*11/6*)	100 110 120	18 12 7	24 18 12	28 22 18	3 8 21	12	13 17 21	Midland Ek (*967)	330 360 390	38 8 2	57 40 25	67 50 35	1 2 27	1580	73 37 55	_
l	(222)	200 220 240	28 15 6	38 27 18	などは	5 24 35	19 31 80	37 95	Sears (*128)	120 130 140	8 1 1 ₂	20 13 10	26 20 15	31 ₂ 13	7 13 18	128	
l	Shell Trass. (*985.)	950 1000 1050	75 40 27	1 80 22	105 67	55 98	105 145	120 150	(*159.)	140 153 160	207 -	30 15	36 24	- - -	7	9 - 22	
	Storelouse (*265)	240 260	50 35 20	55 C 28	60 46 37	11 18	17 25	20 27	Trustleuse Forte (*215)	180 200 220	死 18 1	45 32 28	50 38 28	1 1 20	9 17 27	n n	
	Training House	280 300 330	38 25 12	50 37 24	60 47 34	14 37	17 27 42	22 34 52	(*527)	500 550 600	27 2 1 ₂	63 32 16	90 60 30	27 75	32 58 93	43 67 100	_ F
	#2.T (*106*)	953	115	15 8	851	3 8 17	12 19	15 22	(*500)	420 460 500	85 45 8	100 70 47	110 85 65	1 ₂ 1 5	11 22 40	20 35 62	-
	Washrarth (*249)	240 240 280	25 15 9	40 30 20	45 35 30	15 30 40	25 40 50	35 45 55	Welcome (*380)	330 340 390	23	75 97 45	90 73 57	2 2 10	17 25 43	25 37 52	_
ĺ									Option		Feb.	May	Abg.	Feb.	May	Asp	1
ı									Com. 92% 2005	98 100	-	-					
I	Option		Feb.	May	Aug.	Feb.	May	Asp.	(°#98')	100		-	30 24	-	- 1	349	
	Brit Aero (*335)	308 330 360	53 55 28	8 V 30	66 X -	13 12 12 12 12 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	28 N	33 48	Tr. 114% 1991 (*106.)	104 106 108	21g	-	-	1/4 2/2	Ξ	=	R
	844 (*99)	80 90 100	21 14 10	26 19 14	30 25 15	3 6 12	7 10 16	12 15 22	Tr. 12% 1995 (*110-)	112	<u>-</u>	2) 1/2	2à 15	-	2 <u>b</u>	35 ₈	
	BAT ints (*434-)	390 420 460	60 38 22	70 53 37	80 65 47	9 20 38	20 33 55	28.2	Tr. 114% 09/07 (*115.)	114 116 118	14	34 14	=	24 33 44	13: 43: 34	=	-
ŀ	Brit. Telecom (=21.4.)	200 220	20	26 15	30 22	7	11	18	Option	Dec.	Jan. 1	eb. M	er. De	معد ا ۵	Feb.	,	

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS 3360 790 4,5000 7,500 4,5000 1,6000 1,6000 1,6000 1,6000 1,0000 1 RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY







NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES 196 196 626 303 12 241 578 229 9 52 141 D .18 **可以是自己的证明的,一种是一种的证明的证明,不是一种的证明的,是一种的证明,是一种的证明的,是一种的证明的,是一种的证明的,是一种的证明的,是一种的证明的,是一种的证明的,是一种的证明的,是一种的证明,是一种的证明的,是一种的证明的,是一种的证明的,是一种的证明的,是一种的证明的,** 1114 478 29 27 19 214 61 PHE STATES OF ST 721 478 29 27 20 213 61 NispSi2-156 18. 127 12 12 NichAple 15 252 141 NichAple 15 257 2707 211 NichAple 15 257 257 NichAple 15 257 257 NichAple 15 257 257 NichAple 15 257 257 NichAple 15 257 NichAple 15 257 257 NichAple 15 NichAple 11.5 13.11 15.2 15.14 5.6 16.15 25.15 15.1 Fig.C n .04 .3 7
FACC 7 7
FACC 1 7
FACC

Financial Times Thursday December 17 1987 ### William | ## | Salt | Minriss Manacre Maxior McCaw Maxior McCaw 1 Medialist 50 Mercell 50 Mercell 10 Mercell 1 17 - 10 27 - 1 Growms Growns Growns Growns Grant Gaznit 25 Gaznit 25 HB0 28 Hadson HarriOli.05e Hanalis Harrion Harri Anlogic Anchisv Anchisv Anchisv Anchisv Anchisv Andrew Anchise Andrew Andrew Andrew Andrew Anchise Appletis Appletis Appletis Appletis Appletis Appletis Appletis Angletis Belling Angletis Belling Bell Coopyrise 3.0 Copyrise Corests 1.50 Control Corests ,让我有自然的情况的对象,就有我们的是我们可以有好的。我们是我们的,我们是我们的我们的一个一个,我们们也会是一个人,我们们是有我的人的,我们也是我们的,我们也是 一个,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们是我们的,我们就是我们的我们的,我们们也是我们的,我们们是有我的人,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们 25 (53) 1 9 958 227 112 1510 2507 765 12 629 1 251888 1 43 1777-1 +++++ BallSty BarlSty BarlSt 1945 - 1955 - 19 11 100 21 4 15 15 25 4

Have your F.T. hand delivered

. . at no extra charge, if you work in the business centre of

ATHENS

Athens (01) 7237167 And ask Bill Vogiatzis for details, or call
Hellenic Distribution Agency Ø (01) 9919328

FINANCIAL TIMES

Europe's Business Newspaper

Dow climbs as stocks rally in late trading

Wall Street

ANOTHER PLUNGE in crude oil prices provided a boost to an bonds. The Treasury has already equity market which looked as if reached its present long bond it was flagging after its gain of issue limit and the hint that any more than 170 points in the last further issuance may be delayed week and a half, writes Janet

Tuesday's closing levels for most cantly stronger than most fore-of the session but then bounced casters had looked for but there of the session but then bounced

shares had changed hands.

Price gains in both bond and equity markets have been fuelled this week by falling oil prices. this week by falling oil prices.

This week's stocks raily floundered yesterday morning when crude oil prices edged their lows but started racing again as some major US oil companies announced cuts in their posted

The market was not concerned about the Fed's announcement it was executing overnight was executing overnight worth \$3.5bn and the second largest order ever received by the company.

Heavy industrial stocks held were trading at 6 per cent, very announced cuts in their posted when Fed Funds were trading at 6 per cent, very announced cuts in their posted to the fed's announcement it more engines, a total order worth \$3.5bn and the second largest order ever received by the company.

Heavy industrial stocks held were trading at 6 per cent, very announced cuts in their posted to the fed's announcement it more engines, a total order worth \$3.5bn and the second largest order ever received by the company.

prices.
Yesterday afternoon, crude oil futures dipped sharply, taking crude for January delivery below

\$16 per barrel to \$15.86, down 77 cents from Tuesday's close.

The rally in bond prices also appeared to have run out of The rally in bond prices also appeared to have run out of steam yesterday morning and the Treasury's benchmark 8.875

The rally in bond prices also gained \$1½ to \$57%.

Among retailers, Sears, Roested with a slight gain in mixed trading as appeared to have run out of steam yesterday morning and buck gained \$% to \$34%, Dayton led the market higher against the Treasury's benchmark 8.875

Hudson was up \$1% at \$29% and losses in energy issues. per cent 30 year issue had fallen 4 point by midsession. However, the bond market started rallying as soon as oil prices dropped again and the long bond closed point higher at 9.12 per cent.

Traders said the market was ate with Union Pacific, the rail-also helped in afternoon business road holding company, about a most actives, rising C\$% to C\$8.

by talk that House representa-tives had offered to abandon a provision to give the Treasury unlimited authority to issue long issue limit and the hint that any

The 7.5 per cent jump in US Bush in New York.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average had hovered around reported yesterday was significantly stronger than most forestrongly in late afternoon business to close at 1974.47, a gain of 32.99 points in the day. After a relatively thin morning session, volume picked up and, by the end of business, more than 190m shares had changed hands.

helped the 30-year bond.

recent weeks.

On the stock market, blue chips ended substantially higher. IBM added \$2% to \$118%, Eastman Kodak was \$1% higher at \$50% and Hewlett-Packard TORONTO STOCKS closed with

Wal-Mart Stores ended \$% to

Small-lot selling sends

at \$28 per share in cash. USPCI had rejected a tender offer from Union at \$25 per share. Union jumped \$3% to \$54%.
Applied Biosystems, the manufacturer of biochemicals and

research instruments, jumped \$3 to \$22% after its president said second quarter revenue could be up more than 50 per cent compared with a year ago and similar growth in the third quarter.

Texaco gained \$\%\$ to \$35\%\$ and \$26 higher at 441.35. intensive negotiations continued to find a settlement of the long-running legal dispute between the two companies.

mits, a signal of future construc-tion activity. The overall level of permits last month was the low-est since January, 1983.

The market was not concerned

The was used to supply 16 747s to Air

France with an option on 12

Canada

The composite index, which had dropped about nine points in USPCI, the hazardous waste disposal company, put on \$1% to \$27%. The company said yesterday it was continuing to negotiate with Union Pacific, the railroad holding company about a short as a series of the points in earlier trading, gained 1.30 to 3145.80 as falls led advances by 463 to 409 on turnover of 29.5m shares.

Royex Gold topped the list of road holding company about a series of the property of the list of the property of the prop

Further gains chalked up in thin turnover

London

Europe continued into a second day yesterday as the dollar held steady and Wall Street's modest further advance on Tuesday provided encouragement. Trading volumes remained weak, how-

FRANKFURT pushed ahead as the dollar edged further up from its lows early in the week against the D-Mark. Most of the buying was attributed to individ-uals and professionals in a quiet

The Commerzbank index showed a 28.9 rise to 1,356.7, In the insurance sector, Allianz

lost DM7 to DM1,205 in profit-taking following its gains this week. Buying interest switched to Aachener and Muenchener which climbed DM30 to DM635. Cars powered ahead, with BMW up a healthy DM20.50 at DM476.50 for a two-day gain of DM42.50, or almost 10 per cent. Daimler rolled forward DM16.50 to DM628.50 and VW added

OM10.20 to DM237.

Porsche was DM10 ahead at DM443. The company announced that Mr Peter Schutz, chief executive, would step down prema-

for crude oil prices and an indecisive opening in New York, London equities man-aged a seventh rise in eight from news of a net repay-ment of \$1.55bn on public sector borrowing for sessions. The FT-SE 100 November. while Commerzbank put on DM6.50 to DM231 and Dresdner

was up DM5 at DM239.50. Thyssen's share price eased DM1 to DM108.50 after Thyssen Stahl reported heavy losses for the year to September. Metal processor Metallgesellschaft shed DM4 to DM254. Engineer MAN,

OVERCOMING a dull start

on worries over the outlook

which said it expected good results for the year, moved DM6.50 higher to DM135.50.

Bond prices held firm through a thin session and the Bundesbank sold DM154.6m worth of the prices of paper after selling DM63.6m on

Tuesday.

PARIS took encouragement from better trade figures for November, and prices and volume both picked up. The CAC General index ended 5 points higher at 287.8. Electronics issues managed

The construction sector was helped by the Bank of France's injection of liquidity into the money market. Bouygues put on FF127 to FF1955 while Lafarge-Coppee was up FF157 at

EVENTOPE

index ended the day 19.8

The market took heart

stronger at 1.689.8.

In foods, BSN gained FFr25 to FFr4.335. After the bourse closed, the group said it expected substantially higher profits than earlier forecast for 1987.

Trading in the shares of Mar-tell was suspended at FF12,390. It emerged later that Seagram, the Canadian drinks group, was acquiring control of the cognac Tyre group Michelin, which is forming a joint venture in Thailand to make radial tyres, rose

FF19.80 to FFr196.80. AMSTERDAM moved higher but ended off the session's highs turely at the end of the year.

Deutsche Bank led the sector
with a DM11 advance to DM417,

FFr765 and CGE up FFr9 at firm start. The trend was also

retreat towards the close.

resching 66.7.
Internationals were mixed to higher, with only Philips and Royal Dutch easier, the former off 60 cents at F1 29 and the latter down F1 1.40 at F1 192.30.
Internationals were mixed to A few utilities with Intercom up BFr110 at With Intercom up BFr110 at BFr3,410, but others were lower, such as Electrafina, off BFr150 latter down F1 1.40 at F1 192.30.

In the provided High and A few utilities provided with Intercom up BFr110 at With Intercom up BFr130 at With Intercom up BFr110 at With Intercom up BFr130 at With Intercom up BFr130 at With Intercom up BFr130 at BFr3,410, but others were lower, such as Electrafina, off BFr150 at BFr130 at BFr Publisher Essevier remained in demand, with particular interest from the UK. It closed up F1 1.50

BF78,110.

BF78,110.

BF78,110.

MILAN saw small gains in MILAN saw small gains in the UK.

Trading in shipping and transport group Nedlloyd remained suspended pending today's comny announcement

ZURICH was lifted to a slightly higher close thanks to the firmer tone in New York and West Germany, the steadier dollar and end-of-year position adjustments. The Credit Suisse index added 5.1 to 418.5.

index added 5.1 to 418.5.
Insurers came best out of the day, with Swiss Re up SFr150 at SFr12,450 and Winterthur SFr125 higher at SFr4,900. Baloise, which said it expected good 1987 figures despite the dollar's weakness, added SFr50 to SFr1.600.

Volume fell 31 per cent to SFr44.08bn in November from October in the wake of the global crash, according to cantonal sta-tistics published yesterday: RRUSSELS finished mixed to

affected by the dollar's mild lower as uncertainty persisted over the formation of a new govretreat towards the close.
The CBS Tendency index finished 1.3 ahead at 66.4 after from position-squaring on the ished day of the fortnightly tradernment. Some activity arose

i-spection

क्षा ब्रह्मा वोद्धे

के aid rejec

≥ lezders e

gangs embit

वेत deal snu!

745-2 ermole: Idi

Aming rad

moderate trading on the first day of the January trading cycle amid expectations of an imminent buying surge by domestic mutual funds. Flat added £110 to £8,500 and Generali £1,150 to

L88,150.

MADRID rose in quiet trading, with the general index up 7 at 219.48. Constructions and engineering stocks made the largest gains, but most sectors moved ahead. Telefonica was up 3 percentage points at 157.75 per cent of nominal market value.

STOCKHOLM ended margin-T.88.150. STOCKHOLM ended margin-

ally higher, with interest focus-ing on forestry and banking stocks in thin volume Foreign sales of Swedish shares outstripped purchases by SKr982m in November. Electrolux was the most heavily sold followed by Saab-Scania and

Karen Fossli catalogues the pessimism enveloping Norway's share market

Oslo sinks grimly from its Klondike days AFTER a hectic summer on the Oslo bourse when record highs were set and broken daily, the market finds itself soberly trying to pick up the pieces after Black October. There are few signs that it will be an easy task. AFTER a hectic summer on the Spokesman. "Our market has remained very nervous and even if there is some recovery in other markets we are faced with such domestic economic problems that we don't feel the positive effects, however slight, of other markets." AFTER a hectic summer on the Spokesman. "Our market has remained very nervous and even if there is some recovery in other warkets we gian shares since the wegian investors have sold only about 5 per cent of their portfolio during that period. Mr Gladhaug says some domestic investors had, however, "over-invested" before the shake-out and, squeezed by Nortical to the state of the shake-out and, squeezed by Nortical to the spokesman. "Our market has wegian shares since the wegian shares

weak foreign markets, fragile oil prices, domestic economic problems and climbing interest rates. Oslo's all-share index began 1987 at 281 and by September had peaked at 442. On October 19, when world markets dived, Oslo plunged 32.75 points to 393, falling a further 76 the next day. Yesterday the index drifted 2.58 lower to close at 241.72 as fears spread that the price for Norway's oil will fall further from what is already a ninefrom what is already a nine-month low. The depressant of a falling oil price, though, is merely a prelude to what most analysts predict will prove a long season of gloom in Oslo.

"For the Norwegian market, the situation depends on what's happening on Wall Street, in Tokyo and in London," says Mr

of other markets.

Moreover, from January I, a 1
per cent turnover tax will be in
place in Oslo - 0.5 per cent for
the seller and 0.5 per cent for the
buyer - which will do little to
stimulate the alling stockmarket.
The Government's timing in
implementing the tax has been
criticised, but it has adamantly
opposed calls for the levy to be
lifted.

Some analysts also feel the level of capital gains tax is inhibitingly high. Today these taxes are at about 40 per cent, having risen from 30 per cent two years

Whatever the causes, though Oslo has been heavily sold and, according to Mr Ole Gladhaug of Christiania Bank, foreign investors have been the most aggress-sive sellers since the crash. By his calculations, foreign inves-

rates (the six-month money market rate is about 16.45 per cent and the one-month rate about 15.05 per cent) a number have had problems in sustaining payments on debt. The sale of securities by such companies has helped depress the market.

Christiania Bank does not see the market recesting the high

the market repeating the high turnover of this summer. Mr Gladhaug however does not dis-count the potential for some recovery. He says this hinges on oil prices remaining at about \$17 per barrel and interest rates coming down.

To compound the list of woes, many analysts complain that the Carl Kierulf brokerage sees noth-market has lost confidence in ing but gloom and doom ahead, Norway's minority Labour Gov-though he says his firm has been

Oil Price North Sea Brent Bland Crude S per barrel

ernment, headed by Mrs Gro Harlem Brundtland. They say in particular that the Government has reneged on a promise to cut interest rates by the end of 1987. Mr Morten Gottschalk of the

spared the worst. We aren't very confident, but at least we don't have the problems posed by clients who cannot pay. Within the next 12 months you're going to see a lot of Nor-wegian brokerage firms going under because of clients who

can't pay."
With the market so weak, many large Norwegian compa-nies have had to abandon shareissues. The list of casualties includes a planned and now postponed NKr3.5bn issue from Norsk Hydro, a NKr350m issue from Storebrand insurance and a NKr500m issue by DNL, the Norwegian share of SAS Airlines. Orkia Borregard also dropped its NKr500m share issue.

The latest shadow to emerge over the Norwegian market is that of a potential devaluation of the krona. The Ministry of tion is imminent.

Through the clouds, however, some investors have found solace. The Norwegian Klondike is over. (says with a wry laugh. I'l ust glad I got out in time.

Nikkei marginally lower

Tokyo

TOKYO's market again lacked vigour yesterday and share prices closed lower for the fourth consecutive trading day, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The Nikkei average dipped 27.31 from Tuesday to 22,819.42. Volume totalled 685m shares compared with 512m the previous day. Falls outnumbered rises by 450 and 120 mich 171 insees by 453 to 412, with 171 issues

After a firm start, small-lot selling increased gradually and the pattern seen throughout the

In lacklustre trading, investors hunted small- and medium-capital issues, priced between Y500 and less than Y1,000, to earn short-term capital gains.

Small- and medium-sized con-

struction issues came into the spotlight. Tokyu Construction, with 24.17m shares changing hands, closed Y35 higher at Y925 after rising to Y950. Sumitomo Construction gained Y16 to Y685 and JDC Y11 to

Y770. The popularity of these issues reflected investor expectations that government measures to boost domestic demand would help improve their earnings posi-

on the Osaka Securities Exchange (OSE), late profit-taking pressure drove stock prices 1955, Chugoku Kogyo Y12 to Y642, Chugoku Kogyo Y110 to Y1,280 and Yokogawa Electric Y60 to Y1,380.

Nisshin Steel topics Machineries fared well against the backdrop of rising private capital spending, Nachi-Fujiko-shi added Y20 to Y568, Shimadzu

Y60 to Y1,380.

Nisshin Steel topped the active list with 61.49m shares traded, surging Y38 to Y637 on the pros-pect that the steelmaker would report better business results for the current year ending in March

issue with 54.50m shares ended Y26 higher at Y661.

However, leading shares were still out of favour. Nippon Steel lost Y4 to Y404, although it saw 17.88m shares change hands. Mitsubishi Heavy Industries and Kawasaki Steel finished Y2 and Y3 lower at Y589 and Y342, respectively.

High-technology stocks were dull, with Hitachi shedding Y20 to Y1,160, Matsushita Electric Industrial Y10 to Y2,050 and NEC Y10 to Y1,890.

Japan Air Lines ended at previous day, while NTT came under small-lot selling pressure, losing Y40,000 to Y2.28m.

Bond prices rallied, bolstered by lower crude oil prices in New York and a drop on the yield on the long-term US Treasury bond. Another encouraging factor

was the Bank of Japan's pur-chase of three issues of chase of three issues of long-term government bonds, including the 5.1 per cent bond maturing in June 1996. In interdealer trading, the yield on the benchmark 5.0 per cent government bond, falling due in December 1997, opened at 4.780 per cent per cent.

The yield then fell steeply to 4.700 per cent and later fetched 4.710 per cent.

The 250-issue OSE stock average closed 25.33 points lower at 23,225.31 on an estimated volume of 103m shares, an increase of 19m shares from the previous

erort better business results for Torishima Pump Manufacturing dropped Y140 to Y1,270, while Sekaicho Rubber leapt Y180 to Y1,420 on the strength of Industries was the second busiest a pick up in business

WIDES AREAD selling of golds in the wake of a sharply lower bul-lion price spread weakness throughout the Sydney market. The All Ordinaries index ended 6.0 off at 1,242.7.

Gold Mines of Kalgoorlie, though, held at A\$5.10 despite news of a 2-for-1 rights issue. Poseidon was also steady at North Broken Hill was 5 cents off at A\$2.80 while its takeover

target Peko Wallsend made up 30

Hong Kong

SUSTAINED buying, notably from overseas, sustained the rising streak in Hong Kong, with property and utility shares showing strongly. The Hang Seng index rose steadily to close 65.09 up at 2.145.71.

Continued rumours of Chinese Interest in China Light swelled the stock by 80 cents to HK\$16.10, with Hong Kong Tele-phone up 30 cents to HK\$11.60 and Hongkong Electric up 10 cents at HK\$7.15 in utilities.

Sun Kung Kai shone among properties with a 35 cent gain to HK\$8.30. In banks, Bank of East Asia added 70 cents to HK\$17

Singapore

BARGAIN-HUNTING again led Singapore share prices modestly higher in quiet trade. The Straits

to 763.26.

Haw Par was busiest in trade of 1.8m shares, adding 9 cents to \$\$2.20. Singapore Airlines performed impressively with a 20 cent rise to \$\$8.70, while Singapore Press added 15 cents to be cents.

Swiss pass bill on insider trade

A SWISS Government bill to ban insider trading was given final approval by the lower house of the country's parliament, bringing Switzerland largely in line with the US and other European countries. Reuter reports from

The law will make it a punishable offence to trade quoted stocks on the basis of privileged information relating to "impending issues of stocks, merge other events of comparable

importance."
The law, which is likely t take effect in 1988, should remove a source of tension with

The Government announced is 1980 its intention to insider dealing. The bill was caught in a last minute argument between the two house over the definition of insider

The lower house, backed by Ms Elisabeth Kopp, the Justice Min-ister, had wanted the law to state explicitly that it also applied to information relating to any change in a con business, a move blocked ss, a move blocked by the

upper house.

The minister said yesterday, however, she was satisfied that the courts would take a wide enough interpretation of the law to cover almost all cases.

"All airlines say goodbye at the end of a flight."

"Then KLM ground staff say hello."

KLM serves 132 destinations world-wide. And at every single one you will find KLM's own ground staff. To offer help and assistance. And a friendly smile.

Even in those places you least expect it. The Reliable Airline KL

FT – ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS		WEDNES	DAY DECEME	ER 16 1987		TUESD	AY DECEMBE	R 15 1987	BOLLAR INDEX			
Figures in parentheses	บร	Day's	Pound	Local	Gross	บร	Pound	Local			Year	
Show number of stocks	Dollar	Change	Sterling	Currency	Div.	Dollar	Sterling	Currency	1987	1987	_ ago _	
Per grouping	Index	%	index	Index	Yield	Index	Index	ledex	High	L,ow_	(approx)	
Australia (88)	96.23	+0.1	77.88	89.67	4.60	96.12	77.83	89.53	180.81	85.36	99.61	
Austria (16),	95.93	+1.2	77.63	81.41	2.58	94.83	76.78	80.37	102.87	85.53	94.07	
Belgium (48)	96.54	404	78.13	81.54	5.80	95.95	77.69	81.16	134.89	94.63	95.86	
Canada (127)	108.87	-07	88.10	103.15	3.02	108.99	88.25	103.15	141.78	98.15	99.35	
Denmark (38)	113.95	-0.2	92.22	97.45	3.04	114.21	92.48	97.59	124.83	98.18	95.95	
France (121)	86.31	[+2.0	69.85	74.84	3.55	84.61	68.51	73.36	121.82	77.39	100.63	
West Germany (93)	77.85	+2.1	63.00	65.99	2.88	76.26	61.75	64.66	104.93	68.91	95.92	
Hong Kong (46)	82.84	+2.9	67.04	82.65	5.99	80.51	65.19	80.16	158.68	73,92	93.57	
Ireland (14)	102.59	+2.5	83.02	88.57	5.11	100.04	81.00	86.37	160.22	93.50	96.04	
Italy (94)	77.83	+1.9	62.98	69.63	2.74	76.40	61.86	68.59	11211	72.04	92.82	
Japan (457)	143.77	-0.3	116.35	115.69	0.60	144.19	116.75	116.26	161.28	100.00	97.19	
Majaria (26)		+23	83.95	99.38	3.63	101.45	82.14	97.05	193.64	93.76	98.71	
Malaysia (36)	107.97	-115	87.37	269.74	1.14	121.95	98.74	296.67	422.59	99.72	98.16	
Netherland (37)	96.16	+0.4	77.82	80.58	5.59	95.76	77.53	80.20	131.41	87.70	96.77	
	75.04	-12	60.73	61.75	5.46	75.97	61.52	62.48	138.99	75.04	97.29	
New Zealand (20)		-26	77.93	83.36	3.28	98.87	80.06	85.45	185.01	95.51	99.22	
Norway (24)	89.50	+1.9	72.43	82.43	2.93	87.80	71.09	81.02	174.28	81.21	100.06	
Singapore (26)		-0.8	112 49	92.79	4.66	140.06		92.79	198.09	100.00	103.93	
South Africa (61)	139.00						113.41			100.00	95.20	
Spain (43)	125.81	+25	101.81	105.41	3.93	122.69	99.34	102.56	168.81			
Sweden (34)	45.00	+0.4	76.88	83.43	2.74	94.60	76.60	83.08	136.64	88.50	96.67	
Switzerland (53)	80.58	+1.2	65.21	66.37	2.50	79.62	64.47	65.55	111.11	73.65	94.20	
United Kingdom (332)	126.71	+1.2	102.54	102.54	4.53	125.24	103.41	101.41	162.87	99.65	94.65	
USA (582)	100.80	+21	81.58	100.80	3.65	98.71	79.93	98.71	137.42	91.21	102.64	
Europe (947)	101.50	+1.4	82.14	84.65	3.98	100.09	81.04	83.51	130.02	92.25	95.51	
Pacific Basin (673)	139.61	-0.2	112.98	113.43	0.81	139.92	113.30	113.89	158.77	100,00	97.20	
Pacific Dasia (0/2/	124.40	+0.3	100.67	102.94	1.85	124.02	300.42	101.76	143.65	100.00	96.53	
Euro - Pacific (1620)	101.23	+2.0	81.92	100.95	3.62	99,25	80.37	98.98	137.55	91.68	102.47	
North America (709)	85.86	+1.6	59.49	73.43	3.48	84.49	68.41	72.28	111.97	78.89	96.05	
Europe Ex. UK (615)		+1.1	72.21	84.13	5.00	88.29	71.49	83.18	164.03	82.92	97.30	
Pacific Ex. Japan (216)	89.22	+0.3	100.36	102.02	1.92	123.67	100.14	101.86	143.38	100.00	96.70	
World Ex, US (1822)	124.01		92.16	10L55	2.28	112.92	91.43	100.76	138.82	100.00	99.44	
World Ex. UK (2072)	113.89	+0.9		101.65	2.49	113.83	92.17	100.83	139.47	100.00	98.98	
World Ex. So. Al. (2343)	114.86	+0.9	92.95		3.80		80.60	92.98	134.22	92.98	99.89	
World Ex. Japan (1947)	101.25	+1.7	81.94	94.58	2.00	99.54	50.00	72.70				
The 1950-14 (aday /2404)	115.02	+0.9	93.08	101.62	2.51	114.00	92.31	100.80	139.73	100,00	99.01	

The World Index (2404) ... Baye values. Dec 31, 1986 = 100